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RAILROAD COMMISSION OF TEXAS OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Chairman Barry T. Smitherman

Commissioner David Porter Commissioner Christi Craddick

FROM:

Cristina Self. Attorney-General Counsel Section

Office of General Counsel

THROUGH: Lindil C. Fowler, General Counsel

DATE:

June 10, 2014

SUBJECT:

Proposal of amendments to 16 Tex. Admin. Code

88.1. General Applicability and Standards; and

§8.215, Odorization of Gas.

J	une 17, 20	14
Approved	Denied	Abstain
Chon		

Attached are Staff's recommended preamble and rule text for the proposal of amendments to 16 TAC §8.1, relating to General Applicability and Standards; and to 16 TAC §8.215, relating to Odorization of Gas.

The proposed amendments to §8.1 would update minimum safety standards by stating that the Commission adopts by reference all federal pipeline safety regulations (promulgated by the U.S. Department of Transportation) as of the effective date of the amended rule. This will ensure that all recent amendments and corrections to the federal rules will be incorporated into the Commission's rules, as required by State Program Guidelines. The proposed amendments to §8.215 would clarify that wicktype farm tap odorizers, though exempt from certain equipment reporting requirements, must continue to comply with gas odorization requirements.

Staff requests the Commission's approval to publish the proposed rule amendments in the Texas Register for a 30-day comment period. If approved at conference on June 17th, the proposal should appear in the July 4th issue of the Texas Register. This proposal and an online comment form would also be made available on the Commission's website the day after conference, giving interested persons more than two additional weeks to review and submit comments to the Commission.

cc:

Jason Boatright, Director -General Counsel Section Polly McDonald, Director - Pipeline Safety Division Milton Rister, Executive Director

Wei Wang, Chief Financial Office

The Railroad Commission of Texas (Commission) proposes amendments to §8.1, relating to General Applicability and Standards, to update federal provisions and citations, and to §8.215, relating to Odorization of Gas, to clarify an exemption for certain farm tap odorizers.

The Commission proposes the amendments in §8.1(b) to update the minimum safety standards by adopting by reference the United States Department of Transportation's (USDOT) pipeline safety standards found in 49 U.S.C. §§60101, et seq.; 49 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 191, Transportation of Natural and Other Gas by Pipeline; Annual Reports, Incident Reports, and Safety-Related Condition Reports; 49 CFR Part 192, Transportation of Natural and Other Gas by Pipeline: Minimum Federal Safety Standards; 49 CFR Part 193, Liquefied Natural Gas Facilities: Federal Safety Standards; 49 U.S.C. §§60101, et seq.; 49 CFR Part 195, Transportation of Hazardous Liquids by Pipeline; 49 CFR Part 199, Drug and Alcohol Testing; and 49 CFR Part 40, Procedures for Transportation Workplace Drug and Alcohol Testing Programs. The current rule adopts the federal pipeline safety standards as of October 1, 2011; the proposed amendment changes the date to the effective date of this section.

The most significant change in the federal pipeline regulations since October 1, 2011, updated the administrative civil penalty maximums for violation of the safety standards to reflect current federal law; updated the informal hearing and adjudication process for pipeline enforcement matters to reflect current law; and made other technical corrections and updates to certain administrative procedures. The amendments did not impose any new operating, maintenance, or other substantive requirements on pipeline owners or operators, and became effective October 25, 2013. By amending the text of §8.1 to provide that the Commission adopts all federal pipeline safety regulations adopted by reference in this section as of the effective date of the section, the Commission will ensure that all amendments and corrections to the federal rules have been incorporated into the Commission's rules, as required by State Program Guidelines.

The proposed amendments to §8.215(e)(2) clarify the exemption for reporting certain information about certain types of farm tap odorizers. Currently, and consistent with the federal requirements for gas odorization set forth in 49 CFR §192.625, the Commission requires each gas company to conduct odorant concentration tests according to the requirements in the rule, and to record and maintain certain information regarding the tests in its files for at least two years. The reports must include the odorizer name and location; the malodorant concentration meter make, model, and serial number; the date the test was performed, test time, odorizer tested, and distance from odorizer; the test results indicating the percent of gas in air when the malodor was readily detectable; and the signature of the person performing the test. As currently written, the provision in subsection (e)(2) appears to exempt farm tap odorizers from the odorization testing requirements of paragraph (1) of this subsection. This exemption is not consistent with the requirements of §192.625.

