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Annual Industry Accounts

Advance Estimates for 2005

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In 2005, both the private services-producing and private goods-producing sectors of the United States economy continued to grow strongly, but the growth rates in both sectors were lower than in 2004, according to the advance estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) by industry. In addition, price growth in both sectors accelerated slightly.

The advance estimates of GDP by industry were released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) on April 27, 2006. These estimates reflect newly available source data on the distribution of growth in real GDP and inflation by industry. Highlights of the estimates include the following:

- The services-producing sector increased 4.1 percent in 2005, down from 4.9 percent in 2004. The largest contributors to growth were the information, "professional, scientific, and technical services," and finance and insurance industry groups. These three industry groups accounted for almost half of the growth in this sector and almost two-fifths of the 3.5-percent real GDP growth in 2005.
- •The finance and insurance and "real estate, rental, and leasing" industry groups together increased 4.1 percent in 2005, up from 3.8 percent in 2004. The real estate, rental, and leasing industry group increased 2.5 percent in 2005, down from 5.6 percent in 2004. This slowdown was offset by strong growth in the finance and insurance industry group, which increased 6.7 percent in 2005, up from just 1.0 percent in 2004.
- •Manufacturing was the largest contributor to the 2.6-percent real growth in the goods-producing sector, increasing 4.0 percent in 2005. Within this industry group, durable-goods manufacturing increased 5.7 percent, partly because of strong growth in computer and electronic products.
- Information-communications-technology-(ICT)producing industries, which include industries from both the goods-producing and services-producing sectors, experienced double-digit growth for

the second consecutive year, increasing 11.9 percent in 2005. Although ICT-producing industries accounted for only 3.9 percent of current-dollar GDP, these industries accounted for 12.6 percent of real GDP growth.

- •Growth in value-added prices was widespread in 2005, with prices rising in 19 of the 22 industry groups. Prices in the services-producing sector accelerated slightly to 2.6 percent in 2005, the fastest growth since 1993. Price growth in the goods-producing sector remained above 3.0 percent for the third consecutive year partly due to continued strong price growth in mining.
- Value-added prices in the manufacturing industry group increased 1.4 percent, the first increase since 1995, partly because of a 3.7-percent price growth in nondurable goods manufacturing.
- Strong growth in energy prices continued to impact both the services-producing and goods-producing sectors although the advance estimates provide only limited information on the nature of the effect. Additional information will be available with the release of the integrated industry accounts in the fall of 2006.

The advance estimates were prepared for broad industry groups using a methodology that incorporates summary source data from the "final" estimate of fourth-quarter GDP in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs). The advance estimates will be revised in the fall of 2006 to incorporate more detailed industry source data. The revised estimates will be prepared using BEA's integrated annual industry accounts methodology and will include both the GDP-by-industry accounts and the input-output accounts.¹

The remainder of this article includes a discussion of industry trends and developments, an appendix describing the methodology used to prepare the advance

^{1.} In the fall of 2006, BEA will release revised annual industry estimates for 2003–2005.

estimates, and nine tables that present the advance estimates for 2005 and the more detailed estimates for 2002–2004 (see the box "Data Availability").

Data Availability

The advance estimates of value added by industry are presented in current dollars, chained (2000) dollars, chain-type quantity indexes, and chain-type price indexes. Annual input-output accounts for 2005 will not be available until late 2006.

The estimates for 2005 and the full set of annual industry accounts are available interactively on BEA's Web site; go to <www.bea.gov>, and under "Industry," click on "Annual Industry Accounts."

Industry Performance

In 2005, both the services-producing and goods-producing sectors continued to grow strongly, but growth rates in each sector were lower than in 2004. The services-producing sector continued to lead real growth for the U.S. economy, driven primarily by growth in four industry groups—the finance and insurance, "real estate, rental, and leasing," professional and business services, and information industry groups. Growth in the goods-producing sector decelerated in 2005, reflecting slower growth in the manufacturing industry group.

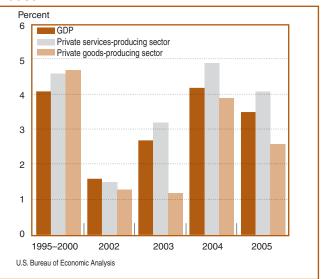
Value-added price growth in both the services-producing and goods-producing sectors accelerated slightly for the second consecutive year, and growth in each sector continued to increase above its average annual pace in 1995–2000.² Strong growth in energy prices continued to affect both sectors in 2005. Growth was widespread with prices increasing in 19 of the 22 industry groups. The major contributors to price growth were the "real estate, rental, and leasing" and wholesale trade industry groups in the services-producing sector and the mining and construction industry groups in the goods-producing sector.

Real economic growth

Services-producing sector. In 2005, real value added for the private services-producing sector increased 4.1 percent, down from 4.9 percent in 2004 (chart 1). The slowdown was partly due to slower growth in the retail

and wholesale trade and "real estate, rental, and leasing" industry groups. However, the services-producing sector remained strong; growth accelerated in 7 of the 15 services-producing industry groups. The services sector continued to be the main engine of real economic growth. It accounted for 79.4 percent of real GDP growth, more than its 68.2-percent share of

Chart 1. Annual Percent Changes in Real Value Added



The Effects of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita on GDP by Industry

Estimates of the effects of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita on GDP by industry are not available. Estimates of value added, which measure industries' current production of goods and services, are not directly affected by the loss of property (structures and equipment).¹ Value added is affected by the actions that consumers, businesses, and governments take in response to the disruptions in production and loss of property from such disasters. These actions, which include the cancellation of tourism-related activities and rebuilding begun in 2005, are reflected, but not separately identified, in the regular source data that BEA uses to prepare its estimates of GDP by industry. Additional data on the regional effects of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita will be available with the release of BEA's accelerated estimates of gross state product by industry for 2005 on June 6, 2006.

^{2.} The value-added price index for an industry reflects both the prices that it receives for its output and the prices that it pays for its intermediate inputs. For more information, see the box "Interpreting the Value-Added Price Index" in Robert E. Yuskavage and Mahnaz Fahim-Nader, "Gross Domestic Product by Industry for 1947–86," Survey of Current Business 85 (December 2005): 77.

^{1.} For more information on the treatment of property losses and associated insurance transactions, see Brent R. Moulton and Eugene P. Seskin, "Preview of the 2003 Comprehensive Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts: Changes in Definitions and Classifications," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 83 (June 2003): 17–34

current-dollar GDP (table A).

For the second consecutive year, the information and "professional, scientific, and technical services" industry groups were the fastest growing groups in the economy, with growth of 7.4 percent and 7.0 percent, respectively (see appendix tables for detailed industry statistics). ICT-producing industries, which include industries from both of these groups, grew 11.9 percent in 2005 (table B). ICT-producing industries accounted for only 3.9 percent of current-dollar GDP but for 12.6 percent of real GDP growth.

The finance and insurance industry group increased 6.7 percent in 2005 and contributed 0.53 percentage point to real GDP growth. This industry group was one of the largest contributors to real GDP growth relative to its size in the economy. It accounted for 15.1 percent of real GDP growth but for only 8.1 percent of current-dollar GDP.

Growth in the accommodation and food services industry group accelerated to 4.8 percent in 2005, exceeding its average annual growth rate of 3.9 percent in 1995–2000 for the first time since 2000.

Overall, the largest contributors to economic growth in the services-producing sector were the information, "professional, scientific, and technical services," and finance and insurance industry groups. These three industry groups accounted for almost half of growth in the services-producing sector and for two-fifths of overall GDP growth. They were also among the largest contributors to real GDP growth relative to their size in the economy, each with a percent-

Table A. Engines and Anchors of Real GDP Growth, 2005

	Share of Real GDP Growth ¹	Share of GDP ²	Ratio ³
Information	9.7	4.6	2.1
Professional, scientific, and technical services	13.4	6.9	1.9
Administrative and waste management services	5.7	3.0	1.9
Finance and insurance	15.1	8.1	1.9
Durable-goods manufacturing	11.1	7.0	1.6
Accommodation and food services	3.7	2.7	1.4
Health care and social assistance	9.1	6.9	1.3
Transportation and warehousing	3.1	2.9	1.1
Retail trade	5.7	6.6	0.9
Construction		4.8	0.8
Real estate and rental and leasing	9.1	12.5	0.7
Other services, except government	1.7	2.4	0.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	0.6	0.9	0.7
Nondurable-goods manufacturing	2.3	5.0	0.5
State and local government	2.9	8.5	0.3
Wholesale trade	2.0	5.9	0.3
Educational services	0.3	0.9	0.3
Federal government	1.1	4.0	0.3
Management of companies and enterprises		1.8	0.2
Utilities	0.3	1.9	0.2
Mining	-1.1	1.7	-0.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	-1.4	1.0	-1.4
Addenda:			
Private goods-producing industries 4	14.6	19.4	0.8
Private services-producing industries 5	79.4	68.2	1.2
Information-communications-technology-producing industries 6	12.6	3.9	3.2

^{1.} Equals the industry's contribution to growth in real GDP, divided by the growth in real GDP, times 100.

age contribution to real GDP growth that was about twice its current-dollar share of GDP.

Goods-producing sector. The private goods-producing sector continued to expand in 2005, increasing 2.6 percent, compared with 3.9 percent in 2004. The 2005 growth rate was considerably stronger than the 1.2-percent growth in 2003 and the 1.3-percent growth in 2002. This sector accounted for more than 19 percent of current-dollar GDP in 2005 and for almost 15 percent of real GDP growth. Only one of the five goods-producing industry groups, durable-goods manufacturing, increased faster than real GDP in 2005.

Slower real growth in the goods-producing sector reflected growth in manufacturing and construction that was restrained by declines in mining and agriculture. The manufacturing industry group remained strong, as real value added increased 4.0 percent in 2005, down from 4.8 percent in 2004. Manufacturing accounted for nearly all of the goods-producing sector's 0.51-percentage-point contribution to real GDP growth. The mining and "agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting" industry groups declined 2.6 percent and 4.4 percent, respectively.

In the manufacturing industry group, durablegoods manufacturing increased 5.7 percent and continued to lead growth in the goods-producing sector partly because of the continued strength of computer and electronic products. Durable-goods manufacturing accounted for 11.1 percent of real GDP growth, more than one and a half times more than its 7.0

Table B. Percent Changes in Real Value Added by Industry Group

-			-	-	-
	2002	2003	2004	2005	Average annual rate of change 1995– 2000
Gross domestic product	1.6	2.7	4.2	3.5	4.1
Private industries	1.4	2.8	4.7	3.8	4.6
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	5.5	7.6	1.8	-4.4	6.5
Mining	-6.3	-1.5	2.3	-2.6	-1.1
Utilities	4.3	7.8	1.1	0.4	1.3
Construction	-2.0	-1.3	2.5	2.7	3.0
Manufacturing	2.8	1.9	4.8	4.0	5.4
Durable goods	1.7	4.3	6.3	5.7	8.9
Nondurable goods	4.2	-1.2	2.7	1.6	0.4
Wholesale trade	1.0	2.2	4.6	1.2	7.2
Retail trade	2.2	3.6	6.4	2.9	6.5
Transportation and warehousing	2.2	3.7	4.0	3.7	4.4
Information	2.1	2.7	12.8	7.4	8.0
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	0.9	3.4	3.8	4.1	4.4
Professional and business services	-0.2	3.2	6.4	5.9	5.3
Educational services, health care, and social					
assistance	4.2	2.8	3.2	4.3	1.4
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation,					
and food services	1.7	2.9	3.0	4.1	3.7
Other services, except government	0.3	1.1	1.2	2.4	0.1
Government	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.2
Addenda:					
Private goods-producing industries 1	1.3	1.2	3.9	2.6	4.7
Private services-producing industries ²	1.5	3.2	4.9	4.1	4.6
Information-communications-technology-producing					
industries ³	2.0	6.7	12.9	11.9	22.1
	1				

^{1.} Equals the industry's value added, divided by GDP, times 100.
2. Equals the industry's value added, divided by GDP, times 100.
3. Equals the share of real GDP growth divided by the share of GDP.
4. Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; durable-goods manufacturing; and nondurable-goods manufacturing; 5. Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance

and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other

services, except government.

6. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assistance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and lood services; and other

services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

percent share of current-dollar GDP. It was the only goods-producing industry group that had a share of real GDP growth larger than its current-dollar share.

Price growth

Services-producing sector. Growth in value-added prices in the services-producing sector accelerated slightly to 2.6 percent, the largest increase since 1993 (chart 2). The largest contributors to price growth in this sector, accounting for 43 percent of price growth in the services-producing sector, were the "real estate, rental, and leasing," wholesale trade, and health care and social assistance industry groups. Of these three industry groups, wholesale trade was the largest contributor to price growth relative to its size in the economy, accounting for 8.9 percent of GDP price growth but for only 5.9 percent of current-dollar GDP (table C). Similarly, the transportation and warehousing industry group accounted for 5.0 percent of GDP price growth but for only 2.9 percent of current-dollar GDP.

The slight acceleration in price growth in the services-producing sector was partly due to an acceleration in the professional, scientific, and technical services industry group and a smaller decline in the information industry group. ICT-producing industries, which include industries from these two industry

Table C. Engines and Anchors of GDP Price Growth, 2005

	Share of GDP Price Growth ¹	Share of GDP ²	Ratio ³
Mining Educational services Construction Transportation and warehousing Management of companies and enterprises Wholesale trade Wholesale trade Nondurable-goods manufacturing State and local government Arts, entertainment, and recreation Other services, except government Accommodation and food services Health care and social assistance Professional, scientific, and technical services Real estate and rental and leasing Finance and insurance Retail trade Administrative and waste management services Utilities Information Durable-goods manufacturing Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	8.9 6.8 11.4 1.1 2.9 4.3 2.9 6.8 6.8 6.4 4.3 1.4 0.7 0.0	1.7 0.9 4.8 2.9 1.8 5.0 8.5 0.9 2.4 4.0 2.7 6.9 12.5 8.6 3.0 9.0 4.6 7.0 7.0	8.2 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.6 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.5 0.4 0.0 0.0
Addenda: Private goods-producing industries 4 Private services-producing industries 5 Information-communications-technology-producing industries 6	23.6 63.9 -5.0	19.4 68.2 3.9	1.2 0.9 –1.3

groups, continued their long-term trend of falling prices, declining 3.5 percent in 2005 (table D). This was the smallest decrease for ICT-producing industries since 1993.

Goods-producing sector. Growth in value-added prices for the goods-producing sector remained above 3 percent for the third consecutive year, increasing 3.4

Chart 2. Annual Percent Changes in Chain-Type Price Indexes for Value Added

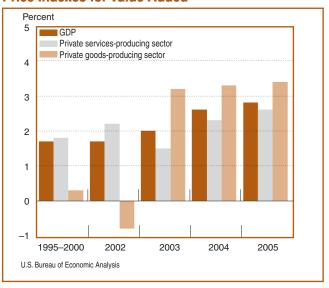


Table D. Percent Changes in Chain-Type Price Indexes for Value Added by Industry Group

