RALPH M. HALL, TEXAS
MICHAEL BILIRAKIS, FLORIDA
VICE CHAIRMAN
FRED UPTON, MICHIGAN
CLIFF STEARNS, FLORIDA
PAUL E. GILLMOR, OHIO
NATHAN DEAL, GEORGIA
ED WHITRIELD, KENTUCKY
CHARLIE NORWOOD, GEORGIA
BARBARA CUBIN, WYOMING
JOHN SHIMKUS, ILLINOIS
HEATHER WILSON, NEW MEXICO
JOHN B. SHADEGG, ARIZONA
CHARLES W. "CHIPP PICKERING, MISSISSIPPI
VICE CHAIRMAN
VITO FOSSELLA, NEW YORK
ROY BLUNIT, MISSOURI
STEVE BUYER, INDIANA
GEORGE RADANOVICH, CALIFORNIA
CHARLES F. BASS, NEW HAMPSHIRE
JOSEPH R. PITTS, PENNSYLVANIA
MARY BOND, CALIFORNIA
GREG WALDEN, OREGON
LEE TERRY, NEBRASKA
MIKE FERGUSON, NEW JERSEY
MIKE ROGERS, MICHIGAN
CLI. "BUTCH" OTTER, IDAHO
SULLIVAN, OKLAHOMA
TIM MURPHY, PENNSYLVANIA
MICHAEL C. BURGES, KEXAS

ONE HUNDRED NINTH CONGRESS

U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Energy and Commerce Washington, DC 20515-6115

JOE BARTON, TEXAS CHAIRMAN

September 15, 2005

JOHN D. DINGELL, MICHIGAN RANKING MEMBER HENRY A. WAXMAN, CALIFORNIA EDWARD J. MARKEY, MASSACHUSETTS RICK BOUCHER, VIRGINIA EDOLPHUS TOWNS, NEW YORK FRANK PALLONE, JR., NEW JERSEY SHERROD BROWN, OHIO BART GORDON, TENNESSEE BOBBY L. RUSH, ILLINOIS ANNA G. ESHOO, CALIFORNIA BART STUPAK, MICHIGAN ELIOT L. ENGEL, NEW YORK ALBERT R. WYNN, MARYLAND GENE GREEN, TEXAS TEO STRICKLAND, OHIO DIANA DEGETTE, COLORADO LOIS CAPPS, CALIFORNIA MIKE DOYLE, PENNSYLVANIA TOM ALLEN, MAINE JIM DAVIS, FLORIDA JAN SCHAKOWSKY, ILLINOIS HILDA L. SOLIS, CALIFORNIA CHARLES A. GONZALEZ, TEXAS JAY INSLEE, WASHINGTON TAMMY BALOWIN, WISCONSIN MIKE ROSS, ARKANSAS

MARSHA BLACKBURN, TENNESSEE
BUD ALBRIGHT, STAFF DIRECTOR

The Honorable Samuel W. Bodman Secretary Department of Energy Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585

Dear Secretary Bodman:

The devastation wrought by Hurricane Katrina demonstrated what energy experts have been telling us for months, if not years – that our Nation's refining industry is operating at maximum capacity and unable to absorb unexpected shutdowns without serious effects on retail prices. Many have suggested that the construction of new refineries will lessen the risk of another supply disruption, lower retail gasoline prices, and help meet the Nation's growing demand for refined products. The question for policymakers is how to spur growth in this capital intensive, highly complex industry without sacrificing environmental quality or local concerns.

Last week the Committee on Energy and Commerce held a hearing entitled "Recovering from Katrina" during which several witnesses discussed the importance of expanding the Nation's refining capacity. We expect further Committee action on this matter, and note that we have not yet heard from several important stakeholders, including state and local officials. As the Committee continues to investigate what, if any, policy changes need to be made in order to avoid future disruptions in retail gasoline supply, I would appreciate the Department's assistance in gathering information that may be relevant to our deliberations.

According to statistics gathered by the Energy Information Administration, some 30 refineries have closed in the United States since 1995, representing over 900,000 barrels per day of refining capacity. Has the refining industry made any effort to date to bring any of these facilities back online? Has the Department conducted any analysis of the readiness of these facilities to be restarted? If so, please provide it. If not, I would appreciate the Department's analysis of the readiness of these facilities to be restarted. We trust you have information available to you, or otherwise readily available, to include the following information in your analysis:

The Honorable Samuel W. Bodman Page 2

- (1) the last date on which the refinery produced refined petroleum products and its throughput capacity at that time;
- (2) whether substantial equipment and infrastructure remain that would allow production of gasoline and other refined products to resume within a reasonable time; and
- (3) whether appropriate transportation facilities, including necessary pipeline hookups, remain in place. If the owners have provided to you estimates of the time and capital expenditures required to reopen the facility, we would appreciate them as well.

On April 27, 2005, President Bush proposed a policy of siting new refineries on closed military bases. What efforts has the Department undertaken to promote this policy? How many closed military bases has the Department determined may be suitable locations to site a new refinery? How many inquiries have been made by the refining industry to the Department (or any other Federal agency) expressing an interest in siting a new refinery on a closed military base? If the Department or any other Federal agency has no information as to the suitability of these facilities to be used for the siting of new refineries, I would appreciate the Department conducting an analysis and transmitting this information to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. Given Chairman Barton's expressed wish to move expeditiously, I would appreciate your response no later than the close of business on Friday, September 30, 2005. If you have any questions regarding this request please contact me, or have your staff contact Bruce Harris, Minority Professional Staff member, at (202) 226-3400.

Sincerely,

JOHN D. DINGELL RANKING MEMBER

cc: The Honorable Joe Barton, Chairman Committee on Energy and Commerce

The Honorable Ralph M. Hall, Chairman Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality

The Honorable Rick Boucher, Ranking Member Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality