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PUBLIC NOTICE

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PACIFIC COAST GROUND FISH FISHERY Changes to commercial and recreational management measures

The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) announces changes to commercial and recreational management measures for the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery off Washington, Oregon, and California, **effective at 0001 hours (local time) October 1, 2005**. These management measures were recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Pacific Council) at their September 19-23, 2005, meeting in Portland, OR. For a more detailed description of these inseason adjustments, see the notice published in the *Federal Register* on October 5, 2005.

Commercial Fishery

For complete regulations governing the commercial groundfish fishery, please see Title 50 CFR Part 660, Subpart G. Current trip limit tables, Tables 3-5 (North and South), are included at the end of this public notice.

Limited Entry Trawl Gear

For more detailed regulations applying to the limited entry trawl fishery, see § 660.381 of the Pacific Coast groundfish regulations.

Limited Entry Trawl Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) Changes

A review of Pacific Fisheries Information Network

(PacFIN) Quota Species Monitoring (QSM) data shows that the catch of petrale sole is quickly approaching its optimum yield (OY), which is set equal to the acceptable biological catch (ABC) in 2005. Because petrale sole is already approaching its ABC/OY in September, a winter petrale sole fishery in November and December (Period 6) cannot be accommodated. Additionally, the catch of canary rockfish in the limited entry bottom trawl fishery is higher than had been expected.

NMFS has been monitoring the limited entry trawl fishery throughout the year, and sent out a public notice on July 27, 2005 (NMFS-SEA-05-05) to notify the public that petrale sole and canary rockfish take in the limited entry bottom trawl fleet was higher than had been expected. NMFS also alerted the public that the agency might have to take action to slow the catch of these species to keep total catch within their ABC and/or harvest

Visit the NMFS Northwest Region website for current groundfish management regulations, VMS information, and RCA boundary coordinates and maps.

<http://www.nwr.noaa.gov/1sustfsh/gdfsh01.htm>

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guidelines and requested that the harvesting and processing communities take voluntary action to slow their catch rates. While the harvesting and processing communities have slowed catch somewhat, voluntary action alone is not enough, in this case, to keep total catch of petrale sole and canary rockfish within harvest limits for 2005.

In order to further reduce the take of canary rockfish and petrale sole in the trawl fishery, the Pacific Council recommended modifying the trawl RCA and reducing trip limits for DTS and flatfish species (see following section on Limited Entry Trawl Trip Limit Adjustments). For the trawl RCA, the Pacific Council recommended increasing the size of the area closed to fishing with trawl gear by modifying the seaward boundary of the trawl RCA to be at a boundary line approximating the 250-fm depth contour coastwide. In order to further reduce the take of petrale sole in the trawl fishery, the Pacific Council recommended modifying the shoreward boundary of the trawl RCAs to be at the shoreline north of 36° N. lat. and to be at a boundary line approximating the 50-fm depth contour south of 36° N. lat. This allows for more opportunities in areas south of 36° N. lat., where canary rockfish and petrale sole encounters are minimal.

However, implementation of a boundary line approximating the 250-fm depth contour south of 38° N. lat. to the U.S./Mexico border is not possible through an inseason action because coordinates do not exist in federal regulations for that line. In keeping with the Pacific Council's intent to increase the size of the trawl RCA to protect petrale sole and canary rockfish in general, and, in this case, to move the seaward boundary of the trawl RCA to protect petrale sole, the next closest RCA boundary line for this area with coordinates published in federal regulations is a boundary line approximating the 200-fm depth contour. Because there is catch of petrale between 200-fm and 250-fm in this area, NMFS expects that this change alone will not keep total catch of petrale sole within the ABC/OY for petrale. Thus, NMFS is also prohibiting the retention of petrale sole in this area during October, as explained below in the following section titled "Limited

Entry Trawl Trip Limit Adjustments." This combination of measures gets the management scheme as close as possible to what was recommended by the Pacific Council.

Therefore, NMFS is implementing inseason changes to the limited entry trawl RCA to be effective October through December, as reflected in the attached trip limit tables, Table 3 (North) and Table 3 (South).

Limited Entry Trawl Trip Limit Adjustments

The limited entry trawl trip limits for DTS, "other flatfish," petrale sole, English sole, arrowtooth flounder, minor slope rockfish, darkblotched rockfish and splitnose rockfish are adjusted based on observer data, logbook data, current fish ticket landings data from PacFIN and on analysis using the trawl total catch model.

As mentioned previously under the "Limited Entry Trawl RCA Changes," fishticket landings data

Current Federal regulations at §§ 660.381 through 660.384, state that State regulations can be more restrictive than Federal regulations.

The **State of California** currently has commercial cumulative two-month state trip limits for cabezon and greenlings that are more restrictive than federal trip limits contained in Tables 4 and 5 of the Federal Regulations. Refer to Title 14, California Code of Regulations (CCR), Section 150.16 for current state trip limits for the cumulative trip limit periods. Commercial California state trip limit information is also available

http://www.dfg.ca.gov/mrd/index_regs.html

The **State of Oregon** currently has commercial cumulative two-month state trip limits for black rockfish, blue rockfish, other nearshore rockfish, cabezon and greenling that are more restrictive than federal trip limits contained in Tables 3 through 5 of the Federal Regulations. Please contact the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Marine Resources Program at 541-867-4741 for current information on these commercial state trip limits.

from PacFIN through mid-September in 2005 were reviewed at the Pacific Council meeting. Compared to trawl model projections for 2005, landings for petrale sole and Dover sole were higher than what had been projected in the trawl total catch model. While flatfish trip limits were initially reduced through the May 4, 2005 inseason action (70 FR 23040), further reductions are necessary to slow the catch of flatfish species through the end of the year.

Trip limits for DTS are also being adjusted to slow the catch of Dover sole while still allowing some targeting. While trip limits for sablefish and thornyheads were increased for some trawl gear types in some areas through the July 5, 2005 inseason changes (70 FR 38596), trip limits for DTS in all areas are generally being reduced in November and December. Because there is no area open to trawl fishing shoreward of the trawl RCA north of 40°10' N. lat., all gear types will have the same trip limits seaward of the trawl RCA in November and December.

In addition, the Dover sole trip limit north of 40°10' N. lat. will be increased slightly for the September and October cumulative limit period (period 5). Because the trawl RCA in this area will extend between the shoreline and a boundary line approximating the 250-fm depth contour beginning in October (the middle of a cumulative limit period), the Dover sole trip limit is increased to make the trip limits for all trawl gear, including selective flatfish trawl gear, match. Previously, fishers who used selective flatfish trawl gear to catch Dover sole shoreward of the RCA had a higher trip limit (35,000 lb as opposed to 30,000 lb seaward of the trawl RCA). This differential trip limit was intended to encourage fishers to use selective flatfish trawl gear which has been shown to have lower incidental catch of overfished groundfish species. Thus, by increasing the Dover sole trip limit for all trawl gears to match the highest trip limit allowed during Period 5, fishers who have previously used selective flatfish trawl gear shoreward of the RCA will not be restricted to that lower limit when fishing seaward of the trawl RCA for the remainder of Period 5.

Trip limits for the “other flatfish” complex, English sole and arrowtooth flounder will also be reduced in Period 6 to reduce the take of Dover sole, a co-occurring flatfish species.

All of these changes, the reduction in DTS trip limits during Period 6, the increase in the Dover sole trip limit north of 40°10' N. lat. during Period 5, and the reduction in flatfish trip limits, are projected to keep catch of DTS species within their OYs for the year.

Trip limits for minor slope rockfish/darkblotched rockfish and splitnose rockfish between 40°10' N. lat. and 38° N. lat. will also be reduced in Period 6 to reduce the take of Dover sole and petrale sole, species which co-occur with these slope rockfish. In addition, with the seaward boundary of the trawl RCA moving out to a boundary line approximating the 250-fm depth contour, the likelihood of catching these species decreases.

As previously discussed in the section on “Limited Entry Trawl RCA Changes,” the Pacific Council recommended that NMFS implement a seaward limited entry trawl RCA boundary line approximating the 250-fm depth contour coastwide in order to nearly eliminate the catch of petrale sole. However, NMFS is not able to implement this line south of 38° N. lat. to the U.S./Mexico border because there are no coordinates for this line in federal regulations. Therefore, in order to implement the intent of the Pacific Council recommendation as much as possible, NMFS is implementing a boundary line approximating the 200-fm depth contour and a prohibition on the retention of petrale sole in this area. Because there is catch of petrale between 200-fm and 250-fm, including some targeting on petrale sole, moving the RCA boundary line from 150-fm to 200-fm for October through December will likely not keep total catch of petrale sole within its ABC/OY for the year. A reduction of the petrale sole trip limit during the middle of a cumulative trip limit period (in this case, September through October) is not possible for enforcement reasons. Therefore, in addition to the line change, NMFS is also implementing a prohibition on the retention of petrale sole between 38° N. lat. and the

U.S./Mexico border during the month of October in order to prevent targeting on petrale sole. During November and December, the Pacific Council recommendation of decreasing the trip limit for petrale sole to 2,000 lb per 2 months is sufficient to allow retention of incidentally caught petrale sole while not encouraging targeting.

Therefore, NMFS is implementing inseason changes to the limited entry trawl trip limits, as reflected in Table 3 (North) and Table 3 (South).

Bycatch Limits for Widow Rockfish in the Pacific Whiting Fishery

Widow rockfish, an overfished groundfish species, co-occurs with Pacific whiting and is, therefore, commonly caught in Pacific whiting fisheries. Beginning in 2005, NMFS implemented a bycatch limit for certain overfished species that co-occur with whiting fisheries, particularly canary and widow rockfish which are constraining to the whiting fishery in 2005 and 2006. Implementing bycatch limits allowed NMFS to set a higher OY for Pacific whiting in 2005 and 2006 than would otherwise have been possible. Because catch in the Pacific whiting fishery can be tracked by NMFS with near real-time data, NMFS has the ability to manage the Pacific whiting fishery to stay within bycatch limits.

Based on PacFIN QSM data for the shore-based sector as of the September 12, 2005, and on real-time observer data for the at-sea sector, the non-tribal Pacific whiting sector had taken 149.6 mt of the 200 mt widow rockfish bycatch limit. In order to deter a derby fishery that would harvest as much whiting as possible before the widow rockfish bycatch limit is reached, the Pacific Council considered whether some of the widow rockfish not yet set aside or projected to be taken by other sectors in the bycatch scorecard (a management tool used by the Pacific Council's Groundfish Management Team (GMT)) could be moved into the whiting fishery's projected take for 2005, and hence bycatch limits as stated in regulation at 50 CFR 660.373(b)(4). Of the 26.8 mt of widow rockfish estimated to be available, the Pacific Council moved 12 mt of that into the widow

rockfish bycatch limit for the Pacific whiting fishery.