	2002	2003	2004	2005	Average annual rate of change 1995– 2000
Gross domestic product	1.7	2.0	2.6	2.8	1.7
Private industries	1.5	1.9	2.5	2.8	1.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	-7.5	11.2	21.8	-12.0	-5.1
Mining	-4.2	35.6	18.1	27.5	11.6
Utilities	-1.7	-0.4	4.5	1.1	-0.4
Construction	4.8	5.3	7.0	5.1	5.6
Manufacturing	-1.9	-0.6	-1.0	1.4	-1.4
Durable goods	-2.2	-2.8	-1.3	-0.3	-3.6
Nondurable goods	-1.4	2.3	-0.6	3.7	1.9
Wholesale trade	0.4	0.6	4.9	4.3	-1.7
Retail trade	1.8	0.8	-1.1	1.8	-1.3
Transportation and warehousing	0.3	1.9	-0.5	5.0	1.4
Information	-0.9	-0.8	-2.9	-0.1	0.3
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	3.1	2.0	2.8	2.5	2.4
Professional and business services	2.1	0.7	2.8	2.6	3.5
Educational services, health care, and social					
assistance	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.1	3.5
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation,					
and food services	3.7	1.5	3.3	3.2	3.3
Other services, except government	4.2	3.5	3.8	3.6	4.8
Government	4.6	4.4	3.9	3.5	2.7
Addenda:					
Private goods-producing industries ¹	-0.8	3.2	3.3	3.4	0.3
Private services-producing industries ²	2.2	1.5	2.3	2.6	1.8
Information-communications-technology-producing					
industries ³	-3.7	-5.3	-6.3	-3.5	-9.0

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assistance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other

Equals the industry's contribution to the percent change in the chain-type price index for GDP divided by the percent change in the chain-type price index for GDP, times 100.
 Equals the industry's value added, divided by GDP, times 100.
 Equals the share of GDP price growth divided by the share of GDP.
 Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; durable-goods manufacturing; and nondurable-goods manufacturing;
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing professional scientific and technical services; management

and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government,

Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

services, except government. 3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

percent in 2005 after increasing 3.3 percent in 2004 and 3.2 percent in 2003. This sector accounted for 23.6 percent of GDP price growth in 2005, down from 25.0 percent in 2004 and 30.5 percent in 2003.

Price growth in this sector was marked by increases in the mining, manufacturing, and construction industry groups. Mining price growth accelerated to 27.5 percent in 2005 from 18.1 percent in 2004. Growth in mining prices accounted for more than half of the goods-producing sector's contribution to GDP price growth. The mining industry group was the largest contributor to value added price growth relative to its size in the economy. It accounted for 13.9 percent of GDP price growth, or more than 8 times its 1.7-percent share of current-dollar GDP. Manufacturing prices turned up slightly to 1.4 percent in 2005, the first increase since 1995. This upturn partly reflected sharp increases in nondurable-goods manufacturing, primarily due to price growth in petroleum-related products. Prices in the construction industry group increased 5.1 percent in 2005 after increasing 7.0 percent in 2004.

The agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting industry group restrained price growth in 2005 for the goods-producing sector. Value-added prices for this

Current Initiatives

BEA is currently researching two improvements to the advance estimates of the annual industry accounts. First, research is under way to incorporate a doubledeflation procedure for computing real value added by industry. This method would be similar to that used for the integrated annual industry accounts, but the level of commodity detail used for the deflation of gross output and intermediate inputs would be less detailed. This research also allows BEA to make ongoing improvements to the estimates prepared using the current single-deflation methodology. Second, BEA is evaluating the feasibility of increasing the level of industry detail in order to include many of the industries that are currently published only as part of the integrated annual industry accounts and to include additional estimates, such as gross output and the components of value added.

industry group declined 12.0 percent, following an increase of 21.8 percent in 2004.

Appendix: Methodology for the Advance 2005 Estimates

The advance estimates for 2005 were prepared for broad industry groups using a methodology that was developed to incorporate summary source data. The advance estimates are published at the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) two-digit industry level. The preparation of the estimates uses a methodology that draws heavily on data from the NIPAs for both the current-dollar estimates and the real estimates of value added by industry.³ This methodology and level of industry detail differ from the methodology and level of detail found in the integrated annual industry accounts.⁴

Current-dollar estimates. The current-dollar estimates of value added by industry are prepared by extrapolating the industry estimates of compensation of employees, gross operating surplus, and "taxes on production and imports less subsidies" by published and unpublished industry data from the NIPAs.⁵ Compensation of employees by industry is extrapolated by the sum of industry wage and salary accruals and supplements to wages and salaries. Gross operating surplus by industry is extrapolated by the sum of industry corporate profits, proprietors' income, capital consumption allowances, net interest, and net business current transfer payments. These components account for nearly all of the gross operating surplus for most industries. Industry estimates of "taxes on production and imports less subsidies" are extrapolated by applying industry group estimates directly to each detailed industry.6 Estimates of value added for farms and

^{1.} More precisely, the deflation of intermediate inputs would be similar to that used to prepare the GDP-by-industry estimates for 1987–97. For more information, see Robert E. Yuskavage and Yvon H. Pho, "Gross Domestic Product by Industry for 1987–2000: New Estimates on the North American Industry Classification System," SURVEY 84 (November 2004): 38–39.

^{3.} Definitional and conceptual differences limit the comparability of some NIPA and industry measures. For example, in the NIPAs, the value added by goods-distribution industries (transportation and trade) is included in the market value of goods. However, in the annual industry accounts, the value added of these industries is included in the services-producing sector. For more information, see Robert E. Yuskavage and Yvon H. Pho, "Gross Domestic Product by Industry for 1987–2000: New Estimates on the North American Industry Classification System," Survey 84 (November 2004): 38–39.

^{4.} The annual industry accounts for 1998–2004 were prepared at the NAICS three-digit industry level using a more comprehensive methodology that integrates detailed source data within an input-output framework that balances and reconciles industry production with commodity usage. For more information, see Brian C. Moyer, Mark A. Planting, Mahnaz Fahim-Nader, and Sherlene K.S. Lum, "Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Annual Industry Accounts," Survey 84 (March 2004): 38–51.

^{5.} Current-dollar value added in the annual industry accounts is measured as the sum of industry distributions of compensation of employees, gross operating surplus, and "taxes on production and imports less subsidies."

^{6.} Estimates at the NAICS two-digit industry level are applied to the NAICS three-digit industry level for taxes on production and imports, and the ratio of an industry's share of total subsidies is held constant from the previous year.

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general government are obtained from the NIPAs.

Real estimates. Chain-type price and quantity indexes and chained-dollar estimates of value added by industry are prepared using a single-deflation methodology. An industry's current-dollar estimate of value added is deflated using the industry's gross output price index.⁷ A Fisher aggregation of the detailed industries yields the chain-type price and quantity indexes for industry groups. The gross output price indexes for detailed industries are implicit price deflators that are computed as current-dollar gross output divided by chained-dollar gross output. For detailed industries, both current-dollar and real gross output are extrapolated by a variety of source data from the NIPAs, from other Federal Government agencies, and from private institutions.

Tables 1 through 7 follow.

^{7.} Single deflation best approximates the results obtained through double deflation when an industry's input prices and output prices are growing at about the same rate. Under double-deflation, real value added is computed indirectly as the difference between real gross output and real intermediate inputs. For more information, see Robert E. Yuskavage, "Gross Domestic Product by Industry: A Progress Report on Accelerated Estimates," Survey 82 (June 2002): 21.

Table 1. Value Added by Industry, 2002–2005

[Billions of dollars]

