TOXICOLOGICAL PROFILE FOR HYDRAULIC FLUIDS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Public Health Service
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

September 1997

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS ii

DISCLAIMER

The use of company or product name(s) is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS iii

UPDATE STATEMENT

A draft toxicological profile for hydraulic fluids was released in June 1994. This edition supersedes any previously released draft or final profile.

Toxicological profiles are revised and republished as necessary, but no less than once every three years. For information regarding the update status of previously released profiles, contact ATSDR at:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Division of Toxicology/Toxicology Information Branch 1600 Clifton Road NE, E-29 Atlanta, Georgia 30333

| | | · | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

FOREWORD

This toxicological profile is prepared in accordance with guidelines* developed by the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The original guidelines were published in the *Federal Register* on April 17, 1987. Each profile will be revised and republished as necessary.

The ATSDR toxicological profile succinctly characterizes the toxicologic and adverse health effects information for the hazardous substance described therein. Each peer-reviewed profile identifies and reviews the key literature that describes a hazardous substance's toxicologic properties. Other pertinent literature is also presented, but is described in less detail than the key studies. The profile is not intended to be an exhaustive document; however, more comprehensive sources of specialty information are referenced.

The focus of the profiles is on health and toxicologic information; therefore, each toxicological profile begins with a public health statement that describes, in nontechnical language, a substance's relevant toxicological properties. Following the public health statement is information concerning levels of significant human exposure and, where known, significant health effects. The adequacy of information to determine a substance's health effects is described in a health effects summary. Data needs that are of significance to protection of public health are identified by ATSDR and EPA.

Each profile includes the following:

- (A) The examination, summary, and interpretation of available toxicologic information and epidemiologic evaluations on a hazardous substance to ascertain the levels of significant human exposure for the substance and the associated acute, subacute, and chronic health effects;
- (B) A determination of whether adequate information on the health effects of each substance is available or in the process of development to determine levels of exposure that present a significant risk to human health of acute, subacute, and chronic health effects; and
- (C) Where appropriate, identification of toxicologic testing needed to identify the types or levels of exposure that may present significant risk of adverse health effects in humans.

The principal audiences for the toxicological profiles are health professionals at the Federal, State, and local levels; interested private sector organizations and groups; and members of the public.

This profile reflects ATSDR's assessment of all relevant toxicologic testing and information that has been peer-reviewed. Staff of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and other Federal scientists have also reviewed the profile. In addition, this profile has been peer-reviewed by a nongovernmental panel and was made available for public review. Final responsibility for the contents and views expressed in this toxicological profile resides with ATSDR.

David Satcher, M.D., Ph.D.

Administrator

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

*Legislative Background

The toxicological profiles are developed in response to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 (Public Law 99-499) which amended the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA or Superfund). Section 211 of SARA also amended Title 10 of the U. S. Code, creating the Defense Environmental Restoration Program. Section 2704(a) of Title 10 of the U. S. Code directs the Secretary of Defense to notify the Secretary of Health and Human Services of not less than 25 of the most commonly found unregulated hazardous substances at defense facilities. Section 2704(b) of Title 10 of the U. S. Code directs the Administrator of the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) to prepare a toxicological profile for each substance on the list provided by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (b).

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS vii

CONTRIBUTORS

CHEMICAL MANAGER(S)/AUTHORS(S):

M. Olivia Harris, M.A. ATSDR, Division of Toxicology, Atlanta, GA

Peter McClure, Ph.D.; Lisa Ingerman, Ph.D. Syracuse Research Corporation, Syracuse, NY

Robert L. Chessin, M.S.P.H. Research Triangle Institute, Research Triangle Park, NC

James J. Corcoran, Ph.D. Research Triangle Institute, Research Triangle Park, NC

THE PROFILE HAS UNDERGONE THE FOLLOWING ATSDR INTERNAL REVIEWS:

- 1. Green Border Review. Green Border review assures consistency with ATSDR policy.
- 2 . Health Effects Review. The Health Effects Review Committee examines the health effects chapter of each profile for consistency and accuracy in interpreting health effects and classifying end points.
- 3 . Minimal Risk Level Review. The Minimal Risk Level Workgroup considers issues relevant to substance-specific minimal risk levels (MRLs), reviews the health effects database of each profile, and makes recommendations for derivation of MRLs.
- 4 . Data Needs Review. The Research Implementation Branch reviews data needs sections to assure consistency across profiles and adherence to instructions in the Guidance.

| | | · | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS ix

PEER REVIEW

A peer review panel was assembled for hydraulic fluids. The panel consisted of the following members:

- 1. Dr. C. Carson Conaway, Research Scientist, Mahopac, NY;
- 2. Dr. Arthur Gregory, Private Consultant, Techto Enterprises, Sterling, VA;
- 3. Dr. James Hughes, Private Consultant, Piedmont, CA;
- 4. Dr. Harlee Strauss, Private Consultant, H. Strauss Associates, Inc., Boston, MA;
- 5. Mr. Edmond Kinkead, Research Scientist, Dayton, OH; and
- 6. Dr. Charles Ward, Private Consultant, Pittsburgh, PA.

These experts collectively have knowledge of hydraulic fluids's physical and chemical properties, toxicokinetics, key health end points, mechanisms of action, human and animal exposure, and quantification of risk to humans. All reviewers were selected in conformity with the conditions for peer review specified in Section 104(1)(13) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, as amended.

Scientists from the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) have reviewed the peer reviewers' comments and determined which comments will be included in the profile. A listing of the peer reviewers' comments not incorporated in the profile, with a brief explanation of the rationale for their exclusion, exists as part of the administrative record for this compound. A list of databases reviewed and a list of unpublished documents cited are also included in the administrative record.

The citation of the peer review panel should not be understood to imply its approval of the profile's final content. The responsibility for the content of this profile lies with the ATSDR.

| | | · | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

CONTENTS

хi

| FC |)REW | ORD | | • | V |
|----|--------|---------|-----------|---|------|
| C | ONTRI | BUTOR | .s | | vii |
| ΡF | EER RI | EVIEW . | | | ix |
| LI | ST OF | FIGURI | ES | | xv |
| LI | ST OF | TABLE | S | | xvii |
| 1 | DUDI | IC HEA | TTILOTA | TEMENT | 1 |
| 1. | 1.1 | | | DRAULIC FLUIDS? | |
| | 1.1 | | | S TO HYDRAULIC FLUIDS WHEN THEY ENTER THE | 1 |
| | | | | ? | 2 |
| | 1.3 | | | E EXPOSED TO HYDRAULIC FLUIDS? | |
| | 1.4 | HOW C | CAN HYDI | RAULIC FLUIDS ENTER AND LEAVE MY BODY? | 4 |
| | 1.5 | HOW C | CAN HYDI | RAULIC FLUIDS AFFECT MY HEALTH? | 4 |
| | 1.6 | IS THE | RE A MEI | DICAL TEST TO DETERMINE WHETHER I HAVE BEEN EXPOSED | |
| | | TO HY | DRAULIC | CFLUIDS? | 6 |
| | 1.7 | WHAT | RECOMN | MENDATIONS HAS THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT MADE TO | |
| | | | | AN HEALTH? | |
| | 1.8 | WHER | E CAN I G | ET MORE INFORMATION? | 7 |
| | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | |
| | 2.1 | | | V | |
| | 2.2 | | | HEALTH EFFECTS BY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE | |
| | | 2.2.1 | | n Exposure | |
| | | | 2.2.1.1 | Death | |
| | | | 2.2.1.2 | Systemic Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.1.3 | Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.1.4 | Neurological Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.1.5 | Reproductive Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.1.6 | Developmental Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.1.7 | Genotoxic Effects | 54 |
| | | | 2.2.1.8 | Cancer | |
| | | 2.2.2 | Oral Exp | osure | |
| | | | 2.2.2.1 | Death | 55 |
| | | - | 2.2.2.2 | Systemic Effects | |
| | | | 2.2.2.3 | Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects | 108 |
| | | | 2.2.2.4 | Neurological Effects | 109 |
| | | | 2.2.2.5 | Reproductive Effects | 114 |
| | | | 2.2.2.6 | Developmental Effects | 115 |
| | | | 2.2.2.7 | Genotoxic Effects | 117 |
| | | | 2.2.2.8 | Cancer | 117 |
| | | 2.2.3 | Dermal E | Exposure | 118 |
| | | | 2.2.3.1 | Death | 118 |

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS xii

| | | | 2.2.3.2 | Systemic Effects | | |
|----|------|----------|-------------|--|-----------------|------|
| | | | 2.2.3.3 | Immunological and Lymphoreticular Effects | | 140 |
| | | | 2.2.3.4 | Neurological Effects | | 141 |
| | | | 2.2.3.5 | Reproductive Effects | | 144 |
| | | | 2.2.3.6 | Developmental Effects | | |
| | | | 2.2.3.7 | Genotoxic Effects | | |
| | | | 2.2.3.8 | Cancer | | |
| | 2.2 | TOVIC | | | | |
| | 2.3 | | | S | | |
| | | 2.3.1 | - | n | | |
| | | | 2.3.1.1 | Inhalation Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.1.2 | Oral Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.1.3 | Dermal Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.1.4 | Other Routes of Exposure | | 152 |
| | | 2.3.2 | Distributi | on | | 153 |
| | | | 2.3.2.1 | Inhalation Exposure | | 153 |
| | | | 2.3.2.2 | Oral Exposure | | 154 |
| | | | 2.3.2.3 | Dermal Exposure | | |
| | | 2.3.3 | | :m | | |
| | | 2.3.4 | | on and Excretion | | |
| | | 2.5 | 2.3.4.1 | Inhalation Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.4.2 | Oral Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.4.3 | Dermal Exposure | | |
| | | | 2.3.4.4 | Other Routes of Exposure | | |
| | 2.4 | MECH | | <u>•</u> | | |
| | 2.4 | | | F ACTION | | |
| | 2.5 | | | PUBLIC HEALTH | | |
| | 2.6 | | | F EXPOSURE AND EFFECT | | |
| | | 2.6.1 | | rs Used to Identify or Quantify Exposure to Hydraulic Fluids | | |
| | | 2.6.2 | | rs Used to Characterize Effects Caused by Hydraulic Fluids | | |
| | 2.7 | | | WITH OTHER CHEMICALS | | |
| | 2.8 | | | HAT ARE UNUSUALLY SUSCEPTIBLE | | |
| | 2.9 | METHO | DDS FOR I | REDUCING TOXIC EFFECTS | | 213 |
| | | 2.9.1 | Reducing | Peak Absorption Following Exposure | | 214 |
| | | 2.9.2 | Reducing | Body Burden | | 215 |
| | | 2.9.3 | Interfering | g with the Mechanism of Action for Toxic Effects | | 215 |
| | 2.10 | ADEOU | • | ГНЕ DATABASE | | |
| | | 2.10.1 | | nformation on Health Effects of Hydraulic Fluids | | |
| | | 2.10.2 | | tion of Data Needs | | |
| | | 2.10.3 | | Studies | | |
| | | 2.10.5 | Ongoing (| studies | | 252 |
| 2 | CHE | лгсат а | NID DILVO | ICAL INFORMATION | | 223 |
| ۶. | 3.1 | | | | | |
| | | | | in Dung and in | | |
| | 3.2 | Physical | and Chem | ical Properties | • • • • • • • • | 241 |
| 4 | DDOE | NI IOTIO | AT THEODY | TENDODE LIGE AND DISDOGAL | | 0.65 |
| 4. | | | • | Г/EXPORT, USE, AND DISPOSAL | | |
| | 4.1 | | | | | |
| | 4.2 | | | Γ | | |
| | 4.3 | | | | | |
| | 4.4 | DISPOS | SAL | | | 271 |
| | | | | | | |

