#### 7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

National and international guidelines and state regulations pertinent to human exposure to antimony and compounds are summarized in Table 7-1.

Antimony compounds are regulated by the Clean Water Effluent Guidelines for the following industrial point sources: nonferrous metal manufacturing, steam electric, asbestos, timber products processing, mineral mining, paving and roofing, paint formulating, ink formulating, gum and wood, carbon black, and nonferrous metal forming (EPA 1988). Antimony compounds are also regulated by the Clean Air Act. 110

### 7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

## TABLE 7-1. Regulations and Guidelines Applicable to Antimony and Compounds

Agen	ic <b>y</b>	Description	Information	References
NATI	ONAL			
Regu	lations:			
a.	Air: OSHA	PEL TWA	0.5 mg antimony/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA 1989 (29 CFR 1910.1000
Ъ.	Other:			
	EPA OERR	Reportable quantity		
		Antimony pentafluoride	1 pound	EPA 1987 (40 CFR 300)
		Antimony pentachloride	1,000 pounds	EPA 1987
		Antimony potassium tartrate	100 pounds	(40 CFR 117.3)
		Antimony tribromide	1,000 pounds	
		Antimony trichloride	1,000 pounds	
		Antimony trifluoride	1,000 pounds	
		Antimony trioxide	1,000 pounds	
		Antimony	5,000 pounds	EPA 1986
		11101m0	-, <u>-</u>	(40 CFR 302.4)
	delines:	TLV TWA		ACGIH 1989
a. Ai	A1F:	Antimony and compounds	0.5 mg antimony/m <sup>3</sup>	ACOIN 1805
		Stibine	$0.51 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
		REL TWA	•	NIOSH 1990
		Antimony and compounds	$0.5 \text{ mg antimony/m}^3$	
		Stibine	$0.5 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
b.	Water:	Ambient Water Quality Criterion	145 $\mu$ g/L	EPA 1980
с:	Other:	RfD (oral)	0.0004 mg antimony/kg/day	EPA 1989
STA:	<u>re</u>			
-	ulations and			NAMTON 1000
	delines:			NATICH 1988
a.	Air:	Acceptable ambient air concentrations		
	Antimony:			
	Connecticut		10 $\mu g/m^3$ (8-hr avg)	
	Florida (Tampa	1)	$0.005 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (8-hr avg)	
	Kansas		1.19 $\mu g/m^3$ (annual avg)	
	Kansas (Kansas	; City)	1.19 $\mu g/m^3$ (1-yr avg)	
	Nevada		$0.012 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (8-hr avg)	
	New York		0.67 $\mu g/m^3$ (1-yr avg)	
	North Dakota		0.005 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8-hr avg)	
	Pennsylvania (	(Philadelphia)	1.2 $\mu g/m^3$ (1-yr avg)	
	Rhode Island	· • • •	40 $\mu g/m^3$ (annual avg)	
	Virginia		$8 \ \mu g/m^3$ (24-hr avg)	
	Antimony oxide:			
	Connecticut		5.0 $\mu g/m^3$ (8-hr avg)	
	Florida (Tampa	a)	$0.005 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (8-hr avg)	
	Nevada	-,	$0.012 \ \mu g/m^3 \ (8-hr \ avg)$	
	New York		$0.67 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (1-yr avg)	
	North Dakota		$0.005 \text{ mg/m}^3 (8-\text{hr avg})$	
	North Dakota Virginia		8.0 $\mu g/m^3$ (24-hr avg)	•

# 7. REGULATIONS AND ADVISORIES

#### TABLE 7-1 (Continued)

Agency	Description	Information	References
STATE (Continued)		<u> </u>	
D. Water: Antimony	Drinking water quality standards		
Kansas		143 μg/L	

avg = average; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; OERR = Office of Emergency and Remedial Response; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Admistration; PEL = permissible exposure level; REL = recommended exposure level; RfD = reference dose; TLV = threshold limit value; TWA = time-weighted average