



*Southwestern Pennsylvania Marcellus Shale Short-Term Ambient Air Sampling Report*

**November 1, 2010**

**Commonwealth of Pennsylvania  
Department of Environmental Protection**

**Edward G. Rendell, Governor  
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania**

**John Hanger, Secretary  
Department of Environmental Protection**

*Prepared by  
PA DEP, Bureau of Air Quality*

[www.depweb.state.pa.us](http://www.depweb.state.pa.us)

**Table of Contents**

Executive Summary ..... ii

Introduction..... 1

Ambient Air Sampling..... 3

    Equipment..... 5

        Mobile Analytical Unit..... 5

        Canister Sampling..... 7

        FLIR Infrared Camera..... 7

    Sampling Sites ..... 9

        Florence COPAMS – Week of April 26..... 9

        Stewart Compressor Station – Week of May 17..... 10

        Cross Creek Tank Farm – Week of June 7 ..... 11

        Energy Corp. Compressor Station – Week of June 28 ..... 12

        Yeager Impoundment – Week of July 19 ..... 13

Sampling Results ..... 14

    Mobile Analytical Unit..... 14

    Canister Sampling..... 15

    FLIR Infrared Camera..... 16

Acute Risk Characterization ..... 17

    Hazard Quotients for MAU Samples..... 18

    Hazard Quotients for Canister Samples..... 19

    National Ambient Air Quality Standards..... 19

    Odors..... 20

Discussion..... 20

Next Steps ..... 21

References..... 22

Appendices..... 24

    Appendix A: Mobile Analytical Unit OP-FTIR Data..... 25

    Appendix B: Canister Data ..... 35

    Appendix C: Reference Concentrations..... 37

    Appendix D: Mobile Analytical Unit Hazard Calculations ..... 39

    Appendix E: Canister Hazard Calculations ..... 45

    Appendix F: Mobile Analytical Unit Meteorological Data ..... 46

## **Executive Summary**

Since 2005, natural gas exploration activities in the Marcellus Shale Formation have increased significantly in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—more than 1,900 wells have been drilled, primarily in the southwest, northeast and northcentral regions. In response to the increased number of well sites and concerns about the impact of the Marcellus Shale natural gas drilling activities on air quality, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PA DEP or Department) launched a short-term, screening-level air quality sampling initiative in the southwest region in April 2010; the project was completed in August 2010. This report provides findings of the air sampling surveys in Greene and Washington counties; background air samples were collected in Washington County.

The scope of this short-term air monitoring study was limited to several natural gas facilities in Washington and Greene counties. Due to the limited scope and duration of the sampling and the limited number of sources and facilities sampled, the findings only represent conditions at the time of the sampling and do not represent a comprehensive study of emissions. While this short-term sampling effort does not address the cumulative impact of air emissions from natural gas operations in southwestern Pennsylvania, the sampling results will provide basic information on the type of pollutants emitted to the atmosphere during selected phases of gas extraction operations in the Marcellus Shale formation. This information will also be utilized to determine if the scope of the study should be expanded and will identify areas where additional sampling may be warranted or additional measures should be implemented for the protection of public health and the environment.

Surveys of the atmosphere were conducted during a five-week period using the Department's Bureau of Laboratories Mobile Analytical Unit (MAU) to measure the concentrations of a target list of pollutants associated with gas drilling. The Mobile Analytical Unit used Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) and Open Path Fourier Transform Infrared (OP-FTIR or Open Path) samplers to screen for approximately 48 volatile organic compounds (VOCs) including methane and benzene. Additional air samples were collected in canisters over a 24-hour period and analyzed by the PA DEP Laboratory. The five sampling weeks focused on ambient air pollution levels near two different compressor stations, a condensate tank farm, a wastewater impoundment and a background site.

The project goals include the short-term screening of ambient air concentrations of target pollutants near certain of Marcellus Shale gas drilling operations, assessing preliminary air quality impacts and determining if there were any immediate health risks from ambient pollutant concentrations to nearby residents or communities.

The key findings are as follows:

- Short-term sampling did detect concentrations of certain natural gas constituents including methane, ethane and propane, and associated

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

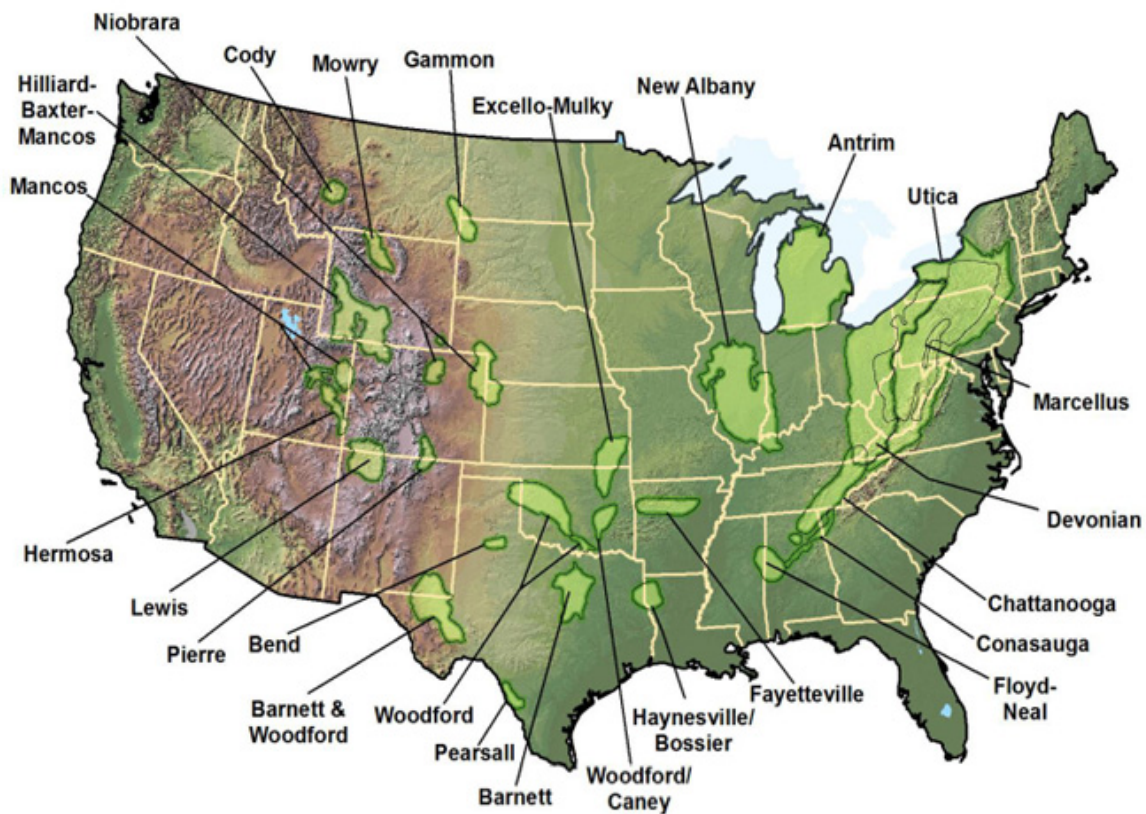
compounds such as benzene, in the air near Marcellus Shale drilling operations.

- Most of the compounds were detected during short-term sampling at two compressor stations in Greene and Washington counties.
- Certain compounds, mainly methyl mercaptan, were detected at levels which generally produce odors.
- Results of the limited ambient air sampling initiative conducted in the southwest region did not identify concentrations of any compound that would likely trigger air-related health issues associated with Marcellus Shale drilling activities.
- Sampling for carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide and ozone, did not detect levels above National Ambient Air Quality Standards at any of the sampling sites. The Department has not yet determined if the potential cumulative emissions of these pollutants from many natural gas exploration activities will result in violations of the health and welfare based federal standards.
- A specialized infrared camera that can detect emissions of certain pollutants from a source that otherwise may be invisible to the naked eye, did detect fugitive emissions from sources at the Energy Corp. Compressor Station. These emissions could contribute to the ambient concentrations detected at the site.

The PA DEP plans to continue short-term sampling near natural gas operations in the northcentral and northeast regions of the Commonwealth, specifically in Bradford, Susquehanna and Tioga counties. This sampling initiative will focus on emissions from compressor stations to determine if there is a consistent emissions profile statewide. The PA DEP will also attempt to sample during other natural gas exploration activities, such as flaring and actual drilling. When sampling is completed in the northcentral and northeast regions, the PA DEP will evaluate the results obtained in all three regions to determine the necessity and scope of future sampling or monitoring programs.

**Introduction**

Shale gas is available in many basins across the United States (Figure 1). The Marcellus Shale Formation, which extends from New York into Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Virginia, and West Virginia, and covers approximately 95,000 square miles, is the most expansive shale gas “play” in the United States. The Marcellus play located within the borders of Pennsylvania is now one of the most active shale plays in terms of drilling, with operations primarily in the southwest, northcentral and northeast portions of the state. However, the Barnett Shale play in the Fort Worth Texas basin is the most active play in the country.

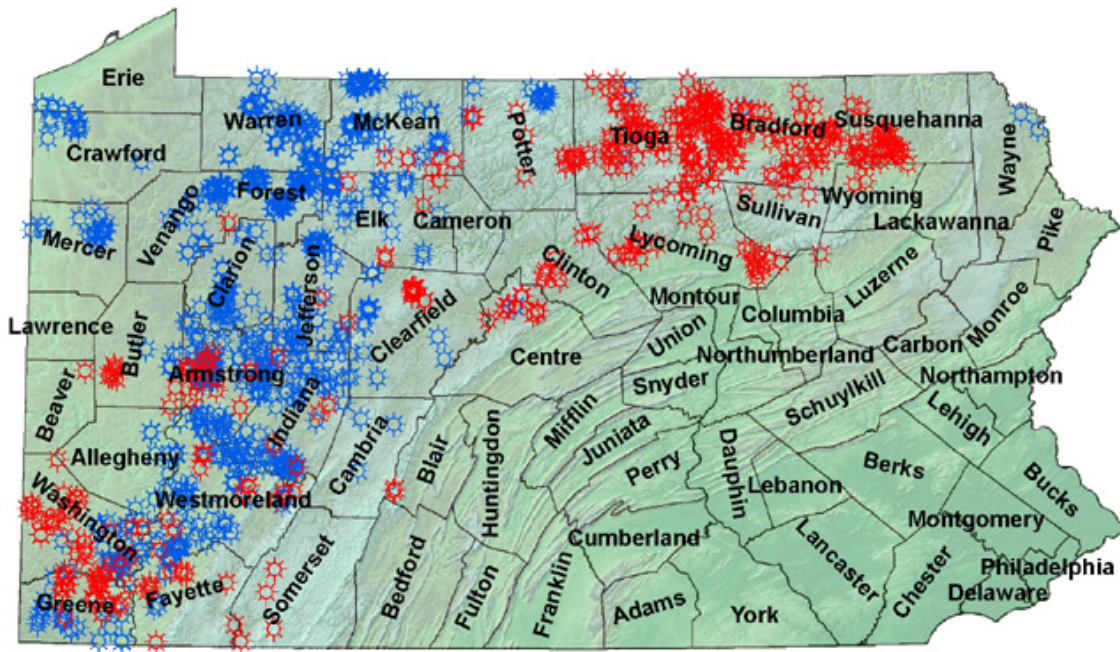


Source: U.S. DOE, 2009

Figure 1: Gas shale formations in the United States (U.S. DOE, 2009).

In recent years, the number of Marcellus Shale wells drilled in Pennsylvania has rapidly increased. In 2008, the number of wells drilled to tap Marcellus Shale gas was 195. In 2009 that number jumped to 768. Since January 2010, 903 wells have been drilled (Figure2) (Pa. DEP, 2010a).

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010



Source: Pa. DEP, 2010a

Figure 2: Map of Marcellus (red) and non-Marcellus (blue) wells drilled in Pennsylvania in the first eight months of 2010 (Pa. DEP, 2010a).

The extraction of natural gas from Marcellus Shale involves many stages and provides many opportunities for the release of air pollutants during the process. The major stages of natural gas extraction include:

- Pad, Impoundment and Road Construction – All drilling operations need a flat area of certain acreage to conduct the drilling activities. Impoundments for fresh water or wastewater may also be built. Pollutants are emitted from diesel engines and dust is produced from truck traffic and heavy equipment.
- Drilling – Drilling rigs require power from diesel engines. Again more emissions from these engines.
- Fracturing – During this stage, large amounts of water and fracturing fluid are pumped into the well to create fractures for the gas to escape from the shale. A portion of the fluid is returned into a wastewater impoundment where it is eventually trucked for treatment. Emissions can come from diesel engines, the evaporation of the wastewater and the release of fracturing fluid chemicals, heavy metals and volatile organic compounds.
- Flaring – Flaring is done to test the gas well before production. Emissions are created from the burning of gas and atmospheric venting of non-combusted gas.

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

- Condensate Tanks – Gas pumped from the well may contain brine and other volatile organic compounds that condense into collection tanks. Air space in the tanks is vented to the atmosphere during periods of filling. If the nature of the gas is considered “wet” (vs. “dry”), the condensate may contain many other compounds such as benzene, toluene and xylenes.
- Compressor stations – Raw gas is piped from wells to compressor stations where the gas is pre-treated and compressed. Emissions from diesel engines that power the compressors, fugitive emissions from compression equipment, pipes and tanks are possible.

Along with the increased drilling operations described above, there has been an increase in the number of complaints to the Department’s regional offices. A majority of the complaints have focused primarily on odors and nuisance dust from truck traffic.

**Ambient Air Sampling**

Prior to launching its Marcellus Shale short-term monitoring initiative, the PA DEP examined air sampling projects conducted by other states in separate shale basins (i.e. Barnett Shale in Forth Worth, Texas) during the development of the sampling protocol for this project. The sampling goals for this project were to obtain preliminary Pennsylvania-specific concentrations of certain pollutants emitted at, or near, natural gas Marcellus Shale exploration activities. As a result, the sampling goals are to:

- screen for ambient air concentrations of target pollutants near certain Marcellus Shale gas drilling operations;
- assess potential air quality impacts;
- assess any potential health risks from exposure to ambient concentrations; and
- determine whether the scope of the short-term Marcellus sampling initiative should be expanded.

The PA DEP is conducting short-term air sampling studies near natural gas operations in densely-drilled areas in the southwest, northcentral and northeast regions of the Commonwealth. This report focuses solely on Marcellus ambient air sampling completed in Washington and Greene counties in the southwest region in August 2010. This report does not address water quality or other environmental issues dealing with natural gas extraction.

Air sampling surveys in the northcentral and northeast regions including Bradford, Tioga and Susquehanna counties should be completed by the end of the year. The Department will prepare and issue reports for each of these regions when sampling in their respective areas are completed.

The general overview of the sampling plan is to conduct continuous downwind sampling near sources at natural gas facilities, and collect individual samples at population points at further distances from the source.



**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

For the purpose of this report, a population point can either be an individual residence, community or town. The PA DEP sampling in the southwest region consisted of five, week-long, sampling events.

Table 1 provides a list of target compounds that was selected by PA DEP for this project. The list was compiled based on target information from other shale gas studies (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality [TCEQ], 2010; NYDEC, 2009; Town of Dish, 2009; Fed. Reg. 72:1; Pa. DEP, 2010b; Texas Environmental Research Consortium [TERC], 2009). The list also shows the PA DEP Bureau of Laboratories (BOL) capability to “detect” these target compounds by the various methods utilized during the project.

The main constituent of natural gas is methane. There are other compounds in natural gas found in lesser quantities (ethane, propane and butane), and still more in trace amounts.

- Methane, Ethane, Propane and Butane – Simple straight-chained molecules containing carbon and hydrogen, these compounds when isolated or combined are used mainly as fuels. Burning these compounds in the presence of excess oxygen produces carbon dioxide and water. Incomplete combustion can produce undesirable pollutants such as carbon monoxide and formaldehyde. Methane itself is a potent greenhouse gas. Standards have been established for acceptable concentrations of these compounds in workplace settings. However, there are no standards for acceptable levels in ambient air.
- “BTEX” – A group of compounds, namely Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene and Xylene that are primarily found in petroleum derivatives are the main constituents of gasoline, however they are naturally occurring in some shale gas formations. They are also used as solvents and/or intermediates in the production of other chemicals. There are many health-related issues associated with chronic exposure to these compounds, mainly neurological effects. Benzene is also associated with hematological and carcinogenic effects.
- Methyl mercaptan – Methyl mercaptan is a naturally occurring compound present in some shale gas formations as well as in crude oil. Methyl mercaptan has a strong unpleasant smell that can be detected by the human nose at very low levels. Olfactory fatigue, or the inability to no longer smell methyl mercaptan, occurs after prolonged exposure.
- Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen dioxide, Ozone – These pollutants are part of a group of six criteria air pollutants that are considered harmful to public health and the environment above certain levels. These pollutants come from or are caused by reactions of emissions from a wide variety of sources such as industry, energy production and mobile sources. The federal government has created ambient air standards for these pollutants that states strive to meet through permitting, planning, etc.



## *Equipment*

### **Mobile Analytical Unit**

The PA DEP BOL Mobile Analytical Unit (MAU) was deployed for each sampling week. The BOL utilized two MAU sampling vehicles, the MAU-1 and the MAU-4, when sampling:

**MAU-1** – A RV-sized vehicle that houses an Agilent 6890/5975 MSD Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer (GC/MS) with a Dynatherm IACEM 980 Air Sampler. For each sample, a total of 0.5L of air was acquired at a constant rate over a 5-minute time period. Air samples were collected once per hour for the duration of the sampling session.

**MAU-4** – A utility-sized truck that houses a RAM 2000 Open Path Fourier Transform Infrared Spectrometer (OP-FTIR or Open Path sampler). Pollutants in air between the MAU-4, containing the OP-FTIR, and a strategically-placed mirror are measured using an infrared beam that bounces off the mirror and back to a detector (referred to as the open path). The actual emplacement of the OPFTIR equipment depends on factors including topography, site layout, safety considerations and current meteorological conditions. A tradeoff exists between the length of the open path and detection limits; the longer the path, the higher the detection limits. The minimum length of the open path as well as other operational procedures, are based on the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Compendium Method TO-16 (U.S. EPA, 1999a). A list of compounds that the OP-FTIR can detect can be found in the data files in Appendix A.

The MAU was set up downwind of the target source and operated continuously during selected sampling windows. The sampling windows were designed to capture pollutant concentrations during the early morning hours and late evening hours, to reflect the predominate times when complaints related to Marcellus gas exploration activities are received by PA DEP.

During the sampling week, the MAU would travel from Harrisburg to the sampling site and conduct six sampling sessions before returning to Harrisburg. Three of the sessions would run from 5:00 am to 12:00 pm and three would run from 5:00 pm to 12:00 am. PA DEP regional personnel familiar with the area, the drilling activities and reported complaints were assigned to provide support during the MAU sampling sessions.

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

Table 1: List of target compounds and PA DEP sampling capability.

CAS#	Target Compounds	DEP Sampling Capability		
		MAU	Canister	FLIR Camera
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane		x	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		x	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		x	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane		x	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene		x	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	x	x	
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane		x	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane		x	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane		x	
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene		x	
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene		x	
67-64-1	Acetone		x	
71-43-2	Benzene	x	x	x
74-83-9	Bromomethane		x	
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	x	x	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride		x	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		x	
75-01-4	Chloroethene		x	
67-66-3	Chloroform		x	
74-87-3	Chloromethane	x	x	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	x		
110-82-7	Cyclohexane		x	
74-84-0	Ethane	x		x
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	x	x	x
107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol			
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	x		
7647-01-0	Hydrogen Chloride	x		
7783-06-4	Hydrogen Sulfide	x		
74-82-8	Methane	x		x
67-56-1	Methanol	x		x
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride		x	
108-38-3	m-Xylene	x		
91-20-3	Naphthalene	x		
106-97-8	n-Butane	x		x
110-54-3	n-Hexane	x	x	x
	Nitrogen oxides	x		
95-47-6	o-Xylene	x	x	x
74-98-6	Propane	x		x
115-07-1	Propene		x	
106-42-3	p-Xylene	x		x
100-42-5	Styrene	x	x	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		x	
108-88-3	Toluene	x	x	x
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene		x	
1330-20-7	Xylenes, Mixture		x	x

### **Canister Sampling**

Air canister samples were collected using a method based on EPA Compendium Method TO-15 (U.S. EPA, 1999b). The method uses a specially-prepared canister and sampler that collects an air sample over a 24-hour period, which is then sent to the PA DEP BOL in Harrisburg for analysis using GC/MS. The equipment and methods used for this project are the same as is used in the statewide toxics monitoring network. Detection limits are low and in the sub part-per-billion volume (ppbv) level. A list of quantifiable compounds can be found in the data files in Appendix B.

The canisters are analyzed by the PA DEP BOL utilizing a 61-compound calibration mix. The calibration mix covers compounds-of-interest for various toxics work (Urban Air Toxics, Ozone, Fuel Spill, Superfund, etc.) and includes alkanes, alkenes, aromatics, CFC's, chlorobenzenes and oxygenated compounds.

The compounds of interest for this project that are not detected or quantified by this method include the simpler alkanes (methane, ethane, propane and butane) and criteria pollutants like carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxides. However, these compounds are able to be detected by the Open Path sampler utilized by the MAU.

The PA DEP, Bureau of Air Quality, Toxics Monitoring Section provided the canisters and samplers to collect air samples and the training for regional field personnel to collect the air samples.

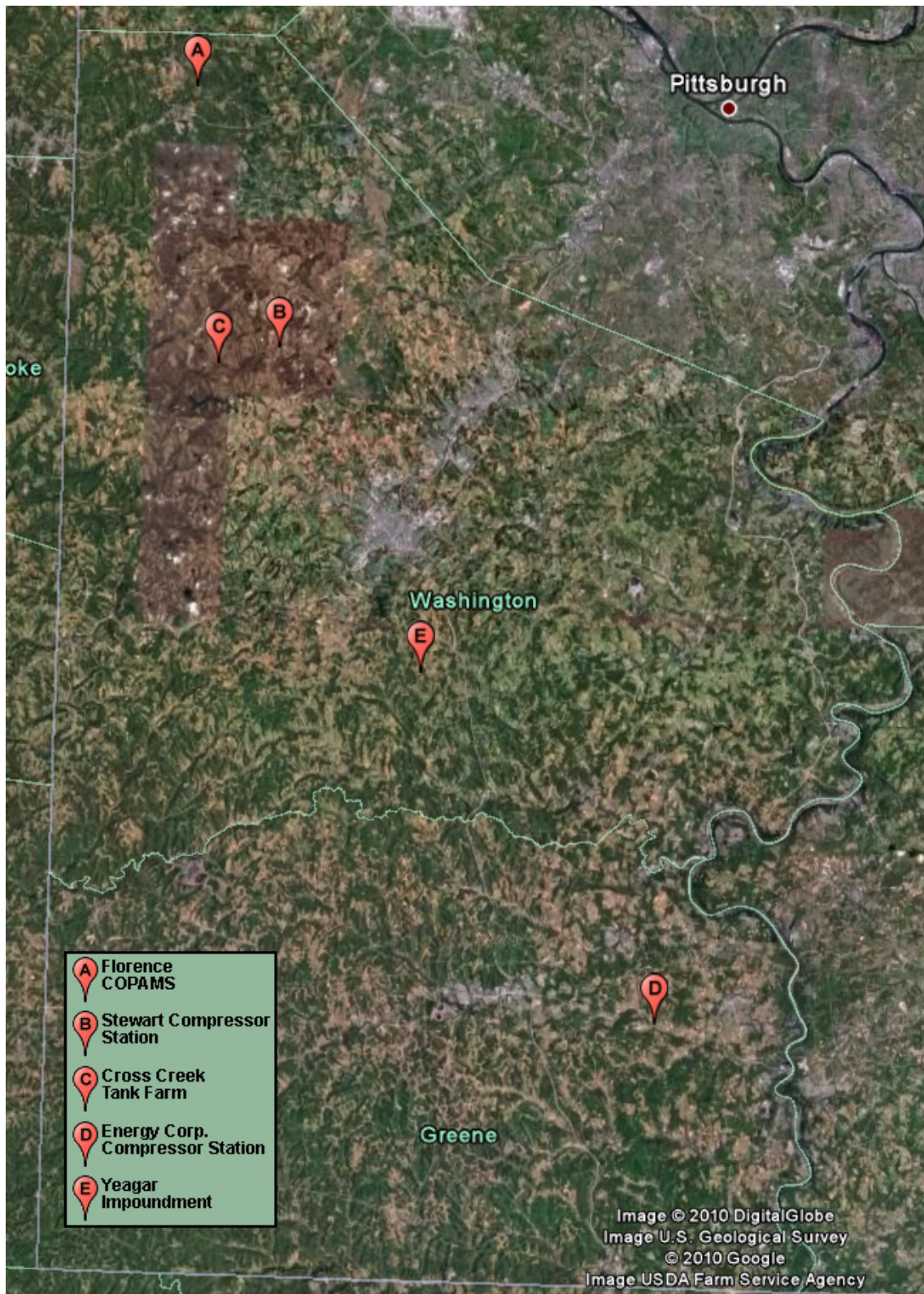
### **FLIR Infrared Camera**

An infrared camera was employed to visually detect any gas plumes from the source of interest. The FLIR Model GF-320 infrared camera was used for this project. According to the FLIR Web site: "An infrared camera is a non-contact device that detects infrared energy (heat) and converts it into an electronic signal, which is then processed to produce a thermal image on a video monitor" (FLIR, 2010). When using the camera, gases that may be invisible to the naked eye look like smoke or thermal colors on the FLIR camera.

The camera was not used by PA DEP to quantify emissions but to show how emissions from the source of interest can possibly contribute to the sampling results. Advantages of the FLIR camera include the following:

- The camera is designed to detect leaks of the type of pollutants coming from drilling operations and detects emissions safely from a distance;
- The camera can survey a large area, then zoom in to a particular spot of interest, and;
- The camera can also record regular and infrared still images for comparison, as well as video.

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010



Source: Google, 2010

Figure 3: Map of sampling sites in the southwest region of Pennsylvania.

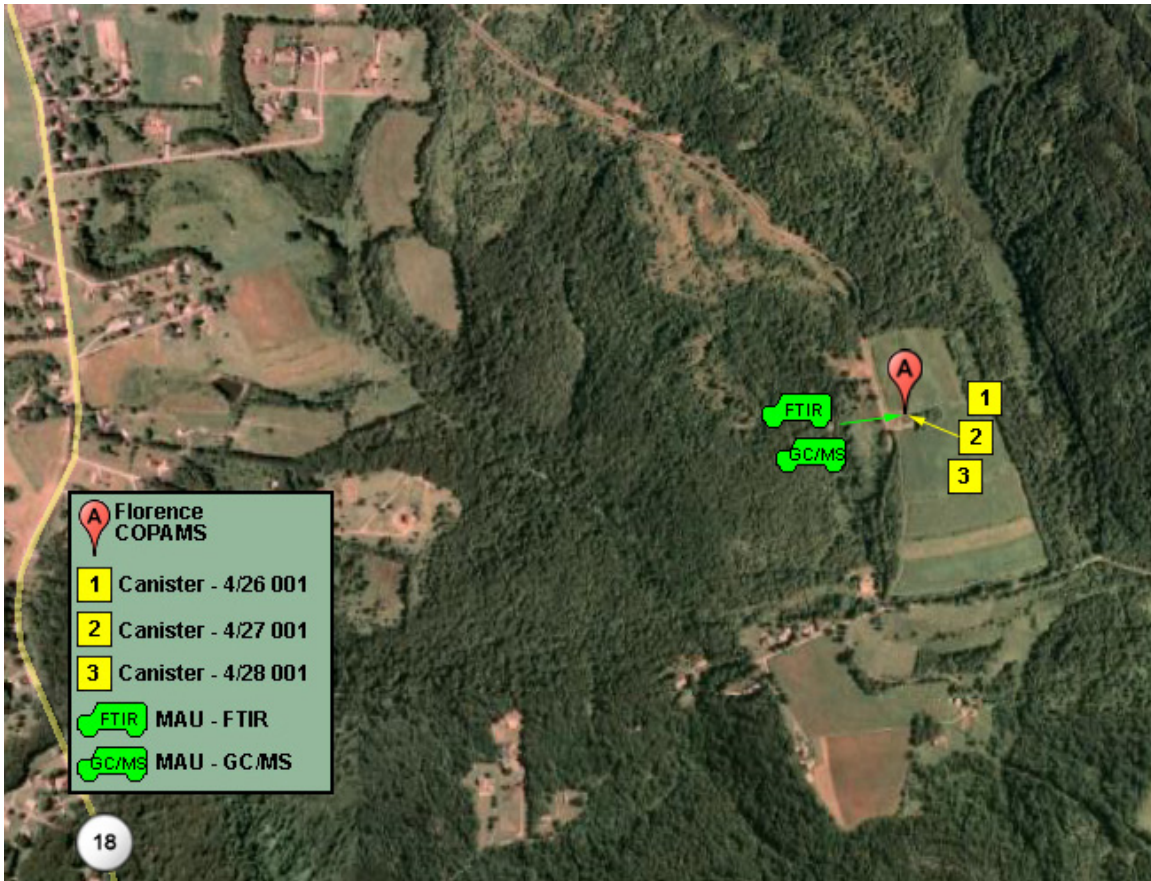


### Sampling Sites

Figure 3 is a map of the overall sampling area in southwest Pennsylvania. The five sampling weeks were conducted in Washington and Greene counties.

The satellite maps used in this report were generated from Google Earth (Google, 2010) and in most cases, are from a period before drilling operations began. These maps show the approximate sampling locations and the surrounding terrain and population impacts.

### Florence COPAMS – Week of April 26



Source: Google, 2010

Figure 4: Map of the Florence COPAMS sampling site and sampling locations.

Both MAU samplers were located adjacent to the Florence Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Air Monitoring Station (COPAMS) within Tillman State Park (Washington County) for the duration of the sampling period. Three canister samples were collected at the site. The weather during the sampling week was mostly clear with light winds (see Appendix F). Sampling was conducted at this site to collect background information on pollutant concentrations in the area to compare to the future sampling weeks near drilling operations.

