Glossary

NOTE: For definitions of epidemiologic terms, readers are referred to *A Dictionary of Epidemiology* edited by John M. Last for the International Epidemiological Association (1983).

Analytic Data	A collection of static data files containing the data upon
File Set	which a researcher directly bases a study's reported

findings.

Analytic File A single Data File containing data upon which a

researcher directly bases a study's reported findings.

Authorized CEDR An individual who has submitted completed User
User Authorization forms (see catalog Appendix D) and

Authorization forms (see catalog Appendix D) and received necessary notification from DOE that authoriza-

tion has been approved.

CEDR Comprehensive Epidemiologic Data Resource. The

CEDR Program is managed by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Epidemiologic Studies (EH-62).

CEDRView Access to CEDR via the World Wide Web at

http://cedr.lbl.gov.

CER Center for Epidemiologic Research at the Oak Ridge

Institute for Science and Education.

Ci The abbreviation for curie. The curie is a unit of measure

used to describe the amount of radioactivity in material. One curie is that amount of radioactive material in which 37 billion $(3.7x10^{10})$ atoms are transformed per second. Fractions of a curie may be shown as nanocuries (nCi)

or picocuries (pCi).

CI Confidence Interval.

CNS Central Nervous System.

Cohort Any designated group of persons who are followed or

traced over a period of time. For example, a cohort may be defined as all white males working at a specific

facility during a specific period of time.

cpm	counts per minute.	
Data File	Rectangular fixed width file where rows are records and columns are variables.	
Data File Set	A collection of logically related files. CEDR contains two types of data sets: analytic and working.	
Data provider	An organization that provides data and structured documentation to CEDR.	
Diagnosis Rate	The number of new, reported health events observed per thousand individuals at risk during a given period of time.	
DOE	U.S. Department of Energy.	
dpm	disintegrations per minute.	
DS86	The dosimetry system that was developed in the early 1980s and used to refine the estimate of radiation doses received by the atomic bomb survivors in Japan.	
Facility	A specific DOE plant such as the X-10 Facility at the Oak Ridge Site.	
File	see Data File	
Hanford	A DOE Site in Richland, WA.	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer.	
ICD Codes	The International Classification of Diseases diagnostic codes. Standardized codes used to classify morbidity and mortality information for statistical purposes. Various versions are used throughout CEDR Data File Sets. ICD codes are defined by the World Health Organization (http://www.who.int/). Current version is ICD-10 (http://www.who.int/hst/icd-10/)	
K-25	Previously a gaseous diffusion Facility at the Oak Ridge Site that is currently being decomissioned.	
LANL	Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.	

· LBNL ·	Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, operated for DOE by the University of California. Operates the CEDR information system for DOE.	Site	A geographical area on which one or more major DOE : Facilities or plants are located. For example, the Oak Ridge Site includes the X-10, Y-12, and K-25 facilities. A site is sometimes referred to as a reservation.
MPBB	Maximum Permissible Body Burden.	· · SMR	Standardized Mortality Ratio.
; mSv	millisievert. A millisievert equals 0.001 sievert. Please refer to sievert and rem .	SSA	Social Security Administration.
· NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.	Structured Documentation	Documentation that describes CEDR Data Files, organized quasi-hierarchically:
ORAU	Oak Ridge Associated Universities, Oak Ridge, TN. This is the operating contractor of ORISE.		Date Files Set level is an overview File level describes a Data File Variable level describes a variable Code level describes code sets.
ORISE	Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education, Oak Ridge, TN.	:	Death Summary is a summary by ICD code.
· ORNL	Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN. Also known as X-10 Facility.	TLD .	Thermoluminescent dosimeter used to measure exposure to radiation.
. Po	Polonium.	· U	Uranium.
· · PNL ·	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, operated for DOE by Battelle in Richland, WA.	Variable Working Data	A specific field or data element in a file. Defined in CEDR as a collection of dynamic files that
: ppm	parts per million.	File Set	contains the data from which a researcher selects variables to analyze and forms an initial analytic data file set. The data in working data file sets may be
Primary User	An authorized CEDR user who is assigned a CEDR account number and may be the direct recipient of CEDR data.		gathered from a variety of sources and contain the least refined form of data in CEDR.
: : Pu :	Plutonium	Working File	Defined in CEDR as a file that contains the data from which a researcher selects variables to analyze and forms an initial analytic data file set. The data in
rem	A measure of radiation dose related to biological effect. Fractions of a rem may be shown as millirem or centirem. Also, 1 rem equals 1 centisievert (cSv), and 100 rem equals 1 sievert (Sv).		working files may be gathered from a variety of sources and contain the least refined form of data in CEDR.
: Secondary User	An Authorized CEDR User with whom a Primary User may share CEDR data.	. X-10	alternate name for Oak Ridge National Laboratory located at the Oak Ridge Site.
sievert sievert	A unit of radiation dose, equal to the dose delivered by a point source of 1 milligram of radium, enclosed in a platinum container with walls 1/2-millimeter thick, to a sample at a distance of 1 centimeter over a period of 1 hour. 1 sievert = 100 rem.	Y-12 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	a weapons production Facility at the Oak Ridge Site.