ie		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	10,469.6	10,971.2	11,734.3	12,487.1	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	2,141.9	2,260.4	2,412.9	2,574
2	Private industries	9,131.2	9,556.8	10,251.0	10,934.8	51	Finance and insurance	822.7	885.2	927.4	1,011
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	95.4	114.2	141.6	119.1	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and				,
4	Farms	70.8	88.0	112.2			related activities	417.4	451.8	464.7	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	24.6	26.2	29.4		53	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	148.4	153.3	170.9	
- 1						54	Insurance carriers and related activities	237.4	260.4	269.6	
6	Mining	106.5	142.3	171.9	213.6	55	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	19.5	19.7	22.2	
'	Oil and gas extraction	62.8	93.1	115.2		56	Real estate and rental and leasing	1.319.2	1.375.2	1.485.5	1.562
8	Mining, except oil and gas	26.8	27.4	30.6		57	Real estate	1,215.9	1,268.6	1,374.7	
7	Support activities for mining	16.9	21.7	26.1		58	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible				
0	Utilities	207.3	222.6	235.3	238.9		assets	103.3	106.6	110.8	
11	Construction	482.3	501.0	549.5	593.5	59	Professional and business services	1,189.0	1,235.9	1,351.9	1,468
12	Manufacturing	1,352.6	1,369.2	1,420.1	1,496.5	60	Professional, scientific, and technical services	705.2	727.4	784.3	862
13	Durable goods	774.8	785.5	824.1	868.4	61	Legal services	145.8	155.8	164.1	
14	Wood products	30.4	33.0	39.2		62	Computer systems design and related services	127.3	126.3		
15	Nonmetallic mineral products	45.9	46.2	49.7		63	Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical				
16	Primary metals	41.9	38.7	50.9			services	432.2	445.3	487.2	
17	Fabricated metal products	107.4	109.1	115.4		64	Management of companies and enterprises	183.8	191.5	220.8	230
8	Machinery	96.5	95.1	100.2		65	Administrative and waste management services	300.0	317.1	346.8	375
9	Computer and electronic products	124.2	125.6	132.6		66	Administrative and support services	273.3	289.0	316.3	
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	48.8	48.6	48.2		67	Waste management and remediation services	26.7	28.1	30.5	
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	118.9	129.9	120.1		68	Vaste management and remediation services	20.7	20.1	30.3	
22	Other transportation equipment	69.6	65.0	66.9		08	Educational services, health care, and social assistance	799.6	850.6	909.0	977
23	Furniture and related products	31.1	30.7	31.4							
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	60.0	63.7	69.4		69	Educational services	93.3	99.6	106.3	113
25	Nondurable goods	577.9	583.7	596.1	628.1	70	Health care and social assistance	706.3	751.0	802.7	864
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products	172.9	170.6	167.9		71	Ambulatory health care services	361.8	384.7	413.0	
7	Textile mills and textile product mills	21.9	22.7			72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	281.1	299.0	318.8	
28	Apparel and leather and allied products	20.9	18.4	18.9		73	Social assistance	63.4	67.3	70.9	
29	Paper products	50.3	46.4	48.9		74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and				
30	Printing and related support activities	45.7	44.5	45.9			food services	381.5	398.8	424.3	455
31	Petroleum and coal products	26.2	33.5	34.8		75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	102.4	106.3	111.6	117
32	Chemical products	174.4	181.8	186.0		76	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and				
33	Plastics and rubber products	65.5	65.6	70.3			related activities	46.7	49.5	50.2	
34	Wholesale trade	615.4	633.0	694.7	733.1	77	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	55.7	56.8	61.3	
35	Retail trade	719.6	751.0	790.4	828.6	78	Accommodation and food services	279.1	292.5	312.8	338
- 1						79	Accommodation	89.1	94.0	100.8	
36	Transportation and warehousing	304.6	321.6	332.9	362.2	80	Food services and drinking places	190.0	198.5	212.0	
37	Air transportation	48.3	55.3	53.4		81	Other services, except government	252.5	264.3	277.7	294
88	Rail transportation	26.2	27.1	29.0		82		1,338.4	1,414.5	1,483.3	1,552
39	Water transportation	7.0	9.1	8.0		83	Federal	417.3	447.1	475.9	494
10	Truck transportation	95.7	98.8	104.7		84	General government	352.9	382.6	408.2	
11	Transit and ground passenger transportation	15.7	16.2	16.8		85	Government enterprises	64.5	64.5	67.7	
12	Pipeline transportation	11.5	10.5	10.7		86	State and local	921.1	967.4	1,007.4	1,057
13	Other transportation and support activities	73.4	76.4	83.2		87	General government	848.9	893.7	931.4	
14	Warehousing and storage	26.8	28.3	27.1		88	Government enterprises	72.2	73.7	75.9	
15	Information	483.0	491.8	538.7	578.3		Addenda:				
16	Publishing industries (includes software)	119.0	118.8	125.3		89	Private goods-producing industries 1	2,036.9	2,126.7	2,283.1	2,42
7	Motion picture and sound recording industries	38.9	42.4	47.3		90	Private services-producing industries 2	7,094.3	7,430.0	7,967.9	8,512
18	Broadcasting and telecommunications	278.9	280.4			91	Information-communications-technology-producing		.		
19	Information and data processing services	46.2	50.1	54.1		П	industries ³	416.6	420.9	445.2	481

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 2. Value Added by Industry as a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product, 2002–2005

[Percent]

		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	200
Т	Gross domestic product	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	20.5	20.6	20.6	2
Pr	ivate industries	87.2	87.1	87.4	87.6	51	Finance and insurance	7.9	8.1	7.9	
١.	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and				
	Farms	0.7	0.8	1.0			related activities	4.0	4.1	4.0	
	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	0.2	0.2	0.3		53	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	1.4	1.4		
	Mining	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	54 55	Insurance carriers and related activities	2.3	2.4		
	Oil and gas extraction	0.6	0.8	1.0			Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	0.2	0.2	-	
	Mining, except oil and gas	0.3	0.3	0.3		56	Real estate and rental and leasing	12.6	12.5	12.7	
	Support activities for mining	0.2	0.2	0.2		57	Real estate	11.6	11.6	11.7	
	Utilities	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	58	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible	4.0	4.0	0.0	
	Construction	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.8	59	Professional and business services	1.0 11.4	1.0 11.3	0.9 11.5	
	Manufacturing	12.9	12.5	12.1	12.0					- 1	
'	Durable goods	7.4	7.2	7.0		60	Professional, scientific, and technical services	6.7	6.6	6.7	
	Wood products	0.3	0.3	0.3		61 62	Legal services	1.4 1.2	1.4 1.2	1.4 1.1	
	Nonmetallic mineral products	0.4	0.4	0.4		63	Computer systems design and related services Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical	1.2	1.2	1.1	
	Primary metals	0.4	0.4	0.4		03	servicesservices	4.1	4.1	4.2	
	Fabricated metal products	1.0	1.0	1.0							
	Machinery	0.9	0.9	0.9		64	Management of companies and enterprises	1.8	1.7	1.9	
	Computer and electronic products	1.2	1.1	1.1		65	Administrative and waste management services	2.9	2.9	3.0	
	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	0.5	0.4	0.4		66	Administrative and support services	2.6	2.6	=::	
	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	1.1	1.2	1.0		67	Waste management and remediation services	0.3	0.3	0.3	
	Other transportation equipment	0.7	0.6	0.6		68	Educational services, health care, and social	7.0	7.0		
	Furniture and related products	0.3	0.3	0.3			assistance	7.6	7.8	7.7	
	Miscellaneous manufacturing	0.6	0.6	0.6		69	Educational services	0.9	0.9	0.9	
	Nondurable goods	5.5	5.3	5.1		70	Health care and social assistance	6.7	6.8	6.8	
	Food and beverage and tobacco products	1.7	1.6	1.4		71	Ambulatory health care services	3.5	3.5	3.5	
	Textile mills and textile product mills	0.2	0.2	0.2		72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	2.7	2.7	2.7	
	Apparel and leather and allied products	0.2	0.2	0.2		73	Social assistance	0.6	0.6	0.6	
	Paper products	0.5	0.4	0.4		74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and	3.6	3.6	3.6	
	Printing and related support activities	0.4	0.4	0.4		l	food services				
	Petroleum and coal products	0.3	0.3	0.3		75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	Chemical products	1.7	1.7	1.6		76	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and	0.4	٥.	0.4	
	Plastics and rubber products	0.6	0.6	0.6		77	related activities Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	0.4 0.5	0.5 0.5	0.4 0.5	
١.	Wholesale trade	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.9						
	Retail trade	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.6	78 79	Accommodation and food services	2.7 0.9	2.7 0.9	2.7 0.9	
	Transportation and warehousing	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	80	Accommodation Food services and drinking places	1.8	1.8	1.8	
	Air transportation	0.5	0.5	0.5		81	Other services, except government	2.4	2.4	2.4	
	Rail transportation	0.3	0.2	0.2		1 -	Government	12.8	12.9	12.6	
	Water transportation	0.1	0.1	0.1				-	-	- 1	
	Truck transportation	0.9	0.9	0.9		83	Federal	4.0	4.1	4.1	
	Transit and ground passenger transportation	0.1	0.1	0.1		84 85	General government	3.4 0.6	3.5 0.6	3.5	
	Pipeline transportation	0.1	0.1	0.1			·			0.6	
	Other transportation and support activities	0.7	0.7	0.7		86	State and local	8.8	8.8	8.6	
	Warehousing and storage	0.3	0.3	0.2		87	General government	8.1 0.7	8.1 0.7	7.9 0.6	
	Information	4.6	4.5	4.6		88		0.7	0.7	0.6	
	Publishing industries (includes software)	1.1	1.1	1.1		89	Addenda:	10.5	10.4	10.5	
	Motion picture and sound recording industries	0.4	0.4	0.4		90		19.5 67.8	19.4 67.7	19.5 67.9	
	Broadcasting and telecommunications	2.7	2.6	2.7		91	Information-communications-technology-producing	07.0	07.7	07.9	
	Information and data processing services	0.4	0.5	0.5		"	industries ³	4.0	3.8	3.8	

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 3. Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Value Added by Industry, 2002–2005

[2000 = 100]

					[2000]						
Line		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	102.362	105.130	109.562	113.424	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	104.800	108.409	112.539	117.169
2	Private industries	102.354	105.178	110.069	114.215	51	Finance and insurance	106.681	113.027	114,148	121.812
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	98.767	106.268	108.139	103.371	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and	100.001	110.027	114.140	121.012
4	Farms	98.001	106.217	106.171			related activities	119.480	128.486	127.447	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	100.779	106.016	115.122		53	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	101.216	104.472	114.992	
6	Mining	88.719	87.383	89.352	87.066	54	Insurance carriers and related activities	94.323	98.100	96.656	
7	Oil and gas extraction	101.200	95.551	94.552		55	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	77.322	91.224	95.954	
						56	Real estate and rental and leasing	103.647	105.603	111.555	114.338
8	Mining, except oil and gas	89.524	90.080	93.152		57 58	Real estate	104.363	106.645	113.108	
9	Support activities for mining	51.999	58.537	68.054		50	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets	96.292	94.753	95.348	
10	Utilities	99.144	106.881	108.054	108.534	59	Professional and business services	99.192	102.393	108.993	115.396
11	Construction	98.201	96.895	99.305	102.009						
12	Manufacturing	97.066	98.894	103.638	107.742	60 61	Professional, scientific, and technical services Legal services	99.059 97.383	101.341 100.266	108.533 99.591	116.141
13	Durable goods	95.663	99.756	106.071	112.117	62	Computer systems design and related services	101.473	102.802	111.082	
14	Wood products	96.460	99.800	103.001		63	Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical	101.170	102.002	111.002	
15	Nonmetallic mineral products	99.537	101.901	107.119		**	services	98.929	101.270	111.021	
16	Primary metals	91.555	88.463	96.427		64	Management of companies and enterprises	101.080	104.627	110.954	111.273
17	Fabricated metal products	85.780	88.330	91.006		65	Administrative and waste management services	98.359	103.504	108,908	116.415
18	Machinery	85.370	84.409	92.164		66	Administrative and support services	98.455	103.847	109.736	
19	Computer and electronic products	100.104	115.865	140.268		67	Waste management and remediation services	97.378	100.046	100.750	
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	96.557	98.704	97.439		68	Educational services, health care, and social				
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	107.964	121.213	117.879		**	assistance	107.527	110.523	114.026	118.913
22	Other transportation equipment	99.673	89.790	89.935		69	Educational services	102.438	103.594	104.413	105.274
23	Furniture and related products	89.240	88.260	94.746		70	Health care and social assistance	108.213	111.468	115,357	120.837
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	98.033	103.632	115.339		71	Ambulatory health care services	111.543	116.308	122.038	
25	Nondurable goods	99.056	97.827	100.507	102.112	72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	102.961	103.896	105.166	
26 27	Food and beverage and tobacco products Textile mills and textile product mills	99.273 80.804	99.013 87.162	100.644 87.756		73	Social assistance	113.301	119.273	125.836	
28	Apparel and leather and allied products	84.306	74.671	78.692		74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and				
29	Paper products	91.440	87.873	96.172			food services	101.022	103.997	107.168	111.560
30	Printing and related support activities	88.804	86.797	90.687		75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	106.783	107.590	109.749	112.107
31	Petroleum and coal products	123.795	99.400	94.070		76	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and				
32	Chemical products	108.549	110.082	110.507		77	related activities	107.344	109.213	106.764	
33	Plastics and rubber products	94.224	95.975	106.089		ı	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	106.309	106.224	112.318	
34	Wholesale trade	108.059	110.467	115.559	116.948	78 79	Accommodation and food services	99.059 95.600	102.779 99.280	106.302 100.834	111.399
35	Retail trade	109.294	113.202	120.420	123.959	80	Food services and drinking places	100.886	104.631	100.834	
36	Transportation and warehousing	99.531	103,164	107.340	111.286	81	Other services, except government	98.667	99.780	103.134	103,430
37	Air transportation	108.822	123.187	137.855		82					
38	Rail transportation	95.762	96.846	100.530				102.467	103.766	104.766	105.955
39	Water transportation	77.875	80.795	73.588		83	Federal	100.322	102.204	103.789	104.890
40	Truck transportation	94.279	95.512	98.481		84 85	General government	102.518 89.779	105.219 87.671	106.207 92.312	
41	Transit and ground passenger transportation	101.126	99.276	99.635			·				400 400
42 43	Pipeline transportation Other transportation and support activities	110.255 100.515	115.373 102.469	119.293 107.575		86 87	State and local	103.451 104.360	104.477 105.320	105.197 106.157	106.428
43	Warehousing and storage	100.515	102.469	107.575		88	Government enterprises	93.792	95.536	94.979	
45	Information	106.263	109.092	123.022		"	Addenda:	00.702	00.000	01.070	
46	Publishing industries (includes software)	98.873	101.731	112.045		89	Private goods-producing industries ¹	96.853	98.009	101.811	104.490
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	110.050	112.830	122.289		90	Private services-producing industries ²	104.107	107.452	112.686	117.299
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	107.565	109.364	125.401		91	Information-communications-technology-producing	101.107	.07.102	. 12.000	117.200
49	Information and data processing services	115.749	125.162	140.431		•	industries 3	101.626	108.412	122.390	136.969
	· · ·	110.7 10	720.102	1 10.101		<u> </u>	industries .	101.020	.00.172		

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 3.A. Percent Changes in Chain-Type Quantity Indexes for Value Added by Industry, 2002–2005