HYDRAULIC FLUIDS xiii

| 5 | POTE | NTIAL FOR HUMAN EXPOSURE | 73 |
|----|-----------------|--|------------|
| ٥. | 5.1 | OVERVIEW | |
| | 5.2 | RELEASES TO THE ENVIRONMENT | |
| | J. L | 5.2.1 Air | |
| | | 5.2.2 Water | |
| | | 5.2.3 Soil | |
| | 5.3 | ENVIRONMENTAL FATE | |
| | 5.5 | 5.3.1 Transport and Partitioning | |
| | | 5.3.2 Transformation and Degradation | |
| | | 5.3.2.1 Air | |
| | | 5.3.2.2 Water | |
| | | 5.3.2.3 Sediment and Soil | |
| | 5.4 | LEVELS MONITORED OR ESTIMATED IN THE ENVIRONMENT | |
| | J. T | 5.4.1 Air | |
| | | 5.4.2 Water | |
| | | 5.4.3 Sediment and Soil | |
| | | 5.4.4 Other Environmental Media | |
| | 5.5 | GENERAL POPULATION AND OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE | |
| | 5.6 | POPULATIONS WITH POTENTIALLY HIGH EXPOSURES | - |
| | 5.7 | ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE | |
| | 5.7 | 5.7.1 Identification of Data Needs | |
| | | 5.7.2 Ongoing Studies | |
| | | 5.7.2 Oligonia Studies | ,01 |
| 6 | ANAI | LYTICAL METHODS 3 | เกร |
| ٥. | 6.1 | BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES | |
| | 6.2 | ENVIRONMENTAL SAMPLES | |
| | 6.3 | ADEQUACY OF THE DATABASE | |
| | 0,0 | 6.3.1 Identification of Data Needs | |
| | | 6.3.2 Ongoing Studies | |
| | | | |
| 7. | REGU | JLATIONS AND ADVISORIES | 315 |
| | | | |
| 8. | REFE | RENCES 3 | 317 |
| | | | |
| 9. | GLOS | SSARY 3 | 337 |
| | | | |
| A) | PPEND | DICES | |
| | | | |
| | A. | ATSDR MINIMAL RISK LEVEL | 4-1 |
| | | | |
| | B. | USER'S GUIDE | 3-1 |
| | | | |
| | C. | ACRONYMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND SYMBOLS | C-1 |

| | | 4 | | |
|--|--|---|------|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | . •• | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

LIST OF FIGURES

| 2-I | Levels of Significant Exposure to Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids - Inhalation | . 16 |
|------|---|------|
| 2-2 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids - Inhalation | . 29 |
| 2-3 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids - Inhalation | . 36 |
| 2-4 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids - Oral | . 58 |
| 2-5 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids - Oral | . 84 |
| 2-6 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids - Oral | . 93 |
| 2-7 | Metabolic Pathway for Tri-ortho-Cresyl Phosphate (TOCP) | 159 |
| 2-8 | Existing Information on Health Effects of Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids | 218 |
| 2-9 | Existing Information on Health Effects of Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids | 219 |
| 2-10 | Existing Information on Health Effects of Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids | 220 |
| 5-1 | Frequency of NPL Sites with Hydraulic Fluid and Hydraulic Fluid Component Contamination | 274 |

| • | | · |
|---|--|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

LIST OF TABLES

| 2-1 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Mineral Off Hydraunic Fluids - Inflatation |
|------|---|
| 2-2 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids - Inhalation |
| 2-3 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids - Inhalation |
| 2-4 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids - Oral |
| 2-5 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids - Oral |
| 2-6 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids - Oral |
| 2-7 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids - Dermal |
| 2-8 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Organophosphate Esters Hydraulic Fluids - Dermal |
| 2-9 | Levels of Significant Exposure to Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids - Dermal |
| 2-10 | Symptoms and Sites of Acetylcholinesterase Inhibition by Organophosphate Esters |
| 2-11 | Genotoxicity of Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids In Vitro |
| 3-1 | Chemical Identity of Hydraulic Fluid Products |
| 3-2 | Examples of Military Standards for Hydraulic Fluids |
| 3-3 | Chemical Identity of Hydraulic Fluid Components |
| 3-4 | Physical and Chemical Properties of Hydraulic Fluid Products |
| 3-5 | Physical and Chemical Properties of Selected Hydraulic Fluid Components |
| 3-6 | Summary of Chemical Information for Selected Hydraulic Fluids |
| 3-7 | Water Solubility of Hydrocarbon Components of Mineral Oil Hydraulic Fluids |
| 3-8 | $Log~K_{ow}~Values~for~Organophosphate~Ester~Hydraulic~Fluid~Components~~262$ |
| 3-9 | Water Solubilities for Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluid Components |
| 5-1 | Bioconcentration Factors for Components of Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids |

| 6-1 | in Biological Samples | 305 |
|-----|--|-----|
| 6-2 | Analytical Methods for Determining Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids in Biological Samples | 306 |
| 6-3 | Analytical Methods for Determining Mineral Oil and Polyalphaolefin Hydraulic Fluids in Environmental Samples | 308 |
| 6-4 | Analytical Methods for Determining Organophosphate Ester Hydraulic Fluids in Environmental Samples | 310 |
| 7-1 | Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Hydraulic Fluids | 316 |