Therefore, NMFS is implementing an increase in the 2005 bycatch limit for Pacific whiting, as stated at 50 CFR 660.373(b)(4), from 200 mt of widow rockfish to 212 mt.

Limited Entry Fixed Gear and Open Access

For more detailed regulations applying to the limited entry fixed gear fishery, see §§ 660.382 and 660.383 of the Pacific Coast groundfish regulations.

Limited Entry Fixed Gear and Open Access Daily Trip Limit Fishery for Sablefish

Based on PacFIN QSM data, the sablefish daily trip limit (DTL) sectors, both limited entry fixed gear and open access, have attained less than half of their allocation for the year. As a result, the Pacific Council's GMT analyzed an increase to the DTL fishery's daily, weekly, and bimonthly limits for the fishery north of 36° N. lat. As part of their analysis, the GMT considered likely increases in effort and limit attainment from vessels engaged in the DTL fishery.

This inseason adjustment is not expected to result in increased levels of bycatch beyond what is already accounted for in the bycatch scorecard, since those estimates were based on the assumption that each sector would achieve its allocation.

Therefore, NMFS is implementing an increase in the limited entry fixed gear and open access daily trip limit fishery for sablefish north of 36° N. lat. to the U.S./Canada border from "300 lb per day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb, not to exceed 3,600 lb per 2 months" to "500 lb per day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 9,000 lb per 2 months" for October through December.

Recreational Fishery

For complete regulations governing the recreational groundfish fishery, please see Title 50 CFR Part 660, Subpart G. For more detailed regulations applying to the recreational fishery, see § 660.384 of the Pacific Coast groundfish regulations. Federal recreational groundfish regulations are not intended to supersede any more restrictive state recreational groundfish regulations relating to federally-managed groundfish.

Washington's Recreational Groundfish Fishery RCA

The States of Washington and Oregon manage canary and yelloweye rockfish under a joint harvest guideline for their recreational fisheries. The Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) committed to take management action to close portions of its recreational fisheries seaward of a boundary line approximating the 30-fm (55-m) depth contour as an inseason adjustment, if the harvest guideline for canary and/or yelloweye rockfish were projected to be reached.

At the end of July, 2005, after receiving the recreational catch data through June, WDFW's revised catch projections for the year indicated that 1.8 mt of canary rockfish would be harvested (as compared to a state harvest target of 1.7 mt, and a shared harvest guideline of 8.5 mt). At that time, the revised catch projection for yelloweye rockfish was still below the state harvest target. In response, effective August 5, 2005, WDFW adopted an emergency regulation to close its recreational bottomfish and halibut fisheries seaward of a boundary line approximating the 30-fm depth contour from the U.S./Canada border to Leadbetter Pt., WA (46°38.17' N. lat.) (Washington Marine Catch Areas 2, 3, and 4). The action did not apply to the area between Leadbetter Pt. and the Columbia River as the canary and yelloweye rockfish catches in this area are extremely low.

At the end of August, after receiving the recreational catch data through July, WDFW's revised catch projections for the year indicated that 1.8 mt of canary rockfish was still expected to be

harvested. However, the revised catch projection for yelloweye rockfish is 4.2 mt (out of a 3.5 mt state harvest target, and a shared harvest guideline of 6.7 mt). However, it is expected that, with the fishery closed seaward of a boundary line approximating the 30-fm depth contour, the additional yelloweye rockfish harvest will be near-zero through the end of the year.

Washington recreational fisheries for bottomfish typically decline in September and halibut fisheries close at the end of September. Further restricting the Washington recreational fishery after September will have little to no effect. Therefore, NMFS is implementing a boundary line approximating the 30-fm depth contour between the U.S./Canada border and 46°38.17' N. lat. (Leadbetter Point, WA) for the same reasons that Washington took its regulatory action and in order for federal regulations to conform to the state regulations for Washington recreational groundfish fisheries.

Oregon's Recreational Groundfish Fishery Bag Limits

Due to poor recreational ocean salmon catches off Oregon in 2005, there was a notable effort shift from targeted salmon trips to targeted groundfish trips. In addition, Oregon anglers are experiencing increased catch rates of groundfish species, particularly black rockfish, blue rockfish, and yelloweye rockfish. In an effort to slow catch of groundfish species and ensure that the recreational fishery can continue through the end of the year, the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) took action, effective July 16, 2005, to reduce the marine fish daily bag limit from eight fish to five fish. In addition, ODFW revised their catch projection in the bycatch scorecard for yelloweye rockfish in the recreational fishery to 4.0 mt. The shared ODFW/WDFW yelloweye rockfish recreational harvest guideline was also revised in the bycatch scorecard from 6.7 mt to 8.5 mt (4.0 mt in Oregon, 4.2 mt in Washington, and 0.3 mt unassigned).

ODFW also prohibited retention of cabezon in their recreational ocean boat fishery beginning

August 11, 2005. Landings data indicated that the state imposed ocean boat harvest cap of 15.8 mt had been reached.

Therefore, NMFS is implementing a decrease in the recreational marine fish daily bag limit off of

Oregon from eight fish to five fish and a prohibition on the retention of cabezon by the ocean boat sector for the same reasons that Oregon took its regulatory action and in order for federal regulations to conform to the state regulations for Oregon recreational groundfish fisheries.

👉 Trip limit tables, effective October 1, 2005, are included at the end of this public notice. 👈

For more information contact: NMFS Northwest Region at 206-526-6140 or visit our website at <http://www.nwr.noaa.gov>, click on “Pacific Coast Groundfish;” NMFS Southwest Region at 562-980-4000; Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife at 360-249-4628; Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife at 541-867-4741; or the California Department of Fish and Game at 707-441-5797 (Eureka), 510-581-7358 (Belmont), 562-342-7184 (Los Alamitos), 858-546-7167 (La Jolla).

Any discrepancies between this public notice and the *Federal Register* will be resolved in favor of the *Federal Register*.

Table 3 (North) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Limited Entry Trawl Gear North of 40°10' N. Lat.

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) ^{6/} :							
North of 40°10' N. lat.		75 fm - modified 200 fm ^{7/}	100 fm - 200 fm			shoreline - 250 fm	
<p>Selective flatfish trawl gear is required shoreward of the RCA; all trawl gear (large footrope, selective flatfish trawl, and small footrope trawl gear) is permitted seaward of the RCA. Midwater trawl gear is permitted only for vessels participating in the primary whiting season.</p> <p>See § 660.370 and § 660.381 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).</p> <p>State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.</p>							
1	Minor slope rockfish ^{2/} & Darkblotched rockfish	4,000 lb/ 2 months					
2	Pacific ocean perch	3,000 lb/ 2 months					
3	DTS complex						
4	Sablefish						
5	large & small footrope gear	9,500 lb/ 2 months	17,000 lb/ 2 months	18,000 lb/ 2 months	11,000 lb/ 2 months		
6	selective flatfish trawl gear	1,500 lb/ 2 months	10,000 lb/ 2 months		15,000 lb/ 2 months		11,000 lb/ 2 months
7	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	1,500 lb/ 2 months	9,500 lb/ 2 months	10,000 lb/ 2 months	15,000 lb/ 2 months		11,000 lb/ 2 months
8	Longspine thornyhead						
9	large & small footrope gear	15,000 lb/ 2 months	23,000 lb/ 2 months			7,000 lb/ 2 months	
10	selective flatfish trawl gear	1,000 lb/ 2 months			8,000 lb/ 2 months		7,000 lb/ 2 months
11	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	1,000 lb/ 2 months			8,000 lb/ 2 months		7,000 lb/ 2 months
12	Shortspine thornyhead						
13	large & small footrope gear	3,500 lb/ 2 months	4,900 lb/ 2 months	5,200 lb/ 2 months	3,500 lb/ 2 months		
14	selective flatfish trawl gear	1,000 lb/ 2 months	3,000 lb/ 2 months	4,000 lb/ 2 months	3,500 lb/ 2 months		
15	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	1,000 lb/ 2 months	3,000 lb/ 2 months	4,000 lb/ 2 months	3,500 lb/ 2 months		
16	Dover sole						
17	large & small footrope gear	69,000 lb/ 2 months	30,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	20,000 lb/ 2 months		
18	selective flatfish trawl gear	20,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months			20,000 lb/ 2 months
19	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	20,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	30,000 lb/ 2 months	35,000 lb/ 2 months	20,000 lb/ 2 months	

TABLE 3 (North)

Table 3 (North). Continued

20	Flatfish (except Dover sole)			
21	Other flatfish ^{3/} , English sole & Petrale sole			
22	large & small footrope gear for Other flatfish ^{3/} & English sole	110,000 lb/ 2 months	110,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 42,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.	110,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 40,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.
23	large & small footrope gear for Petrale sole	Not limited		
24	selective flatfish trawl gear	100,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 25,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.	100,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 35,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.	90,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 35,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.
25	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	100,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 25,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.	100,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 35,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.	90,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 35,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole.
26	Arrowtooth flounder			
27	large & small footrope gear	Not limited	150,000 lb/ 2 months	50,000 lb/ 2 months
28	selective flatfish trawl gear	70,000 lb/ 2 months		50,000 lb/ 2 months
29	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	70,000 lb/ 2 months		50,000 lb/ 2 months
30	Whiting			
31	midwater trawl	Before the primary whiting season: CLOSED -- During the primary season: mid-water trawl permitted in the RCA. See §660.373 for season and trip limit details. -- After the primary whiting season: CLOSED		
32	large & small footrope gear	Before the primary whiting season: 20,000 lb/trip -- During the primary season: 10,000 lb/trip - After the primary whiting season: 10,000 lb/trip		
33	Minor shelf rockfish ^{1/}, Shortbelly, Widow & Yelloweye rockfish			
34	midwater trawl for Widow rockfish	Before the primary whiting season: CLOSED -- During primary whiting season: In trips of at least 10,000 lb of whiting, combined widow and yellowtail limit of 500 lb/ trip, cumulative widow limit of 1,500 lb/ month. Mid-water trawl permitted in the RCA. See §660.373 for primary whiting season and trip limit details. -- After the primary whiting season: CLOSED		
35	large & small footrope gear	300 lb/ 2 months		
36	selective flatfish trawl gear	300 lb/ month	1,000 lb/ month, no more than 200 lb/ month of which may be yelloweye rockfish	300 lb/ month
37	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	300 lb/ month	300 lb/ 2 months, no more than 200 lb/ month of which may be yelloweye rockfish	300 lb/ month

TABLE 3 (North) cont

Table 3 (North). Continued

38	Canary rockfish			
39	large & small footrope gear	CLOSED		
40	selective flatfish trawl gear	100 lb/ month	300 lb/ month	100 lb/ month
41	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	CLOSED		
42	Yellowtail			
43	midwater trawl	Before the primary whiting season: CLOSED -- During primary whiting season: In trips of at least 10,000 lb of whiting; combined widow and yellowtail limit of 500 lb/ trip, cumulative yellowtail limit of 2,000 lb/ month. Mid-water trawl permitted in the RCA. See §660.373 for primary whiting season and trip limit details. -- After the primary whiting season: CLOSED		
44	large & small footrope gear	300 lb/ 2 months		
45	selective flatfish trawl gear	2,000 lb/ 2 months		
46	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	300 lb/ 2 months		
47	Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish			
48	large & small footrope gear	CLOSED		
49	selective flatfish trawl gear	300 lb/ month		
50	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	CLOSED		
51	Lingcod^{4/}			
52	large & small footrope gear	500 lb/ 2 months		
53	selective flatfish trawl gear	800 lb/ 2 months	1,000 lb/ 2 months	800 lb/ 2 months
54	multiple bottom trawl gear ^{8/}	500 lb/ 2 months		
55	Other Fish^{5/} & Pacific cod	Not limited		

TABLE 3 (North) cont'

1/ Bocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod are included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish.
 2/ Splitnose rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish.
 3/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curffin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.
 4/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
 5/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, ratfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling. Cabezon is included in the trip limits for "other fish."
 6/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.
 7/ The "modified 200 fm" line is modified to exclude certain petrale sole areas from the RCA.
 8/ If a vessel has both selective flatfish gear and large or small footrope gear on board during a cumulative limit period (either simultaneously or successively), the most restrictive cumulative limit for any gear on board during the cumulative limit period applies for the entire cumulative limit period.
To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Table 3 (South) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Limited Entry Trawl Gear South of 40°10' N. Lat.
Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)^{6/}:								
40°10' - 38° N. lat.	75 fm - modified 200 fm ^{7/}	100 fm - 200 fm	100 fm - 150 fm		shoreline - 250 fm			
38° - 36° N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm	100 fm - 150 fm				shoreline - 200 fm		
36° - 34°27' N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm	100 fm - 150 fm				50 fm - 200 fm		
South of 34°27' N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands	100 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands				50 fm - 200 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 200 fm around islands		
Small footrope gear is required shoreward of the RCA; all trawl gear (large footrope, midwater trawl, and small footrope gear) is permitted seaward of the RCA.								
See § 660.370 and § 660.381 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).								
State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.								
1	Minor slope rockfish^{2/} & Darkblotched rockfish							
2	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	4,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months	20,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months	6,000 lb/ 2 months		
3	South of 38° N. lat.	40,000 lb/ 2 months						
4	Splitnose							
5	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	4,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months	20,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months	6,000 lb/ 2 months		
6	South of 38° N. lat.	40,000 lb/ 2 months						
7	DTS complex							
8	Sablefish	14,000 lb/ 2 months		16,000 lb/ 2 months		9,000 lb/ 2 months		
9	Longspine thornyhead	19,000 lb / 2 months					11,000 lb/ 2 months	
10	Shortspine thornyhead	4,200 lb/ 2 months		4,600 lb/ 2 months		3,500 lb/ 2 months		
11	Dover sole	50,000 lb/ 2 months	40,000 lb/ 2 months				30,000 lb/ 2 months	
12	Flatfish (except Dover sole)							
13	Other flatfish^{3/} & English sole							
14	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	110,000 lb/ 2 months	Other flatfish, English sole & Petrale sole: 110,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 42,000 lb/ 2 months of which may be petrale sole			110,000 lb/ 2 months	30,000 lb/ 2 months	
15	South of 38° N. lat.					40,000 lb/ 2 months		
16	Petrале sole	No limit				CLOSED	2,000 lb/ 2 months	

TABLE 3 (South)

Table 3 (South). Continued

17	Arrowtooth flounder			
18	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	No limit	10,000 lb/ 2 months	10,000 lb/ 2 months
19	South of 38° N. lat.			5,000 lb/ 2 months
20	Whiting			
21	midwater trawl	Before the primary whiting season: CLOSED -- During the primary season: mid-water trawl permitted in the RCA. See §660.373 for season and trip limit details. -- After the primary whiting season: CLOSED		
22	large & small footrope gear	Before the primary whiting season: 20,000 lb/trip -- During the primary season: 10,000 lb/trip - After the primary whiting season: 10,000 lb/trip		
23	Minor shelf rockfish^{1/}, Chilipepper, Shortbelly, Widow, & Yelloweye rockfish			
24	large footrope or midwater trawl for Minor shelf rockfish & Shortbelly	300 lb/ month		
25	large footrope or midwater trawl for Chilipepper	2,000 lb/ 2 months	12,000 lb/ 2 months	8,000 lb/ 2 months
26	large footrope or midwater trawl for Widow & Yelloweye	CLOSED		
27	small footrope trawl	300 lb/ month		
28	Bocaccio			
29	large footrope or midwater trawl	300 lb/ 2 months		
30	small footrope trawl	CLOSED		
31	Canary rockfish			
32	large footrope or midwater trawl	CLOSED		
33	small footrope trawl	100 lb/ month	300 lb/ month	100 lb/ month
34	Cowcod	CLOSED		
35	Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish			
36	large footrope or midwater trawl	CLOSED		
37	small footrope trawl	300 lb/ month		
38	Lingcod^{4/}			
39	large footrope or midwater trawl	500 lb/ 2 months		
40	small footrope trawl	800 lb/ 2 months	1,000 lb/ 2 months	800 lb/ 2 months
41	Other Fish^{5/} & Cabezon	Not limited		