ine.		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	1.6	2.7	4.2	3.5	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	0.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
2	Private industries	1.4	2.8	4.7	3.8	51	Finance and insurance	2.2	5.9	1.0	6.7
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	5.5	7.6	1.8	-4.4	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and				
4	Farms	6.8	8.4	0.0			related activities	10.2	7.5	-0.8	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	1.5	5.2	8.6		53	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	-8.9	3.2	10.1	
6	Mining	-6.3	-1.5	2.3	-2.6	54	Insurance carriers and related activities	-1.8	4.0	-1.5	
7	Oil and gas extraction	5.5	-5.6	-1.0		55	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	-4.7	18.0	5.2	
8	Mining, except oil and gas	-6.2	0.6	3.4		56	Real estate and rental and leasing	0.1	1.9	5.6	2.5
9	Support activities for mining	-40.1	12.6			57	Real estate	0.3	2.2	6.1	
10	Utilities	4.3	7.8	1.1	0.4	58	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible	-2.3	-1.6	0.6	
- 1							assets		-		
11	Construction	-2.0	-1.3	2.5	2.7	59	Professional and business services	-0.2	3.2	6.4	5.9
12	Manufacturing	2.8	1.9	4.8	4.0	60	Professional, scientific, and technical services	-1.5	2.3	7.1	7.0
13	Durable goods	1.7	4.3	6.3	5.7	61	Legal services	-3.7	3.0	-0.7	
14	Wood products	-1.8	3.5	3.2		62	Computer systems design and related services Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical	1.9	1.3	8.1	
15 16	Nonmetallic mineral products	0.8 2.2	2.4 -3.4	5.1		03	services	-1.7	2.4	9.6	
17	Primary metalsFabricated metal products	-4.6	-3.4 3.0	9.0		64		3.0	3.5	6.0	0.3
18	Machinery	- 7 .1	-1.1				Management of companies and enterprises				I
19	Computer and electronic products	2.1	15.7			65	Administrative and waste management services	1.2	5.2	5.2	6.9
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	0.7	2.2	-1.3		66	Administrative and support services	1.2	5.5	5.7	
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	21.9	12.3			67	Waste management and remediation services	1.2	2.7	0.7	
22	Other transportation equipment	-1.5	-9.9			68	Educational services, health care, and social assistance	4.2	2.8	3.2	4.3
23	Furniture and related products	0.4	-1.1								
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	2.0	5.7			69	Educational services	2.6	1.1	0.8	0.8
25	Nondurable goods	4.2	-1.2	2.7	1.6	70	Health care and social assistance	4.4	3.0	3.5	4.8
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products	-1.5	-0.3	1.6		71	Ambulatory health care services	5.4	4.3	4.9	
27	Textile mills and textile product mills	-0.8	7.9	0.7		72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	2.4	0.9	1.2	
28	Apparel and leather and allied products	-7.0	-11.4	5.4		73	Social assistance	7.5	5.3	5.5	
29	Paper products	4.2	-3.9	9.4		74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and	4.7	2.9	3.0	4.
30	Printing and related support activities	-3.9	-2.3	4.5		l	food services	1.7	-		4.
31	Petroleum and coal products	35.7	-19.7			75 76	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.5	0.8	2.0	2.
32	Chemical products	11.4	1.4			/6	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	5.7	1.7	-2.2	
33	Plastics and rubber products	2.4	1.9	10.5		77	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	1.8	-0.1	5.7	
34	Wholesale trade	1.0	2.2	4.6	1.2	78	Accommodation and food services	1.1	3.8	3.4	4.
35	Retail trade	2.2	3.6	6.4	2.9	79		1.1	3.8	1.6	
36	Transportation and warehousing	2.2	3.7	4.0	3.7	80	Accommodation Food services and drinking places	0.9	3.6	4.3	
37	Air transportation	10.1	13.2	11.9					-		
38	Rail transportation	-1.3	1.1			81	Other services, except government	0.3	1.1	1.2	2.4
39		-17.8	3.7	-8.9			Government	1.7	1.3	1.0	1.
40	Water transportation Truck transportation	-17.6 -0.5	1.3			83	Federal	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.1
- 1	•					84	General government	2.0	2.6	0.9	
41	Transit and ground passenger transportation	1.0	-1.8	0.4		85	Government enterprises	2.2	-2.3	5.3	
42	Pipeline transportation	15.3	4.6	3.4		86	State and local	1.5	1.0	0.7	1.3
43	Other transportation and support activities	1.7	1.9			87	General government	1.9	0.9	0.8	
44	Warehousing and storage	5.1	4.9	-2.7		88	Government enterprises	-3.1	1.9	-0.6	
45	Information	2.1	2.7	12.8			Addenda:				
46	Publishing industries (includes software)	-0.2	2.9			89		1.3	1.2	3.9	2.0
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	12.3	2.5			90	Private services-producing industries ²	1.5	3.2	4.9	4.
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	0.9	1.7	14.7		91	Information-communications-technology-producing	1.5	٥.٤	7.0	".
49	Information and data processing services	8.7	8.1	122		١ " ا	industries ³	2.0	6.7	12.9	11.9

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 4. Real Value Added by Industry, 2002-2005

[Billions of chained (2000) dollars]

Line		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	10,048.8	10,320.6	10,755.7	11,134.8	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	2,023.6	2,093.3	2,173.1	2,262.5
2	Private industries	8,817.1	9,060.3	9,481.7	9,838.8	51	Finance and insurance	790.0	837.0	845.3	902.0
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	96.8	104.2	106.0	1 '	52					
4	Farms	70.1	76.0	75.9			related activities	381.2	409.9	406.6	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	26.7	28.1	30.5		53 54		169.8 224.7	175.2 233.7	192.9 230.3	
6	Mining	107.6	106.0	108.4		55		12.0	14.1	14.9	
7	Oil and gas extraction	82.0	77.4	76.6			,			-	
8	Mining, except oil and gas	24.2	24.3			56 57		1,233.9 1,129.3	1,257.2 1,154.0	1,328.0 1,224.0	1,361.2
9	Support activities for mining	6.9	7.8	9.1		58		1,129.3	1,134.0	1,224.0	
10	Utilities	187.7	202.3	204.5	205.4	"	assets	104.3	102.7	103.3	
11	Construction	428.1	422.4	432.9	444.7	59		1,131.6	1,168.1	1.243.4	1.316.5
12	Manufacturing	1.384.4	1.410.4	1.478.1	1.536.6	60		668.8	684.2	732.7	784.1
13	Durable goods	827.7	863.2	917.8		61		132.6	136.5	135.6	704.1
14	Wood products	30.3	31.4	32.4		62		127.6	129.3	139.7	
15	Nonmetallic mineral products	45.5	46.6			63		127.0	120.0	100.7	
16	Primary metals	44.1	42.6			**	services	408.8	418.5	458.8	
17	Fabricated metal products	104.4	107.5			64		185.3	191.8	203.4	204.0
18	Machinery	93.3	92.3			65		277.7	292.3	307.5	328.7
19	Computer and electronic products	185.8	215.0	260.3		66		253.2	267.1	282.2	320.7
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	48.8	49.9			67	Waste management and remediation services	24.5	25.2	25.4	
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	127.5	143.2			68	, and the second				
22	Other transportation equipment	64.2	57.9			00	assistance	729.5	749.8	773.6	806.7
23	Furniture and related products	29.2	28.9			69		81.2	82.1	82.7	83.4
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	56.4	59.6	66.3		1				-	
25	Nondurable goods	555.7	548.8	563.8		70		648.4	667.9	691.2	724.1
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products	153.7	153.3	155.8		71 72		343.1 245.6	357.8 247.8	375.4 250.9	
27	Textile mills and textile product mills	21.4	23.1			73		60.1	63.2	66.7	
28		21.4				74		00.1	00.2	00.7	
29	Apparel and leather and allied products		18.7			'4	food services	353.7	364.1	375.2	390.6
	Paper products	50.8	48.9			75			95.4		99.4
30	Printing and related support activities	43.5	42.5			76		94.7	95.4	97.3	99.4
31 32	Petroleum and coal products	32.5 170.5	26.1 172.9	24.7		1 10	related activities	43.0	43.7	42.7	
33	Chemical products	62.9	64.0	70.8		77	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	51.7	51.7	54.7	
	•					78	3,	259.0	268.7	277.9	291.2
34	Wholesale trade	639.4	653.6	683.7	692.0	79	Accommodation	86.7	90.0	91.4	
35	Retail trade	724.0	749.9	797.7	821.1	80		172.3	178.7	186.4	
36	Transportation and warehousing	300.2	311.2	323.8		81	Other services, except government	226.1	228.6	231.4	237.0
37	Air transportation	62.8	71.1	79.5		82		1,232.4	1,248.0	1,260.0	1,274.3
38	Rail transportation	24.4	24.7	25.7		83		380.0	387.1	393.1	397.3
39	Water transportation	5.6	5.8			84		323.3	331.8	334.9	
40	Truck transportation	87.5	88.7	91.4		85	Government enterprises	56.9	55.6	58.5	
41	Transit and ground passenger transportation	14.6	14.4			86		852.4	860.8	866.8	876.9
42	Pipeline transportation	9.6	10.1			87	General government	787.1	794.4	800.7	0/0.9
43	Other transportation and support activities	70.6	72.0	75.5		88		65.4	66.6	66.2	
44	Warehousing and storage	25.6	26.9	26.1			Not allocated by industry 1	-9.4	-8.4	-41.3	
45	Information	487.0	500.0	563.8		"	Addenda:	3.4	0.4	71.0	
46	Publishing industries (includes software)	115.4	118.8	130.8		90		2,016.0	2,040.0	2.119.2	2.174.9
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	35.8	36.7	39.8		90		6,801.1	7,019.6	7,361.6	7.662.9
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	291.8	296.7	340.2		92	Information-communications-technology-producing	0,001.1	7,010.0	7,001.0	1,002.3
49	Information and data processing services	43.7	47.2			"	industries4	473.4	505.0	570.1	638.0
				23.0		1		1			

Chained (2000) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2000 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The value of not allocated by industry reflects the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, as well as the differences in source data used to estimate GDP by industry and the expenditures measure of real GDP.

2. Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.

^{3.} Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assistance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.
4. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 5. Chain-Type Price Indexes for Value Added by Industry, 2002–2005

[2000 = 100]

Line		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	104.187	106.304	109.098	112.146	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	105.843	107.983	111.035	113.788
2	Private industries	103.563	105.479	108.114	111.140	51	Finance and insurance	104.148	105.763	109.722	112.145
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	98.587	109.652	133.607	117.511	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and				
4	Farms	101.031	115.835	147.789			related activities	109.516	110.232	114.284	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	92.226	93.331	96.359		53 54	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments Insurance carriers and related activities	87.415 105.652	87.509 111.387	88.634 117.084	
6	Mining	98.966	134.235	158.544	202.169	55	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	162.482	139.192	149.338	
7	Oil and gas extraction	76.565	120.359	150.433		ı					
8	Mining, except oil and gas	111.048	112.874	121.512		56	Real estate and rental and leasing	106.911	109.393	111.854	114.819
9	Support activities for mining	244.070	278.099	287.604		57 58	Real estate	107.664	109.932	112.315	
10	Utilities	110.474	110.040	115.023	116.289	30	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets	98.985	103.839	107.224	
11	Construction	112.663	118.604	126.941	133.478	59	Professional and business services	105.068	105.803	107.224	111.549
12	Manufacturing	97.707	97.079	96.077	97.391						
13	Durable goods	93.602	91.004	89.787	89.519	60 61	Professional, scientific, and technical services	105.451	106.311	107.043	109.982
14	Wood products	100.319	105.120	121.082		62	Legal services	109.949	114.134	121.043	
15	Nonmetallic mineral products	100.900	99.028	101.519		63	Computer systems design and related services Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical	99.786	97.687	95.265	
16	Primary metals	95.060	90.695	109.527		03	servicesservices	105.705	106.403	106.185	
17	Fabricated metal products	102.894	101.502	104.227		64	Management of companies and enterprises	99.172	99.823	108.523	113.043
18	Machinery	103.450	103.072	99.490							
19	Computer and electronic products	66.836	58.436	50.959		65 66	Administrative and waste management services Administrative and support services	108.000	108.489	112.755 112.056	114.239
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	99.890	97.300	97.755		67	Waste management and remediation services	107.906 108.979	108.203 111.483	120.204	
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	93.232	90.753	86.260				100.979	111.403	120.204	
22	Other transportation equipment	108.429	112.313	115.379		68	Educational services, health care, and social	100.005	440 440	117 500	404 450
23	Furniture and related products	106.400	106.174	101.161		l	assistance	109.605	113.440	117.500	121.158
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	106.466	106.936	104.677		69	Educational services	114.903	121.391	128.468	135.560
25	Nondurable goods	103.995	106.372	105.724	109.655	70	Health care and social assistance	108.928	112.434	116.126	119.378
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products	112.490	111.312	107.788		71	Ambulatory health care services	105.441	107.521	110.011	
27	Textile mills and textile product mills	102.680	98.601	100.161		72 73	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	114.453	120.621	127.077	
28	Apparel and leather and allied products	99.019	98.509	95.747		74	Social assistance	105.510	106.431	106.227	
29	Paper products	98.969	95.064	91.543		/4	food services	107.862	109.522	113.091	116.714
30	Printing and related support activities	104.918	104.726	103.203		75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	108.130	111,414	114.641	118,618
31	Petroleum and coal products	80.770	128.568	140.910		76	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and	100.130	111.414	114.041	110.010
32	Chemical products	102.275	105.138	107.195		'	related activities	108.802	113.188	117.585	
33	Plastics and rubber products	104.230	102.483	99.369		77	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	107.586	109.947	112.222	
34	Wholesale trade	96.246	96.838	101.607	105.943	78	Accommodation and food services	107.774	108.849	112.539	116.039
35	Retail trade	99.390	100.146	99.085	I I	79	Accommodation	102.789	104.371	110.221	
36		101.449	103.347	102.825		80	Food services and drinking places	110.291	111.111	113.729	
37	Transportation and warehousing	77.009	77.890	67.155		81	Other services, except government	111.706	115.624	120.026	124.325
38		107.129	109.540	112.805		82	Government	108.608	113,343	117,722	121.819
	Rail transportation	123.722	156.546	150.900		83	Federal	109.831	115.508	121.070	124.557
39	Water transportation					84	General government	109.031	115.296	121.881	124.557
40 41	Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation	109.303 107.278	111.415 112.582	114.515 116.711		85	Government enterprises	113.255	116.154	115.705	
42	Pipeline transportation	119.834	104.068	102.925		86	State and local	108.065	112.378	116.223	120.596
43	Other transportation and support activities	103.955	104.000	110.190		87	General government	107.855	112.508	116.332	120.550
44	Warehousing and storage	104.718	105.143	103.675		88		110.385	110.605	114.705	
45	Information	99.173	98.366	95.552	95.492	"	Addenda:	110.000	. 10.000	. 1 1.7 00	
45	Publishing industries (includes software)	103.097	100.058	95.812		89		101.037	104.249	107.737	111.393
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	108.634	115.658	118.954		90	Private services-producing industries ²	104.311	104.249	107.737	111.081
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	95.588	94.509	91.696		91	Information-communications-technology-producing	104.311	100.047	100.230	111.00
49	Information and data processing services	105.642	106.102	102.149	I I	31	industries ³	88.014	83.345	78.089	75.387
73	morniation and data processing services	100.042	100.102	102.143				00.014	00.070	70.000	, 0.00

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Table 5.A. Percent Changes in Chain-Type Price Indexes for Value Added by Industry, 2002–2005

ine		2002	2003	2004	2005	Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
1	Gross domestic product	1.7	2.0	2.6	2.8	50		3.1	2.0	2.8	2.5
2	Private industries	1.5	1.9	2.5	2.8	51	Finance and insurance	2.8	1.6	3.7	2.2
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	-7.5 -9.4	11.2 14.7	21.8 27.6	-12.0	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and related activities	5.2	0.7	3.7	
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	-2.0	1.2	3.2		53		-4.3	0.1	1.3	
6	, o,				27.5	54		3.2	5.4	5.1	
7	Mining	-4.2	35.6 57.2	18.1	-	55		13.7	-14.3		
	Oil and gas extraction	-18.0		25.0		56		3.2	2.3	2.2	2.7
8	Mining, except oil and gas	5.6	1.6 13.9	7.7		57		3.6	2.3	2.2	2
- 1	Support activities for mining	47.7		3.4		58		3.0	2.1	2.2	
10	Utilities	-1.7	-0.4	4.5	1.1	30	assets	-1.1	4.9	3.3	
11	Construction	4.8	5.3	7.0	5.1	59		2.1	0.7	2.8	2.6
12	Manufacturing	-1.9	-0.6	-1.0	1.4					-	
13	Durable goods	-2.2	-2.8	-1.3	-0.3	60		2.5	0.8	0.7	2.7
14	Wood products	-1.0	4.8	15.2		61 62		4.0	3.8	6.1	
15	Nonmetallic mineral products	1.6	-1.9	2.5		63		-1.6	-2.1	-2.5	
16	Primary metals	-0.1	-4.6	20.8		63		3.2	0.7	-0.2	
17	Fabricated metal products	0.5	-1.4	2.7		١.,	services			-	
18	Machinery	0.7	-0.4	-3.5		64		0.4	0.7	8.7	4.2
19	Computer and electronic products	-11.2	-12.6	-12.8		65		2.4	0.5	3.9	1.3
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	-1.5	-2.6	0.5		66		2.2	0.3	3.6	
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts	-6.0	-2.7	-5.0		67	Waste management and remediation services	4.1	2.3	7.8	
22	Other transportation equipment	2.2	3.6	2.7		68	Educational services, health care, and social				
23	Furniture and related products	2.4	-0.2	-4.7			assistance	3.8	3.5	3.6	3.1
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing	2.8	0.4	-2.1		69		6.8	5.6	5.8	5.5
25	Nondurable goods	-1.4	2.3	-0.6	3.7	70	Health care and social assistance	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.8
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products	5.0	-1.0	-3.2		71	Ambulatory health care services	1.5	2.0	2.3	
27	Textile mills and textile product mills	-2.6	-4.0	1.6		72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities	6.4	5.4	5.4	
28	Apparel and leather and allied products	-1.3	-0.5	-2.8		73	Social assistance	1.5	0.9	-0.2	
29	Paper products	-1.4	-3.9	-3.7		74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and				
30	Printing and related support activities	1.3	-0.2	-1.5		' '	food services	3.7	1.5	3.3	3.2
31	Petroleum and coal products	-42.1	59.2	9.6		75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	3.4	3.0	2.9	3.5
32	Chemical products	-0.4	2.8	2.0		76		J	0.0		•
33	Plastics and rubber products	1.0	-1.7	-3.0			related activities	3.5	4.0	3.9	
34	Wholesale trade	0.4	0.6	4.9	4.3	77		3.3	2.2	2.1	
35	Retail trade	1.8	0.8	-1.1	1.8	78	Accommodation and food services	3.9	1.0	3.4	3.1
36	Transportation and warehousing	0.3	1.9	-0.5	5.0	79		0.3	1.5	5.6	
37	Air transportation	-12.1	1.1	-13.8		80		5.6	0.7	2.4	
38	Rail transportation	3.8	2.3	3.0		81		4.2	3.5	3.8	3.6
39	Water transportation	14.1	26.5	-3.6		82	Government	4.6	4.4	3.9	3.5
40	Truck transportation	3.0	1.9	2.8		83		6.1	5.2	4.8	2.9
41	Transit and ground passenger transportation	3.0	4.9	3.7		84		6.3	5.6	5.7	
42	Pipeline transportation	9.0	-13.2	-1.1		85	Government enterprises	5.1	2.6	-0.4	
			- 1			86	State and local	4.0	4.0	3.4	3.8
43 44	Other transportation and support activities	1.1 1.8	2.1	3.8		87	General government	4.0	4.3	3.4	
			0.4	-1.4		88	Government enterprises	3.7	0.2	3.7	
45	Information	-0.9	-0.8	-2.9	-0.1		Addenda:				
46	Publishing industries (includes software)	0.5	-2.9	-4.2		89		-0.8	3.2	3.3	3.4
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	3.2	6.5	2.8		90	Private services-producing industries 2	2.2	1.5	2.3	2.6
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	-2.4	-1.1	-3.0		91				0.0	
49	Information and data processing services	2.3	0.4	-3.7			industries ³	-3.7	-5.3	-6.3	-3.5

tance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.

3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assis-

Table 6. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 2002-2005

Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
	Percent change:				
1	Gross domestic product	1.6	2.7	4.2	3.5
	Percentage points:				
2	Private industries	1.25	2.40	4.05	3.29
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	0.05	0.07	0.02	-0.05
4	Mining	-0.07	-0.02	0.03	-0.04
5	Utilities	0.08	0.15	0.02	0.01
6	Construction	-0.09	-0.06	0.12	0.13
7	Manufacturing	0.36	0.24	0.59	0.48
8	Durable goods	0.13	0.31	0.44	0.39
9	Nondurable goods	0.23	-0.07	0.14	0.08
10	Wholesale trade	0.06	0.13	0.27	0.07
11	Retail trade	0.15	0.24	0.43	0.20
12	Transportation and warehousing	0.07	0.11	0.12	0.11
13	Information	0.10	0.12	0.56	0.34
14	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and	0.19	0.70	0.79	0.84
15	leasing Finance and insurance	0.19	0.70	0.79	0.64
16	Real estate and rental and leasing	0.17	0.47	0.06	0.33
17	Professional and business services	-0.02	0.24	0.70	0.32
18	Professional, scientific, and technical services	-0.02	0.30	0.73	0.00
19	Management of companies and enterprises	0.10	0.13	0.47	0.47
20	Administrative and waste management	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.01
	services	0.03	0.15	0.15	0.20
21	Educational services, health care, and social	0.00	00	00	0.20
	assistance	0.31	0.21	0.25	0.33
22	Educational services	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01
23	Health care and social assistance	0.29	0.20	0.24	0.32
24	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation,				
	and food services	0.06	0.11	0.11	0.15
25	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02
26	Accommodation and food services	0.03	0.10	0.09	0.13
27	Other services, except government	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.06
28	Government	0.21	0.16	0.12	0.14
29	Federal	0.08	0.08	0.06	0.04
30	State and local	0.13	0.09	0.06	0.10
	Addenda:				
31	Private goods-producing industries ¹	0.25	0.23	0.75	0.51
32	Private services-producing industries 2	1.00	2.17	3.29	2.78
33	Information-communications-technology-producing				
	industries ³	0.08	0.26	0.47	0.44

Table 7. Contributions to Percent Change in the Chain-Type Price Index for Gross Domestic Product by Industry Group, 2002-2005

Line		2002	2003	2004	2005
	Percent change:				
1	Gross domestic product	1.7	2.0	2.6	2.8
	Percentage points:				
2	Private industries	1.31	1.62	2.18	2.45
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	-0.07	0.10	0.23	-0.14
4	Mining	-0.05	0.35	0.23	0.39
5	Utilities	-0.03	-0.01	0.09	0.02
6	Construction	0.22	0.24	0.32	0.24
7	Manufacturing	-0.25	-0.08	-0.13	0.17
8	Durable goods	-0.17	-0.21	-0.10	-0.02
9	Nondurable goods	-0.08	0.12	-0.03	0.19
10	Wholesale trade	0.02	0.04	0.29	0.25
11	Retail trade	0.13	0.05	-0.07	0.12
12	Transportation and warehousing	0.01	0.05	-0.01	0.14
13	Information	-0.04	-0.04	-0.13	0.00
14	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and				
	leasing	0.62	0.42	0.58	0.51
15	Finance and insurance	0.22	0.12	0.30	0.18
16	Real estate and rental and leasing	0.40	0.29	0.28	0.33
17	Professional and business services	0.24	0.08	0.31	0.30
18	Professional, scientific, and technical services.	0.17	0.05	0.05	0.19
19	Management of companies and enterprises	0.01	0.01	0.15	0.08
20	Administrative and waste management				
~4	services	0.07	0.01	0.11	0.04
21	Educational services, health care, and social	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.04
22	assistance	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.24
23	Educational services	0.06 0.22	0.05 0.22	0.05 0.22	0.05 0.19
23 24		0.22	0.22	0.22	0.19
24	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	0.13	0.06	0.12	0.12
25	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	0.13	0.00	0.12	0.12
26	Accommodation and food services	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03
27	Other services, except government	0.10	0.03	0.09	0.08
28	Government	0.58	0.55	0.49	0.43
29 30	Federal	0.23	0.21	0.19	0.12 0.32
30	State and local	0.34	0.35	0.30	0.32
	Addenda:				
31	Private goods-producing industries 1	-0.16	0.61	0.65	0.66
32	Private services-producing industries ²	1.46	1.00	1.53	1.79
33	Information-communications-technology-producing	0.40	0.00	0.0-	
	industries ³	-0.16	-0.22	-0.25	-0.14

Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social assistance; arks, entertainnent, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.
 3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

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