Stewart Compressor Station – Week of May 17



Source: Google, 2010

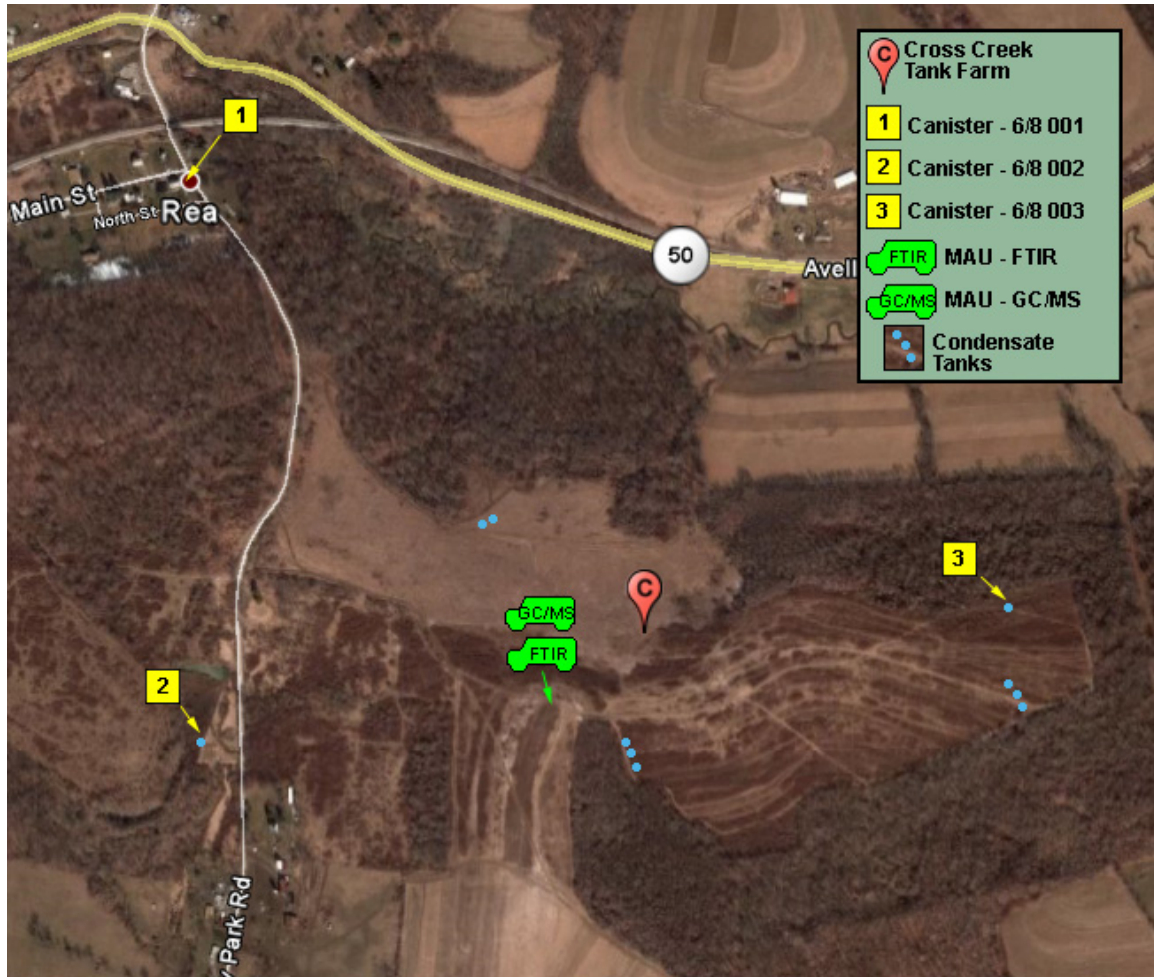
Figure 5: Map of the Stewart Compressor Station sampling site and sampling locations.

The second sampling week monitored ambient air pollutant concentrations close to the Stewart Compressor Station near Hickory, PA (Washington County). Both MAU samplers were situated outside the compressor station fence. The weather during the week had calm winds and rain during the first half of the week, with clearing skies during the second. Because conditions were calm, canister samples were collected on opposite sides of the compressor site at nearby residences who have expressed concerns about air quality in the past.

Another compressor facility was being built next to the Stewart Compressor Station, but was not in operation at the time of the PA DEP air sampling project.



Cross Creek Tank Farm – Week of June 7



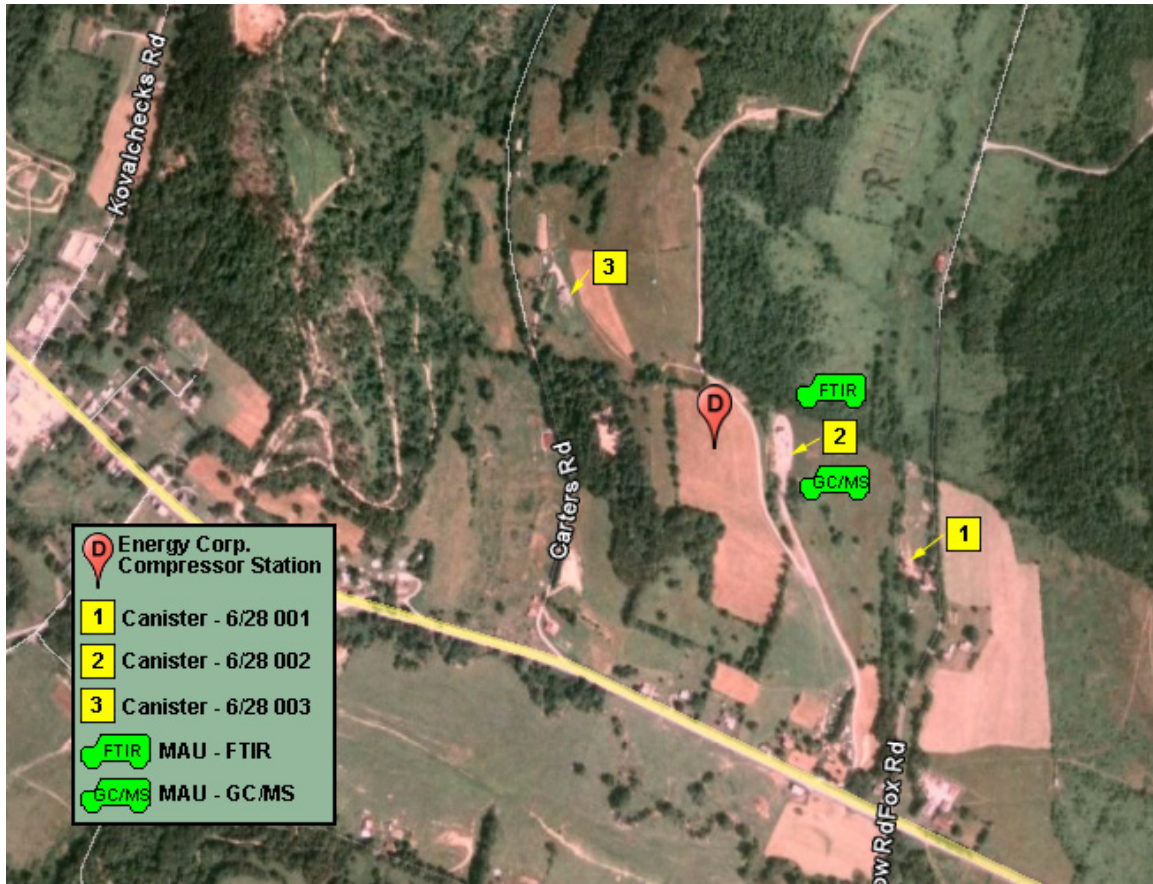
Source: Google, 2010

Figure 6: Map of the Cross Creek Tank Farm sampling site and sampling locations.

The third sampling week monitored ambient air pollutant concentrations close to condensate tanks near Rea, PA (Washington County). Both MAU samplers were situated off an access road situated in the middle of a cluster of condensate tanks. The weather during the week had light winds and a period of rain during the middle of the week. Because of the rural nature of the sampling area, only one canister sample was taken in a population area (Rea, PA). The other two canister samples were downwind of condensate tanks.



Energy Corp. Compressor Station – Week of June 28



Source: Google, 2010

Figure 7: Map of the Energy Corp. Compressor Station sampling site and sampling locations.

During the fourth sampling week, PA DEP monitored ambient air pollutant concentrations at the Energy Corp. Compressor Station near Khedive, PA (Greene County). This second compressor station was chosen as a sampling site due to a different grade of gas (wet versus dry) that this station processes compared to the Stewart site.

Both MAU samplers were situated next to the compressor station. The weather during the week was mostly clear with light winds. One canister sample was taken at the MAU locations and two others at nearby residences.