TABLE 3 (South) cont

1/ Yellowtail is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish.
 2/ POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish
 3/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.
 4/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
 5/ Other fish are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, rattfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling.
 Pacific cod is included in the trip limits for "other fish."
 6/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.
 7/ The "modified 200 fm" line is modified to exclude certain petrale sole areas from the RCA.
To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Table 4 (North) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear North of 40°10' N. Lat.

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

	JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)^{6/}:						
North of 46°16' N. lat.	shoreline - 100 fm					
46°16' N. lat. - 40°10' N. lat.	30 fm - 100 fm					
<p>See § 660.370 and § 660.382 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).</p>						
State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.						
1 Minor slope rockfish^{2/} & Darkblotched rockfish	4,000 lb/ 2 months					
2 Pacific ocean perch	1,800 lb/ 2 months					
3 Sablefish	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb, not to exceed 3,600 lb/ 2 months					500 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 9,000 lb/ 2 months
4 Longspine thornyhead	10,000 lb/ 2 months					
5 Shortspine thornyhead	2,000 lb/ 2 months					
6 Dover sole	5,000 lb/ month					
7 Arrowtooth flounder	South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 11 mm (0.44 inches) point to shank, and up to 1 lb (0.45 kg) of weight per line are not subject to the RCAs.					
8 Petrale sole						
9 English sole						
10 Other flatfish^{1/}						
11 Whiting	10,000 lb/ trip					
12 Minor shelf rockfish^{2/}, Shortbelly, Widow, & Yellowtail rockfish	200 lb/ month					
13 Canary rockfish	CLOSED					
14 Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED					
15 Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish						
16 North of 42° N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}					
17 42° - 40°10' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}			6,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}		
18 Lingcod^{4/}	CLOSED		800 lb/ 2 months		CLOSED	
19 Other fish^{5/} & Pacific cod	Not limited					

TABLE 4 (North)

1/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curffin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.
 2/ Bocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod are included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish and splitnose rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish.
 3/ For black rockfish north of Cape Alava (48°09.50' N. lat.), and between Destruction Is. (47°40' N. lat.) and Leadbetter Pnt. (46°38.17' N. lat.), there is an additional limit of 100 lb or 30 percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip.
 4/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
 5/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, ratfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling. Cabezon is included in the trip limits for "other fish."
 6/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.
To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Table 4 (South) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Limited Entry Fixed Gear South of 40°10' N. Lat.

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC	
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)^{5/}:								
40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.		30 fm - 150 fm		20 fm - 150 fm		30 fm - 150 fm		
South of 34°27' N. lat.		60 fm - 150 fm (also applies around islands)						
<p>See § 660.370 and § 660.382 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).</p>								
State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.								
1	Minor slope rockfish^{2/} & Darkblotched rockfish	40,000 lb/ 2 months						
2	Splitnose	40,000 lb/ 2 months						
3	Sablefish							
4	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb, not to exceed 3,600 lb/ 2 months					500 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 9,000 lb/ 2 months	
5	South of 36° N. lat.	350 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,050 lb						
6	Longspine thornyhead	10,000 lb / 2 months						
7	Shortspine thornyhead	2,000 lb/ 2 months						
8	Dover sole	5,000 lb/ month						
9	Arrowtooth flounder	When fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 11 mm (0.44 inches) point to shank, and up to 1 lb (0.45 kg) of weight per line are not subject to the RCAs.						
10	Petrale sole							
11	English sole							
12	Other flatfish^{1/}							
13	Whiting	10,000 lb/ trip						
14	Minor shelf rockfish^{2/}, Shortbelly, & Widow rockfish							
15	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	200 lb/ 2 months		300 lb/ 2 months		
16	South of 34°27' N. lat.	2,000 lb/ 2 months		2,000 lb/ 2 months	3,000 lb/ 2 months			
17	Chilipepper rockfish	2,000 lb/ 2 months, this opportunity only available seaward of the nontrawl RCA						
18	Canary rockfish	CLOSED						
19	Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED						
20	Cowcod	CLOSED						
21	Bocaccio							
22	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	100 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months			
23	South of 34°27' N. lat.	300 lb/ 2 months		300 lb/ 2 months				
24	Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish							
25	Shallow nearshore	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	500 lb/ 2 months	600 lb/ 2 months	500 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months	
26	Deeper nearshore							
27	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	500 lb/ 2 months		400 lb/ 2 months	500 lb/ 2 months	
28	South of 34°27' N. lat.			600 lb/ 2 months			400 lb/ 2 months	
29	California scorpionfish	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	300 lb/ 2 months	400 lb/ 2 months		300 lb/ 2 months	

TABLE 4 (South)

Table 4 (South). Continued

30	Lingcod ^{3/}	CLOSED	800 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	
31	Other fish ^{4/} & Cabezon	Not limited			

1/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curffin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.