Historically, operators were not required to perform the testing of farm tap odorizers that is now required in §8.215(e)(1). Farm taps were assigned an odorizer ID number and the homeowner or operator was required to fill out certain forms for each farm tap and submit them to the Commission on a quarterly basis. Approximately ten years ago, the Commission moved the pipeline safety rules from Chapter 7 of the Texas Administrative Code to Chapter 8, simultaneously making a number of clarifying organizational changes. The intent of subsection (e)(2) at that time was to remove the requirement for odorizers to have ID numbers and to eliminate the requirement that odorizer equipment reports be performed on wick-type odorizers.

Typically, a wick-type odorizer is a small steel bottle, containing only a pint to a quart of odorant, and installed on the service line adjacent to the meter. Similar to those used in a kerosene lantern, one end of the wick extends through a hole in the container while the other end is placed directly in the stream of gas. The odorant is drawn up the wick from the container into the gas stream. There is no manufactured equipment and therefore no malodorant concentration meter make, model, and serial number to report.

When the rules were previously amended, there was no intent to remove the requirement that operators test for adequate odorization; the Commission has continued to require operators to conduct those tests. The intent was to exempt wick-type odorizers from the equipment reporting requirements. The proposed amendment expressly states the limit of the exemption.

Mary Ross McDonald, Director, Pipeline Safety Division, has determined that for the first five years the amendments will be in effect, there will be minimal fiscal implications for state and local governments as a result of enforcing or administering the proposed amendment. Texas intrastate pipeline operators already must comply with the federal pipeline safety requirements that are adopted by reference in §8.1; the Commission's proposed amendment merely updates the effective date of the incorporation of those federal regulations. Additionally, Ms. McDonald has determined that the amendments to §8.215(e)(2) simply clarify the wording in the rule to conform to the manner in which this provision has historically been administered. There will be no change to the operating procedures of the Pipeline Safety Division and therefore no effect on pipeline operators that have farm taps.

Ms. McDonald has determined that for each year of the first five years that the amendments will be in effect, the primary public benefit will be maintaining accurate references in the rule to the federal pipeline safety standards that are enforced by the Commission, and an accurate statement of the exemption criteria for reporting certain types of information regarding farm tap odorizers.

The Commission anticipates that there will be no probable economic cost or adverse effect upon individuals, small businesses, or micro-businesses resulting from compliance with the proposed amendments. The proposed amendment to §8.1 would simply change the date as of which the Commission has adopted by reference the federal pipeline safety rules. Texas pipeline operators are already required to comply with the federal rules. Under 49 U.S.C. §§60101, et seq., the Commission is authorized to enforce pipeline safety regulations so long as the state's scheme of regulation is as strict as or stricter than the federal system. In order to be considered "as strict as or stricter than" the federal

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scheme of regulation, the state must adopt every federal rule; there are no exceptions for rules of limited application. Therefore, even though the rules already apply in Texas, the Commission must also adopt the rules by reference. The proposed amendment to §8.215(e)(2) will accurately state the exemption for reporting equipment information for wick-type farm tap odorizers.

Texas Government Code, §2006.002, relating to Adoption of Rules with Adverse Economic Effect, requires that as a part of the rulemaking process, a state agency prepare an economic impact statement that assesses the potential impact of a proposed rule on small businesses and micro-businesses, and a regulatory flexibility analysis that considers alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the rule if the proposed rule will have an adverse economic effect on small businesses or micro-businesses.

Because the Commission has determined that the proposed amendment is not anticipated to have an adverse economic effect on individuals, small businesses, or micro-businesses that are pipeline operators, and because the Commission has determined that it is consistent with the health, safety, and environmental and economic welfare of the state to have all persons engaged in the operation of pipelines and pipeline facilities conform to the same safety standards, rather than allowing those operators that are small businesses to follow some other standards, the economic impact statement and regulatory flexibility analysis described in Texas Government Code, §2006.002, are not required.

The Commission finds that the proposed amendments will not affect a local economy. Therefore, the Commission has not prepared a local employment impact statement pursuant to Texas Government Code, §2001.022.

Ms. McDonald has determined that the proposed amendments are not major environmental rules, as the proposed amendments do not meet the criteria set forth in Texas Government Code, §2001.0225(a). Accordingly, the Commission has not prepared the draft impact analysis or final regulatory analysis required under that section.

Comments on the proposal may be submitted to Rules Coordinator, Office of General Counsel,

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Railroad Commission of Texas, P.O. Box 12967, Austin, Texas 78711-2967; online at www.rrc.state.tx.us/legal/rules/comment-form-for-proposed-rulemakings; or by electronic mail to rulescoordinator@rrc.state.tx.us. The Commission will accept comments until noon (12:00 p.m.) on Monday, August 4, 2014, which is 31 days after publication in the *Texas Register*. Comments should refer to GUD No. 10350. The Commission finds that this comment period is reasonable because the proposal and an online comment form will be available on the Commission's web site more than two weeks prior to *Texas Register* publication of the proposal, giving interested persons additional time to review, analyze, draft, and submit comments. The Commission encourages all interested persons to submit comments no later than the deadline. The Commission cannot guarantee that comments submitted after the deadline will be considered. For further information, call Ms. McDonald at (512) 463-7008. The status of Commission rulemakings in progress is available at www.rrc.state.tx.us/legal/rules/proposed-rules.

The Commission proposes the amendments under Texas Natural Resources Code, §81.051 and §81.052, which give the Commission jurisdiction over all common carrier pipelines in Texas, persons owning or operating pipelines in Texas, and their pipelines and oil and gas wells, and authorize the Commission to adopt all necessary rules for governing and regulating persons and their operations under the jurisdiction of the Commission as set forth in §81.051, including such rules as the Commission may consider necessary and appropriate to implement state responsibility under any federal law or rules governing such persons and their operations; Texas Natural Resources Code, §§117.001-117.101, which give the Commission jurisdiction over all pipeline transportation of hazardous liquids or carbon dioxide and over all hazardous liquid or carbon dioxide pipeline facilities as provided by 49 U.S.C. Section 60101, et seq.; and Texas Utilities Code, §§121.201-121.210, which authorize the Commission to adopt safety standards and practices applicable to the transportation of gas and to associated pipeline facilities within Texas to the maximum degree permissible under, and to take any other requisite action in

1	accordance with, 49 United States Code Annotated, §§60101, et seq.
2	Texas Natural Resources Code, §81.051, §81.052, and §§117.001-117.101; Texas Utilities Code
3	§§121.201-121.211; §121.251 and §121.253, §§121.5005-121.507; and 49 United States Code
4	Annotated, §§60101, et seq., are affected by the proposed amendments.
5	Statutory authority: Texas Natural Resources Code, §81.051, §81.052, and §§117.001-117.101;
6	Texas Utilities Code, §§121.201-121.211; §121.251 and §121.253, §§121.5005-121.507; and 49 United
7	States Code Annotated, §§60101, et seq.
8	Cross-reference to statute: Texas Natural Resources Code, Chapter 81 and Chapter 117; Texas
9	Utilities Code, Chapter 121; and 49 United States Code Annotated, Chapter 601.
10	
11	§8.1. General Applicability and Standards.
12	(a) (No change.)
13	(b) Minimum safety standards. The Commission adopts by reference the following provisions, as
14	modified in this chapter, effective as of the effective date of this section [October 1, 2011].
15	(1)-(4) (No change.)
16	(c)-(g) (No change.)
17	
18	§8.215. Odorization of Gas.
19	(a)-(d) (No change.)
20	(e) Malodorant concentration tests and reports.
21	(1) (No change.)
22	(2) Wick-type farm [Farm] tap odorizers shall be exempt from the odorization
23	equipment reporting [testing] requirements of paragraph (1)(B) [(1)] of this subsection.
24	

1	(3) (No change.)
2	This agency hereby certifies that the proposal has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be
3	within the agency's legal authority to adopt.
4	Issued in Austin, Texas, on June 17, 2014.
5	Filed with the Office of the Secretary of State on June 17, 2014.
	Cristina Martinez Self
	Rules Attorney, Office of General Counsel
	Railroad Commission of Texas