2/ POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish. Yellowtail is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish.

3/ The minimum size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.

4/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, ratfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling. Pacific cod is included in the trip limits for "other fish."

5/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Table 5 (North) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Open Access Gears North of 40°10' N. Lat.

Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)^{6/}:							
North of 46°16' N. lat.		shoreline - 100 fm					
46°16' N. lat. - 40°10' N. lat.		30 fm - 100 fm					
<p>See § 660.370 and § 660.383 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).</p>							
<p>State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.</p>							
1	Minor slope rockfish ^{1/} & Darkblotched rockfish	Per trip, no more than 25% of weight of the sablefish landed					
2	Pacific ocean perch	100 lb/ month					
3	Sablefish	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb, not to exceed 3,600 lb/ 2 months					500 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 9,000 lb/ 2 months
4	Thornyheads	CLOSED					
5	Dover sole	3,000 lb/month, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. South of 42° N. lat., when fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 11 mm (0.44 inches) point to shank, and up to 1 lb (0.45 kg) of weight per line are not subject to the RCAs.					
6	Arrowtooth flounder						
7	Petrale sole						
8	English sole						
9	Other flatfish ^{2/}						
10	Whiting	300 lb/ month					
11	Minor shelf rockfish ^{1/} , Shortbelly, Widow, & Yellowtail rockfish	200 lb/ month					
12	Canary rockfish	CLOSED					
13	Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED					
14	Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish						
15	North of 42° N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}					
16	42° - 40°10' N. lat.	5,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}			6,000 lb/ 2 months, no more than 1,200 lb of which may be species other than black or blue rockfish ^{3/}		
17	Lingcod ^{4/}	CLOSED		300 lb/ month		CLOSED	
18	Other Fish ^{5/} & Pacific cod	Not limited					
19	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL (not subject to RCAs)						
20	North	<p>Effective April 1 - October 31: groundfish 500 lb/day, multiplied by the number of days of the trip, not to exceed 1,500 lb/trip. The following sublimits also apply and are counted toward the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits: lingcod 300 lb/month (minimum 24 inch size limit); sablefish 2,000 lb/month; canary, thornyheads and yelloweye rockfish are PROHIBITED. All other groundfish species taken are managed under the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits. Landings of these species count toward the per day and per trip groundfish limits and do not have species-specific limits. The amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of pink shrimp landed.</p>					
21	SALMON TROLL						
22	North	<p>Salmon trollers may retain and land up to 1 lb of yellowtail rockfish for every 2 lbs of salmon landed, with a cumulative limit of 200 lb/month, both within and outside of the RCA. This limit is within the 200 lb per month combined limit for minor shelf rockfish, widow rockfish and yellowtail rockfish, and not in addition to that limit. All groundfish species are subject to the open access limits, seasons and RCA restrictions listed in the table above.</p>					

TABLE 5 (North)

1/ Bocaccio, chilipepper and cowcod rockfishes are included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish.

Splittnose rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish.

2/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.

3/ For black rockfish north of Cape Alava (48°09.50' N. lat.), and between Destruction Is. (47°40' N. lat.) and Leadbetter Pnt. (46°38.17' N. lat.), there is an additional limit of 100 lbs or 30 percent by weight of all fish on board, whichever is greater, per vessel, per fishing trip.

4/ The size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.

5/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, ratfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling.

Cabezon is included in the trip limits for "other fish."

6/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.

To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.

Table 5 (South) to Part 660, Subpart G -- 2005-2006 Trip Limits for Open Access Gears South of 40°10' N. Lat.
Other Limits and Requirements Apply -- Read § 660.301 - § 660.390 before using this table

092005

		JAN-FEB	MAR-APR	MAY-JUN	JUL-AUG	SEP-OCT	NOV-DEC
Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA)^{5/}:							
40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.		30 fm - 150 fm		20 fm - 150 fm		30 fm - 150 fm	
South of 34°27' N. lat.		60 fm - 150 fm (also applies around islands)					
<p align="center">See § 660.370 and § 660.383 for Additional Gear, Trip Limit, and Conservation Area Requirements and Restrictions. See §§ 660.390-660.394 for Conservation Area Descriptions and Coordinates (including RCAs, YRCA, CCAs, Farallon Islands, and Cordell Banks).</p>							
<p align="center">State trip limits may be more restrictive than federal trip limits, particularly in waters off Oregon and California.</p>							
1	Minor slope rockfish^{1/} & Darkblotched rockfish						
2	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	Per trip, no more than 25% of weight of the sablefish landed					
3	South of 38° N. lat.	10,000 lb/ 2 months					
4	Splitnose	200 lb/ month					
5	Sablefish						
6	40°10' - 36° N. lat.	300 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 900 lb, not to exceed 3,600 lb/ 2 months				500 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,500 lb, not to exceed 9,000 lb/ 2 months	
7	South of 36° N. lat.	350 lb/ day, or 1 landing per week of up to 1,050 lb					
8	Thornyheads						
9	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	CLOSED					
10	South of 34°27' N. lat.	50 lb/ day, no more than 1,000 lb/ 2 months					
11	Dover sole						
12	Arrowtooth flounder	3,000 lb/month, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs. When fishing for "other flatfish," vessels using hook-and-line gear with no more than 12 hooks per line, using hooks no larger than "Number 2" hooks, which measure 11 mm (0.44 inches) point to shank, and up to 1 lb of weight per line are not subject to the RCAs.					
13	Petrale sole						
14	English sole						
15	Other flatfish^{2/}						
16	Whiting	300 lb/ month					
17	Minor shelf rockfish^{1/}, Shortbelly, Widow & Chilipepper rockfish						
18	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	200 lb/ 2 months		300 lb/ 2 months	
19	South of 34°27' N. lat.	500 lb/ 2 months		500 lb/ 2 months		750 lb/ 2 months	
20	Canary rockfish	CLOSED					
21	Yelloweye rockfish	CLOSED					
22	Cowcod	CLOSED					
23	Bocaccio						
24	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	200 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	100 lb/ 2 months		200 lb/ 2 months	
25	South of 34°27' N. lat.	100 lb/ 2 months		100 lb/ 2 months			
26	Minor nearshore rockfish & Black rockfish						
27	Shallow nearshore	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	500 lb/ 2 months	600 lb/ 2 months	500 lb/ 2 months	300 lb/ 2 months
28	Deeper nearshore						
29	40°10' - 34°27' N. lat.	500 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	500 lb/ 2 months		400 lb/ 2 months	500 lb/ 2 months
30	South of 34°27' N. lat.			600 lb/ 2 months			
31	California scorpionfish	300 lb/ 2 months	CLOSED	300 lb/ 2 months	400 lb/ 2 months		300 lb/ 2 months

TABLE 5 (South)

Table 5 (South). Continued

32	Lingcod ^{3/}	CLOSED	300 lb/ month, when nearshore open	CLOSED
33	Other Fish ^{4/} & Cabezon	Not limited		
34	PINK SHRIMP NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL GEAR (not subject to RCAs)			
35	South	Effective April 1 - October 31: Groundfish 500 lb/day, multiplied by the number of days of the trip, not to exceed 1,500 lb/trip. The following sublimits also apply and are counted toward the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits: lingcod 300 lb/ month (minimum 24 inch size limit); sablefish 2,000 lb/ month; canary, thornyheads and yelloweye rockfish are PROHIBITED. All other groundfish species taken are managed under the overall 500 lb/day and 1,500 lb/trip groundfish limits. Landings of these species count toward the per day and per trip groundfish limits and do not have species-specific limits. The amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of pink shrimp landed.		
36	RIDGEBACK PRAWN AND, SOUTH OF 38°57.50' N. LAT., CA HALIBUT AND SEA CUCUMBER NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL			
37	NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) for CA Halibut and Sea Cucumber:			
38	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	75 fm - modified 200 fm ^{7/}	100 fm - 200 fm	100 fm - 150 fm
39	38° - 34°27' N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm	100 fm - 150 fm	
40	South of 34°27' N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands	100 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands	75 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands
41	NON-GROUNDFISH TRAWL Rockfish Conservation Area (RCA) for Ridgeback Prawn:			
42	40°10' - 38° N. lat.	75 fm - modified 200 fm ^{7/}	100 fm - 200 fm	100 fm - 150 fm
43	38° - 34°27' N. lat.	75 fm - 150 fm	100 fm - 150 fm	
44	South of 34°27' N. lat.	100 fm - 150 fm along the mainland coast; shoreline - 150 fm around islands		
45	Groundfish 300 lb/trip. Trip limits in this table also apply and are counted toward the 300 lb groundfish per trip limit. The amount of groundfish landed may not exceed the amount of the target species landed, except that the amount of spiny dogfish landed may exceed the amount of target species landed. Spiny dogfish are limited by the 300 lb/trip overall groundfish limit. The daily trip limits for sablefish coastwide and thornyheads south of Pt. Conception and the overall groundfish "per trip" limit may not be multiplied by the number of days of the trip. Vessels participating in the California halibut fishery south of 38°57'30" N. lat. are allowed to (1) land up to 100 lb/day of groundfish without the ratio requirement, provided that at least one California halibut is landed and (2) land up to 3,000 lb/month of flatfish, no more than 300 lb of which may be species other than Pacific sanddabs, sand sole, starry flounder, rock sole, curlfin sole, or California scorpionfish (California scorpionfish is also subject to the trip limits and closures in line 31).			

TABLE 5 (South) cont

1/ Yellowtail rockfish is included in the trip limits for minor shelf rockfish and POP is included in the trip limits for minor slope rockfish.
 2/ "Other flatfish" are defined at § 660.302 and include butter sole, curlfin sole, flathead sole, Pacific sanddab, rex sole, rock sole, sand sole, and starry flounder.
 3/ The size limit for lingcod is 24 inches (61 cm) total length.
 4/ "Other fish" are defined at § 660.302 and include sharks, skates, rattfish, morids, grenadiers, and kelp greenling. Pacific cod is included in the trip limits for "other fish."
 5/ The Rockfish Conservation Area is a gear and/or sector specific closed area generally described by depth contours but specifically defined by lat/long coordinates set out at § 660.390.
 6/ The "modified 200 fm" line is modified to exclude certain petrale sole areas from the RCA.
To convert pounds to kilograms, divide by 2.20462, the number of pounds in one kilogram.