Yeager Impoundment – Week of July 19

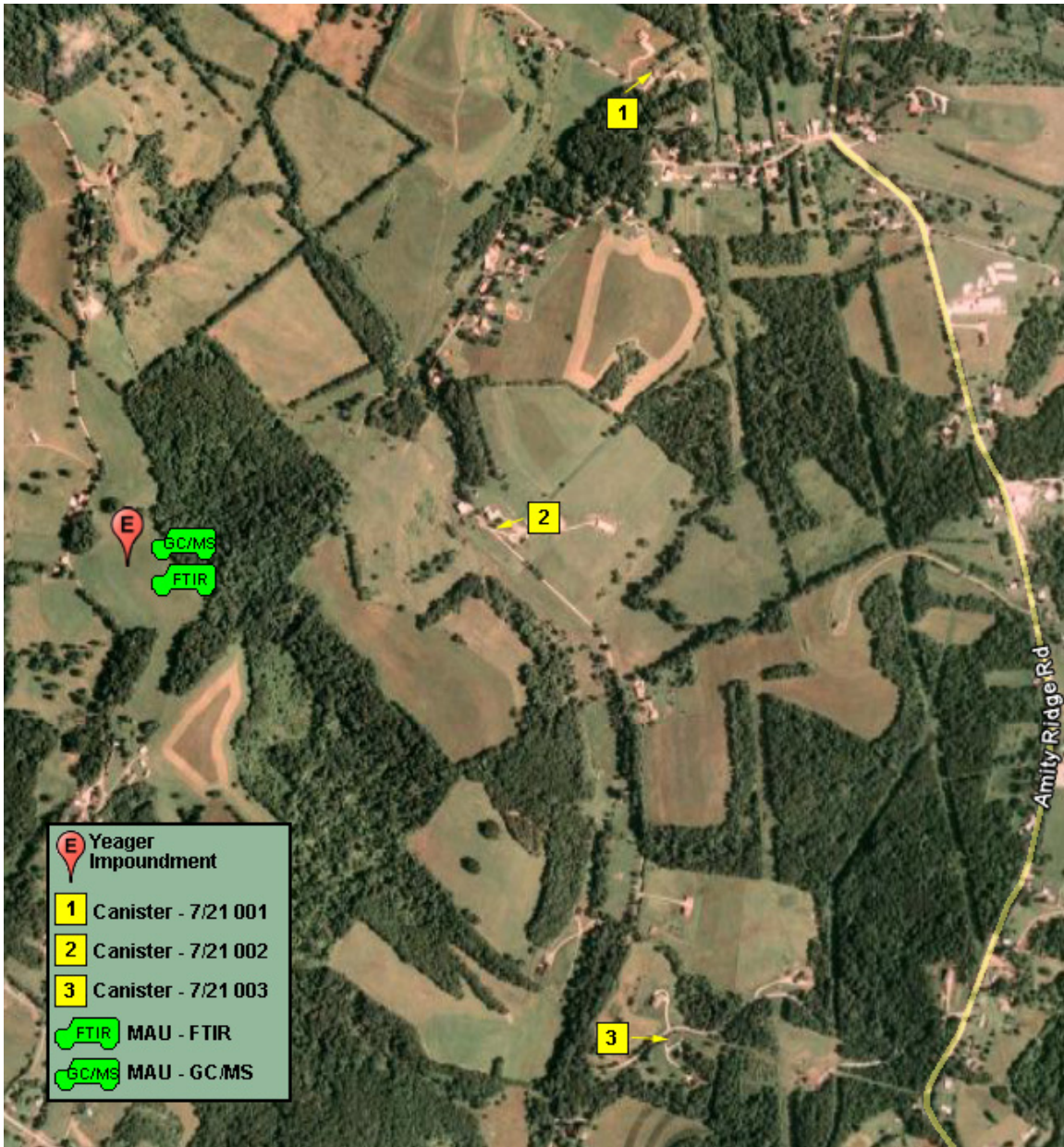


Figure 8: Map of the Yeager Impoundment sampling site and sampling locations.

Lastly, during the fifth sampling week, PA DEP monitored ambient air pollutant concentrations from an open and active fracturing-fluid wastewater impoundment near Washington, PA (Washington County). Both MAU samplers were set up next to the impoundment. The weather during the week was mostly clear with a light wind. All three canister samples were taken at nearby residences in an easterly direction.

## Sampling Results

### *Mobile Analytical Unit*

Results of the MAU's Open Path sampling are presented in Appendix A. The results are reported in separate tables for each site and in two types of units, parts per billion volume (ppbv) and micrograms per cubic meter ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ). The ppbv unit is simply the number of parts of a chemical contained within a billion parts of air. The results are converted from ppbv to  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  by multiplying by the compounds molecular weight and dividing by the molar volume. The  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$  units are useful when comparing the result to reference concentrations discussed in the Acute Risk Characterization section.

The OP-FTIR, an open path sampler, typically reports the highest 2-minute value if a compound was detected (unless otherwise noted). If the compound was detected at a high enough level during the sampling session (approximately 8 hours) to produce an average greater than the method detection limit (MDL), that average was reported. The Open Path sampling results provided in Appendix A also includes the detection limits for each compound during the sampling period. The OP-FTIR detection limits will vary depending on factors including the mode of deployment, humidity, and the distance traversed; water vapor will also interfere with the detection limits. Many of the compounds listed in Appendix A were not detected (neither had an average nor maximum concentration reported). For the compounds that were detected, most of the compounds had just the 2-minute maximum concentration reported rather than maximum and average concentrations.

When comparing the OP-FTIR data between sites, the background site (Florence COPAMS) had fewer detects of natural gas constituents than the other sites. There was more natural gas components (i.e., methane, ethane, propane and butane) detected at the two compressor stations than at the other three sites. However, there was some detection of these components at the Cross Creek Tank Farm and the Yeager Impoundment in Washington County. Greater quantities of methane were detected at the Energy Corp Compressor Station in Greene County than the Stewart Compressor Station in Washington County. There were more reported results for the odor-producing methyl mercaptan at the Yeager Impoundment sampling site.

Some of the results include the methane averages and maximums detected at the Energy Corporation's Compressor Station. During the six 7-hour sampling sessions at the station, average methane concentrations were calculated for five of the sampling sessions. The highest average methane concentration was approximately 24 parts per million (ppm) (1 ppm = 1,000 ppb). The maximum methane concentration during that sampling week was approximately 44.7 ppm.

Sampling results at the Yeager Impoundment site detected methane as well as methyl mercaptan in all sampling sessions, with a maximum methyl mercaptan concentration of approximately 1.2 ppm. During the first sampling session at the Cross Creek Tank Farm, PA DEP detected natural gas constituents with a maximum concentration for methane at 1.1 ppm, ethane at 0.7 ppm, propane at 2.1 ppm and butane at 2.5 ppm.



**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

During the morning sampling session on May 20, 2010, at the Stewart Compressor Station, PA DEP detected many compounds in the part per million range, including 2-methyl butane, ethyl benzene, iso-butane, butane, hexane, octane and propane.

During the five-week ambient air sampling study in the Southwest region, the Department's GC/MS only detected benzene and toluene, and mainly at levels below 1.0 ppbv. Other tentatively identified compounds were detected by the GC/MS but at levels below the quantitation limit of the instrument of approximately 0.5 ppbv; the quantitation limit of 0.5 ppbv is the lowest amount of compound in a sample which can be quantitatively determined with suitable precision and accuracy. The types of compounds detected are widely variable but do include components of natural gas. Because those compounds cannot be quantified, they are not included in this report.

### ***Canister Sampling***

Results of the canister sampling can be found in Appendix B. Most of the 57 compounds in the analysis were not detected. This is common and seen at most sampling sites in the Commonwealth, simply because of the variety of compounds analyzed. However, more compounds were detected at the two DEP monitoring network sites in Arendtsville (Adams County) and Marcus Hook (Delaware County) simply because there was more chance for detection over the year. The averages for the two network sites are based on results from a possible 61 samples collected over an entire year.

Of the compounds detected, some are present in the atmosphere in stable amounts. For example, the compounds 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane and chloromethane were once used as refrigerants and propellants but have been phased out due to destruction of the ozone layer. Carbon tetrachloride was used to produce these refrigerants but its production declined as their use was banned. Again even though these compounds are no longer being used or had their use curtailed, they persist at certain levels in the atmosphere.

Other compounds detected in the canister sampling are also seen at the PA DEP network sites across the Commonwealth. Results for 2-butanone, acrolein and methylene chloride were found to be close to or within the same range at monitoring sites in other regions of the Commonwealth where there are no natural gas drilling operations.

The following compounds that were detected are most likely related to the Marcellus Shale drilling activities: acetone, benzene, n-heptane, propene and toluene. Concentrations of these pollutants were at, or slightly higher than, levels detected in the DEP monitoring network sites. However, none were detected at levels of concern.

Recently, EPA determined that acrolein data from their School Air Toxics Monitoring Initiative was unreliable (U.S. EPA, 2010b). That initiative used the same canister collection method used in this project. PA DEP has adopted the same approach as EPA which is to present the acrolein data in effort of transparency, but to note the data should not be used for any type of analysis.

Most of the canister samples had several tentatively identified compounds. Again, these are compounds determined by DEP's lab chemist to be present in a sample, but cannot be quantified. The few exceptions are the three samples collected at the Cross Creek Tank Farm. One sample collected next to condensate tanks had estimated concentrations of natural gas constituents including propane, butane and hexane in excess of the 10 ppbv range.

### ***FLIR Infrared Camera***

The FLIR infrared camera was utilized during the Energy Corp. Compressor Station sampling the week of June 28, 2010. Two locations within the fence line of the compressor facility were filmed.

FLIR images of heavy condensate tanks are shown in Figure 9. As seen in the regular image on the left, each tank is vented by four pipes at the top of the tank. None of the pipes contain control devices. When condensate is pumped into the tank, the displaced air above the liquid is vented to the atmosphere. This venting can clearly be seen in the image on the right, highlighted by white arrows.

FLIR images of a compressor are shown in Figure 10. As seen in the regular image on the left, no emissions are visible when viewed by the naked eye. When viewed using the infrared detection (image on the right), a plume is visibly emanating from the compressor's packing gland, highlighted by the yellow arrow. The packing gland is the seal around the rotating shaft of the compressor where it meets the gas stream. This plume may contain compounds from the gas stream.

Again, these images show emissions from the Energy Corp. Compressor station that most likely relate to the results of the OP-FTIR sampling.



Figure 9: FLIR images of the heavy condensate tanks at the Energy Corp. Compressor Station. Gas emissions are referenced by the white arrows.



Figure 10: FLIR images of a compressor at the Energy Corp. Compressor Station. Gas emissions from the compressor's packing glands are reference by the yellow arrow.

### **Acute Risk Characterization**

The sampling results were used to characterize the acute non-cancer health risks of ambient pollutant concentrations found around Marcellus Shale drilling operations to nearby residences or communities. To this end, the PA DEP compared sampling results to available reference concentrations (RfCs) and standards.

RfC and standards are concentrations of a particular pollutant, below which (non-cancer) adverse health effects are not expected to occur over a period of continuous exposure. There are RfCs and standards available for different periods of time. For example, there are chronic RfCs to compare against data collected over at least a one-year period. For this study, acute reference concentrations representing time periods of one day or less were used for the characterization. Values found above a reference concentration do not necessarily mean that adverse health effects will occur, but that there is more of a potential.

Appendix C lists the RfCs available for comparison to the OP-FTIR and canister results. A total of 33 of the 45 target compounds have an associated RfC for comparison. Because the Open Path sampling and canister samples were collected over different time periods, different sets of RfCs were used. The RfC sets are described in the following sections.

To make the comparison between the sample result and the RfC, a hazard quotient is traditionally calculated. A hazard quotient (HQ) is simply the sampling result (in  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ ) divided by the RfC. If the value is less than one, then non-cancer health effects are not expected. To be even more conservative in the risk assessment, and to account for effects from multiple pollutants that may be additive, the individual hazard quotients of a sample may be added to produce a hazard index (HI). Again, if the HI is less than one, then non-cancer health effects are not expected.

Any estimate of acute risk is based on a number of assumptions and some of the assumptions made for this study include the following:

- concentrations measured at the sampling sites are representative of exposures to the population in the area;
- effects from exposure to multiple chemicals are additive, and;
- the only risk considered in this report is due to inhalation.

The lifetime cancer risk was not calculated since the sampling period in this study was short term. Typically, a sampling period of at least one year is necessary for a lifetime cancer risk analysis.

#### ***Hazard Quotients for MAU Samples***

The hazard quotient and index calculations for the OP-FTIR and GC/MS data are provided in Appendix D. In order to be more conservative with the risk estimates, hazard quotients were calculated using three different sets of RfCs used for screening risk assessments (U.S. EPA, 2010a). The three sets of RfCs include:

- Reference Exposure Levels (RELs) - California Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Reference Exposure Levels for no adverse effects. Most of the RELs used in this study are for 1-hour exposures.
- Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGL) - EPA's Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances established the National Advisory Committee to develop Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGL). The AEGL values are used by local, state and federal agencies for emergency planning, prevention and response to provide guidance in situations where the general public may be accidentally exposed to certain chemicals. PA DEP mainly used AEGL-1 values where the general population may experience mild transient and reversible effects. When these values were not available, AEGL-2 values were used where moderate effects may occur in the general population.
- Emergency Response Planning Guidelines (ERPGs) - American Industrial Hygiene Association, Emergency Response Planning Guidelines. Again, PA DEP mainly used ERPG-1 values that represent concentrations for exposure of the general population for up to 1 hour with effects to be mild.



The hazard quotient and indices in Appendix D were calculated using the OP-FTIR 2-minute maximum data. In doing this, an assumption is made that the 2-minute maximum represents a 1-hour average. Even with this assumption, most of the calculated hazard quotients and indices were well below the acceptable limit of 1.0 indicating non-cancer health effects are not expected when breathing pollutants in air at concentrations detected during the short-term sampling initiative. In fact, most hazard quotient calculations are so low they appear to be zero, but this is only due to rounding.

Only one hazard quotient calculation for a single benzene result (758 ppb) was above 1.0. The calculated HQ value of 1.86 for benzene during the Cross Creek Tank Farm sampling is most likely not a concern due to the “2-minute equals 1-hour” assumption and the fact that the other two RfCs for benzene produce acceptable hazard quotient calculations below 1.0. Furthermore, canister sampling results in the area were within acceptable levels as well.

Not shown are the hazard quotient and indices for OP-FTIR 7-hour average data. Because few averages were generated, and because there are fewer 8-hour RfCs available for comparison, only a small number of quotients were calculated. All of these quotients were well under the acceptable limit range and therefore were not included in this report.

#### ***Hazard Quotients for Canister Samples***

The hazard quotient and index calculations for the canister data are presented in Appendix E. Because canister samples are 24-hours in duration, the hazard quotients were calculated using a different set of reference concentrations that are for the most part more conservative (are smaller values) than the ones used for the MAU data. Acute RfC values were taken from the Department of Energy’s Risk Assessment Information System (RAIS) database (U.S. DOE, 2010). The list of RfC values in the database were compiled from a variety of sources using a selection hierarchy accepted by the PA DEP.

None of the calculated hazard quotients or indices approached the value of 1.0, indicating non-cancer health effects are not expected when breathing pollutants in air at concentrations during sampling.

#### ***National Ambient Air Quality Standards***

For criteria pollutants, including carbon monoxide, lead, nitrogen dioxide, ozone, particulate matter and sulfur dioxide, the EPA has established concentration levels in air, below which are not considered harmful to public health and the environment. These concentrations are called the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). The criteria pollutants monitored in this study by the MAU OP-FTIR include carbon monoxide, nitrogen dioxide and ozone. The carbon monoxide standard for an 8-hour averaging time is 9,000 ppbv. The nitrogen dioxide standard for a one-hour period is 100 ppb. And the 2008 ozone standard for an 8-hour period is 75 ppb; EPA intends to issue a more protective ozone standard by October 31, 2010.

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

The EPA specifies how data is to be collected for comparison to the NAAQS. Although the federal methods were not employed for this study, the OP-FTIR did not detect enough concentrations of nitrogen dioxide and ozone to produce a 7-hour average result. Furthermore, for the three 7-hour averages calculated for carbon monoxide (the maximum being 85 ppb), none were close to the standard.

Although it is unlikely that individual drilling operations will cause an exceedance or violation of the NAAQS, combined effects from many of these operations in an area, along with other sources, may contribute to exceedances or violations of the NAAQS.

### ***Odors***

The Open Path sampler did detect certain compounds in concentrations above their odor thresholds. Methyl mercaptan, a sulfur-containing colorless gas with an unpleasant odor described as rotten cabbage or rotten eggs, is detectable by the nose at 1 ppb. This compound was detected at all sampling sites except the background site in Florence (Washington County), most notably for short periods in the range of 135 to 1,249 ppb during DEP's sampling of the Yeager Impoundment.

### **Discussion**

Sampling by the PA DEP using both OP-FTIR and canister methods, did detect concentrations of natural gas constituents including methane, ethane, propane and butane in the air near various Marcellus Shale drilling operations. Concentrations of these constituents, ranging from 120 ppb to 44,744 ppb (or 44.7 ppm), were detected during sampling at the Stewart and Energy Corp. compressor stations. Although the types of compounds detected at the Stewart and Energy Corps compressor stations were similar, higher concentrations of methane were found at the Energy Corp. Compressor Station (at a maximum of 44.7 ppm versus 2.5 ppm at the Stewart site). It appears that emissions of compounds from uncontrolled condensate tanks at both the Energy Corp. Compressor Station and the Cross Creek Tank Farm were detected during sampling.

Benzene was one of the major pollutants of concern in the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality monitoring projects of the Barnett Shale formation (TCEQ, 2010). Although both sampling methods employed by the PA DEP for this study detected benzene, none were at the levels found in the Texas study. Only one benzene concentration (measured over a two-minute period) of 758 ppb produced a hazard quotient greater than 1.0, when compared to the most conservative of the three health-based reference concentrations (i.e. California EPA Reference Exposure Level) used in this study. Considering the assumptions made during the acute risk characterization and the other lower benzene concentration measured, the PA DEP has determined this one 2-minute sample result does not provide sufficient evidence that benzene should be considered a pollutant of concern near Marcellus Shale operations in southwestern Pennsylvania.

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

Certain compounds were detected at levels to produce odors; mainly the methyl mercaptan concentrations measured during the sampling of the Yeager Impoundment sampling in Washington County. The levels detected could cause violations of PA DEP odor emission provisions in *25 Pa. Code* Section 123.31 (relating to limitations) if they persisted off the property and the Department determined that the odors were “malodors” as defined in *25 Pa. Code* Section 121 (relating to definitions).<sup>1</sup> Prolonged or repeated exposures to strong odors may produce odor-related health effects such as headaches and nausea.

The FLIR infrared camera was an effective tool in showing emissions from drilling operations and identifying emission leaks from certain sources. The camera will continue to be deployed during future sampling surveys and investigative efforts.

Even though constituents of natural gas and other associated target compounds were detected, the screening results found during the five-week study, did not indicate a potential for major air-related health issues associated with the Marcellus Shale natural gas activities.

**Next Steps**

PA DEP plans to continue air sampling near Marcellus natural gas operations in the northcentral and northeast regions of the Commonwealth, specifically in Bradford, Susquehanna and Tioga counties. Sampling near compressor stations will be conducted to determine if there is a consistent pattern to the type and amounts of air pollutants in the air near these facilities. The additional sampling will allow a comparison of ambient air pollutant concentrations near facilities where wet gas is extracted (southwest portion of the state) versus dry gas (in the northcentral and northeast portions of the state). The PA DEP will attempt to conduct sampling at other types of natural gas production activities including flaring and active drilling operations.

When all sampling is completed in January 2011, PA DEP will conduct a comparative analysis of the results from the surveyed regions to determine what type of additional measures should be implemented to protect public health and the environment.

---

<sup>1</sup> *Malodor*—An odor which causes annoyance or discomfort to the public and which the Department determines to be objectionable to the public.

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

**References**

FLIR Systems Inc. 2010. FLIR Web Site. *How does an IR camera work?* Available: <http://www.flir.com/thermography/americas/us/content/?id=17868>

Google Inc. 2010. Google Earth Pro (Version 4.3.7204.0836 beta) [Software].

*National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Categories From Oil and Natural Gas Production Facilities*. Federal Register Vol. 72, No. 1 (January 3, 2007) p. 28. Available: <http://www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/search.html>

New York Department of Environmental Conservation. September 2009. *Supplemental Generic Environmental Impact Statement On The Oil, Gas and Solution Mining Regulatory Program (Draft)*. Division of Mineral Resources. Available: <http://www.dec.ny.gov/energy/58440.html>

Pa. Department of Environmental Protection. 2010a. 2010 Permits Issued & Wells Drilled Maps. Bureau of Oil & Gas Management web site. Available: [http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/minres/oilgas/new\\_forms/marcellus/marcellus.htm](http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/minres/oilgas/new_forms/marcellus/marcellus.htm)

Pa. Department of Environmental Protection. 2010b. *Components of Hydraulic Fracking Solutions*. Bureau of Oil & Gas Management website. Available: [http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/minres/oilgas/new\\_forms/marcellus/marcellus.htm](http://www.dep.state.pa.us/dep/deputate/minres/oilgas/new_forms/marcellus/marcellus.htm)

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. Memorandum dated January 4, 2010. *Barnett Shale Formation Area Monitoring Projects*. Document Number BS0912-FR. Page 10. Available: [http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/assets/public/implementation/barnett\\_shale/2010.01.27-BarnettShaleMonitoringReport.pdf](http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/assets/public/implementation/barnett_shale/2010.01.27-BarnettShaleMonitoringReport.pdf)

Texas Environmental Research Consortium. Revised April 2, 2009. *VOC Emissions From Oil and Condensate Storage Tanks – Final Report*. Available: <http://files.harc.edu/Projects/AirQuality/Projects/H051C/H051CFinalReport.pdf>

Town of Dish, Texas. September 15, 2009. *Ambient Air Monitoring Analysis Final Report*. Prepared by Wolf Eagle Environmental Engineers and Consultants. Available: [http://www.townofdish.com/objects/DISH\\_-\\_final\\_report\\_revised.pdf](http://www.townofdish.com/objects/DISH_-_final_report_revised.pdf)

U.S. Department of Energy. 2009. *Modern Shale Gas Development in the United States: A Primer*. Available: [http://www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/oil-gas/publications/EPreports/Shale\\_Gas\\_Primer\\_2009](http://www.netl.doe.gov/technologies/oil-gas/publications/EPreports/Shale_Gas_Primer_2009).

U.S. Department of Energy. 2010. Risk Assessment Information System (RAIS) web site. Available: <http://rais.ornl.gov/>

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

U.S Environmental Protection Agency. 1999a. *Compendium Method TO-16, Long-Path Open-Path Fourier Transform Infrared Monitoring Of Atmospheric Gases*. Technology Transfer Network. Ambient Monitoring Technology Information Center. Available: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/airtox.html#compendium>

U.S Environmental Protection Agency. 1999b. *Compendium Method TO-15, Determination Of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) In Air Collected In Specially-Prepared Canisters And Analyzed By Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*. Technology Transfer Network. Ambient Monitoring Technology Information Center. Available: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/amtic/airtox.html#compendium>

U.S Environmental Protection Agency. 2010a. *Table 2. Acute Dose-Response Values for Screening Risk Assessments (4/27/2010)*. Technology Transfer Network. Air Toxics Web Site. Available: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/toxsource/acutesources.html>

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2010b. *Assessing Outdoor Air Near Schools* Web Site. Available: <http://www.epa.gov/schoolair/>

**Appendices**

Appendix A: Mobile Analytical Unit OP-FTIR Data

Appendix B: Canister Data

Appendix C: Reference Concentrations

Appendix D: Mobile Analytical Unit Hazard Calculations

Appendix E: Canister Hazard Calculations

Appendix F: Mobile Analytical Unit Meteorological Data

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Appendix A: Mobile Analytical Unit OP-FTIR Data

Florence COPAMS Background (ppb)

Compound	4/27/10						4/28/10						4/29/10					
	7:00 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 pm - 12:00 am			5:00 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 pm - 12:00 am			5:00 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 pm - 12:00 am		
	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	192	--	--	113	--	--	133	--	--	477	--	--	172	--	--	175	--	--
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	10	--	--	6	--	--	6	--	--	15	--	--	6	--	19	6	--	--
2-Methyl Butane	58	--	--	17	--	--	28	--	--	21	--	--	43	--	--	80	--	--
2-Methyl Pentane	49	--	--	23	--	--	27	--	--	22	--	--	31	--	--	54	--	--
3-Methyl Pentane	50	--	--	20	--	--	26	--	--	22	--	--	34	--	--	63	--	--
Benzene	135	--	--	69	--	153	77	--	--	66	--	--	85	--	--	102	--	213
Carbon Disulfide	70	--	--	44	--	--	40	--	--	44	--	--	41	--	--	52	--	--
Carbon Monoxide	22	--	--	12	--	--	12	--	--	10	--	--	16	--	55	25	--	86
Carbonyl Sulfide	7	--	--	4	--	--	4	--	--	3	--	--	4	--	--	4	--	--
Chloromethane	148	--	--	116	--	--	124	--	--	115	--	--	122	--	--	103	--	--
Dimethyl sulfide	57	--	--	31	--	--	30	--	--	27	--	--	31	--	--	29	--	--
Ethane	114	--	--	50	--	--	66	--	--	52	--	--	81	--	--	128	--	--
Ethylbenzene	167	--	--	58	--	123	85	172	254	70	--	602	136	185	340	195	--	799
Formaldehyde	17	--	--	8	--	--	9	--	--	8	--	--	11	--	--	15	--	--
Hydrogen Chloride	25	--	--	12	--	--	15	--	--	11	--	--	17	--	--	22	--	--
Hydrogen Sulfide	4728	--	--	2643	--	--	2704	--	--	2413	--	--	2743	--	--	2807	--	--
iso-Butane	40	--	--	15	--	--	24	--	--	17	--	--	30	--	74	48	--	--
Methane	129	--	--	50	--	--	73	--	--	54	--	--	54	--	--	165	--	--
Methanol	11	--	--	6	--	--	6	--	--	6	--	--	8	--	--	9	--	--
Methyl mercaptan	119	--	--	67	--	--	66	--	--	63	--	--	70	--	--	64	--	--
m-Xylene	64	--	--	46	--	--	62	--	--	38	--	--	90	--	--	69	--	--
Naphthalene	23	--	--	13	--	--	15	--	--	12	--	--	25	--	25	--	--	--
n-Butane	63	--	222	22	--	43	37	--	--	23	--	--	46	51	119	59	--	--
n-Heptane	479	--	--	145	--	--	241	--	--	176	--	--	342	--	--	603	--	--
n-Hexane	142	--	--	43	--	--	70	--	--	54	--	--	104	--	--	198	--	--
Nitric Acid	12	--	32	7	--	19	7	--	25	7	--	--	9	--	31	8	--	25
Nitric Oxide	431	--	--	255	--	--	249	--	--	219	--	--	254	--	--	249	--	--
Nitrogen Dioxide	75	--	191	42	--	--	41	--	--	36	--	--	41	--	--	39	--	--
Nitrous Acid	4	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	--
n-Octane	419	--	--	116	--	--	215	--	--	138	--	538	303	--	821	475	--	--
n-Pentane	91	--	--	30	--	--	45	--	--	35	--	--	68	--	--	127	--	--
o-Xylene	100	--	--	38	--	--	48	--	--	42	--	--	161	--	--	143	--	--
Ozone	22	--	--	12	--	--	13	--	--	11	--	--	14	--	46	18	--	--
Propane	79	--	--	24	--	--	39	--	--	30	--	--	58	--	--	103	--	--
p-Xylene	141	--	--	65	--	--	81	--	--	68	--	--	126	--	--	183	--	--
Styrene	23	--	68	12	--	38	17	--	80	12	--	37	16	--	42	20	--	103
Sulfur Dioxide	96	--	--	54	--	--	67	--	--	58	--	--	65	--	--	63	--	--
Toluene	172	--	--	70	--	--	131	--	--	81	--	--	195	--	--	186	--	--

4/29/10 - Carbon Monoxide - 86 (3-minute period)



Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Stewart Compressor Station (ppb)

Compound	5/18/10						5/19/10						5/20/10					
	5:25 am - 12:00 pm			4:50 pm - 12:00 am			5:10 am - 12:00 pm			5:10 pm - 12:00 am			5:10 am - 12:00 pm			4:00 pm - 12:00 am		
	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	150	--	109	--	99	--	122	--	288	--	231	--	231	--	231	--	231	--
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	6	--	29	6	5	37	11	20	61	1741	194	5	194	5	194	5	194	5
2-Methyl Butane	64	--	22	78	27	85	47	136	4837	102	447	4837	102	447	4837	102	447	4837
2-Methyl Pentane	46	--	25	57	25	60	75	--	216	--	954	61	--	954	61	--	954	61
3-Methyl Pentane	53	--	25	209	27	54	58	--	150	--	75	--	150	--	75	--	150	--
Benzene	95	--	55	59	59	86	86	--	284	--	112	--	284	--	112	--	284	--
Carbon Disulfide	49	--	59	48	48	170	170	--	280	--	78	--	280	--	78	--	280	--
Carbon Monoxide	20	--	220	10	11	415	16	85	798	41	690	30	690	41	690	30	690	41
Carbonyl Sulfide	4	--	6	101	3	78	5	--	23	--	4	--	23	--	4	--	23	--
Chloromethane	97	--	38	30	78	128	81	--	502	--	94	--	502	--	94	--	502	--
Dimethyl sulfide	41	--	101	30	30	252	81	--	348	--	39	--	348	--	39	--	348	--
Ethane	115	--	61	241	66	132	120	--	452	379	157	--	452	379	157	--	452	379
Ethylbenzene	186	--	70	8	88	222	153	--	464	374	642	--	464	374	642	--	464	374
Formaldehyde	13	--	8	12	8	11	11	--	39	--	15	--	39	--	15	--	39	--
Hydrogen Chloride	20	--	12	3585	12	16	16	--	54	--	24	--	54	--	24	--	54	--
Hydrogen Sulfide	3265	--	167	17	2745	3896	3896	--	18042	--	3153	--	18042	--	3153	--	18042	--
Iso-Butane	43	--	69	38	72	43	43	--	623	117	179	--	623	117	179	--	623	117
Methane	143	--	6	6	5	7	7	--	34	24	54	--	34	24	54	--	34	24
Methanol	8	--	414	157	68	157	276	--	2715	--	79	--	2715	--	79	--	2715	--
Methyl mercaptan	90	--	27	10	27	33	33	--	85	--	64	--	85	--	64	--	85	--
m-Xylene	46	--	10	10	10	12	12	--	32	70	25	--	32	70	25	--	32	70
Naphthalene	15	--	162	25	33	137	57	--	293	300	5438	81	--	293	300	5438	81	--
n-Butane	73	--	186	220	220	441	441	--	1086	--	783	--	1086	--	783	--	1086	--
n-Heptane	540	--	52	152	67	236	172	--	3263	358	9534	251	--	3263	358	9534	251	--
n-Hexane	158	--	6	14	5	14	7	--	77	--	6	--	77	--	6	--	77	--
Nitric Acid	7	--	474	242	242	339	339	--	1393	--	282	--	1393	--	282	--	1393	--
Nitrogen Dioxide	263	--	106	57	39	170	170	--	559	942	2563	55	--	559	942	2563	55	--
Nitrous Acid	2	--	5	2	2	2	2	--	12	--	2	--	12	--	2	--	12	--
n-Octane	465	--	126	321	176	391	391	--	1310	949	11020	625	--	1310	949	11020	625	--
n-Pentane	96	--	39	45	45	78	78	--	189	--	156	--	189	--	156	--	189	--
o-Xylene	113	--	25	44	44	55	55	--	92	--	144	--	92	--	144	--	92	--
Ozone	16	--	10	22	10	15	15	--	51	--	17	--	51	--	17	--	51	--
Propane	91	--	31	142	40	120	52	255	3465	105	891	10269	134	255	3465	105	891	10269
p-Xylene	88	--	61	27	52	69	69	--	162	--	164	--	162	--	164	--	162	--
Styrene	15	--	40	11	11	32	15	--	53	--	22	--	53	--	22	--	53	--
Sulfur Dioxide	72	--	76	62	62	82	82	--	344	--	60	--	344	--	60	--	344	--
Toluene	184	--	61	101	101	101	101	--	201	--	244	--	201	--	244	--	201	--

5/18/10 - MTBE - 37 (occurred twice)  
 5/18/10 - n-Hexane - 152 (occurred twice)  
 5/20/10 - 2-Methyl Butane - 4837 (occurred twice)  
 5/20/10 - Propane - 10269 (occurred twice)  
 5/20/10 - Ethylbenzene - 642 (occurred twice)

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Cross Creek Tank Farm (ppb)

Compound	6/8/10			6/9/10			6/10/10		
	5:00 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 am - 12:00 pm		
	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	216	341	118	118	118	118	118	274	366
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	6	29	5	7	17	54	9	5	4
2-Methyl Butane	96	1110	174	28	229	229	19	124	184
2-Methyl Pentane	65	291	90	33	352	352	24	80	103
3-Methyl Pentane	81	211	117	29	267	267	21	95	129
Benzene	109	758	150	69	150	208	55	117	151
Carbon Disulfide	84	48	114	114	114	114	99	30	39
Carbon Monoxide	32	47	14	14	14	14	10	40	49
Carbonyl Sulfide	6	3	7	7	7	7	8	3	3
Chloromethane	104	89	133	133	133	133	127	72	73
Dimethyl sulfide	50	34	77	77	77	77	67	25	23
Ethane	167	723	222	76	743	743	54	193	245
Ethylbenzene	246	543	357	97	253	253	64	292	353
Formaldehyde	16	22	11	11	11	11	8	19	22
Hydrogen Chloride	27	36	16	16	16	16	12	30	34
Hydrogen Sulfide	3720	3024	6090	6090	6090	6090	5656	2868	2704
Iso-Butane	70	207	97	24	112	112	16	67	95
Methane	245	1147	349	81	270	270	55	293	360
Methanol	10	13	6	6	6	6	5	10	13
Methyl mercaptan	127	71	154	211	179	179	179	52	50
m-Xylene	64	101	32	32	32	32	27	81	105
Naphthalene	23	38	12	12	12	12	11	31	40
n-Butane	105	2508	172	36	234	234	24	84	241
n-Heptane	809	1382	251	251	166	166	166	943	1423
n-Hexane	239	3535	432	69	763	763	46	306	456
Nitric Acid	6	6	12	11	10	10	10	5	5
Nitric Oxide	423	260	539	539	720	720	720	215	198
Nitrogen Dioxide	88	577	49	119	264	264	99	32	66
Nitrous Acid	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1
n-Octane	699	1265	198	198	132	132	132	717	1188
n-Pentane	154	1161	267	46	273	273	31	181	268
o-Xylene	157	274	45	45	29	29	29	192	271
Ozone	19	25	12	12	10	10	10	20	26
Propane	140	2125	235	41	482	482	26	163	239
p-Xylene	143	247	64	64	62	62	62	182	260
Styrene	20	59	31	13	27	27	11	24	33
Sulfur Dioxide	64	57	90	90	98	98	98	53	48
Toluene	234	341	95	95	6	6	6	258	322

6/810 - Nitric Acid - 12 (occurred twice)  
 6/910 - n-Butane - 234 (5-minute period)  
 6/910 - Nitrogen Dioxide - 264 (occurred twice)

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Energy Corp. Compressor Station (ppb)

Compound	6/28/10			6/29/10			6/30/10			7/1/10								
	5:57 pm - 12:00 pm			4:30 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 pm - 12:00 am			4:45 am - 12:00 pm								
	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	210	--	--	105	--	--	182	--	--	243	--	--	153	--	--			
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	10	--	28	4	--	16	7	--	--	5	--	51	7	--	41			
2-Methyl Butane	63	--	--	91	--	--	67	--	--	107	--	--	1066	--	--			
2-Methyl Pentane	58	--	--	83	--	--	53	--	--	87	--	--	1946	--	--			
3-Methyl Pentane	63	--	--	91	--	--	59	--	--	95	--	--	1280	--	--			
Benzene	77	--	--	52	--	143	76	--	--	105	--	--	130	--	--			
Carbon Disulfide	130	--	--	40	--	--	113	--	--	42	--	--	81	--	--			
Carbon Monoxide	22	--	253	9	21	183	23	--	155	36	--	79	51	--	314			
Carbonyl Sulfide	7	--	--	2	--	--	6	--	--	3	--	--	10	--	--			
Chloromethane	145	--	--	74	--	--	104	--	--	84	--	--	86	--	--			
Dimethyl sulfide	84	--	--	56	--	--	68	--	--	51	--	--	64	--	--			
Ethane	141	--	861	191	--	455	129	--	283	211	--	--	3388	--	685			
Ethylbenzene	161	--	331	118	--	--	166	--	451	242	--	504	328	--	176			
Formaldehyde	13	--	--	11	--	--	12	--	--	20	--	--	349	--	21			
Hydrogen Chloride	18	--	--	15	--	--	19	--	--	34	--	--	451	--	30			
Hydrogen Sulfide	5826	--	--	3657	--	--	4048	--	--	3485	--	--	6405	--	3691			
iso-Butane	45	--	90	64	--	--	44	--	--	72	--	--	1253	--	111			
Methane	124	358	8606	84	1101	5086	146	332	2124	272	--	17266	3001	23961	44744	166	1911	33905
Methanol	7	--	--	5	--	--	7	--	--	10	--	--	12	--	7	--	--	47
Methyl mercaptan	204	--	--	119	--	280	151	--	--	123	--	356	153	--	410	149	--	317
m-Xylene	58	--	--	27	--	--	46	--	--	61	--	--	109	--	40	--	--	--
Naphthalene	23	--	--	11	--	--	18	--	--	23	--	--	43	--	15	--	--	--
n-Butane	50	--	166	49	--	176	79	--	200	101	--	248	226	527	667	89	--	667
n-Heptane	528	--	--	804	--	--	552	--	--	926	--	--	9658	--	--	1210	--	--
n-Hexane	155	--	--	223	--	--	164	--	--	263	--	--	2562	--	--	326	--	--
Nitric Acid	10	--	--	5	--	11	7	--	--	6	--	27	7	--	20	5	--	--
Nitric Oxide	823	--	--	202	--	570	565	--	--	225	--	--	925	--	--	251	--	1816
Nitrogen Dioxide	211	--	463	255	--	--	144	--	418	132	--	--	2687	--	--	331	--	--
Nitrous Acid	3	--	--	1	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	--	2	--	1	--	--	4
n-Octane	405	--	--	613	--	--	421	--	--	726	--	--	8263	--	--	965	--	--
n-Pentane	94	--	--	123	--	--	106	--	--	179	--	--	1404	--	--	190	--	--
o-Xylene	74	--	--	26	--	--	85	--	--	118	--	--	210	--	--	64	--	--
Ozone	14	--	--	10	--	26	13	--	--	18	--	--	24	--	--	12	--	30
Propane	89	--	--	128	--	--	93	--	--	151	--	--	1670	--	--	192	--	--
p-Xylene	155	--	--	67	--	--	113	--	--	141	--	--	277	--	--	89	--	--
Styrene	18	--	--	10	--	--	16	--	38	23	--	48	33	--	--	17	--	34
Sulfur Dioxide	101	--	--	51	--	--	72	--	--	60	--	--	66	--	--	59	--	--
Toluene	137	--	--	65	--	--	152	--	--	239	--	--	306	--	--	145	--	--

6/29/10 - Carbon monoxide - 183 (occurred three times)  
 6/30/10 - Styrene - 48 (occurred twice)  
 7/1/10 - MTBE - 41 (occurred twice)  
 7/1 - Nitrous Acid - (occurred twice)

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Yeager Impoundment (ppb)

Compound	7/19/10			7/20/10			7/21/10			7/22/10								
	5:40 pm - 12:00 am			4:45 am - 12:00 pm			5:00 pm - 12:00 am			4:30 am - 12:00 pm			7:00 pm - 12:00 am			5:00 am - 12:00 pm		
	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)	Detect. Limit (ppb)	Avg. Conc. (ppb)	Max. Conc. (ppb)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	508			366			480			198			422			400		
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	9			10			7		21	4			5			9		49
2-Methyl Butane	67			99			77			52			80			82		
2-Methyl Pentane	70			92			71			58			85			82		
3-Methyl Pentane	71			93			73			57			86			84		
Benzene	172			165			157			96			180			182		
Carbon Disulfide	76			70			53			26			39			63		
Carbon Monoxide	54		282	45		200	51			22			51			47		118
Carbonyl Sulfide	8			9			7			2			4			6		
Chloromethane	140			199			122			65			77			128		
Dimethyl sulfide	59			88			55			28			34			65		
Ethane	171			212			165			137			201			191		
Ethylbenzene	274			373			270			204			281			315		
Formaldehyde	24			25			23			14			27			25		
Hydrogen Chloride	38			39			37			21			43			39		
Hydrogen Sulfide	4508			5537			4268			2378			2766			4434		
Iso-Butane	54			66			57			35			58			60		
Methane	246		1239	242		593	1451		717	145		308	1172		754	192		1102
Methanol	13		39	14						8			14			14		
Methyl mercaptan	118		726	240			1249		1003	58			135		156	152		604
m-Xylene	147			133						67			140			114		
Naphthalene	54			49			52			24			49			47		
n-Butane	75			92			78			60			94			99		
n-Heptane	581			786			654			364			622			665		
n-Hexane	164			237			192			125			193			196		
Nitric Acid	11			13			9			5			5			9		
Nitric Oxide	847			681			676			186			306			642		
Nitrogen Dioxide	69			118			64			35			44			80		
Nitrous Acid	3			4			3			1			2			2		10
n-Octane	441			597			498			276			470			501		
n-Pentane	133			180			156			92			161			150		
o-Xylene	192			224			188			105			187			179		
Ozone	25		50	28			20		60	17			28			32		
Propane	123			159			133			80			137			138		
p-Xylene	409			337			396			172			385			332		
Styrene	45			39			43			21			47			46		
Sulfur Dioxide	78			94			74			48			53			70		
Toluene	308			331			301			181			282			289		

7/22/10 - Methane - 1102 (23-minute period)  
 7/20/10 - Methyl mercaptan - 1249 (6-minute period)  
 7/20/10 - Methyl mercaptan - 1003 (2-minute period)  
 7/22/10 - Methyl mercaptan - 604 (occurred twice)  
 7/20/10 - Ozone - 60 (occurred twice)  
 7/21/10 - Propane - 170 (10-minute period)

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Florence COPAMS Background (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compound	4/27/10						4/28/10						4/29/10					
	7:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am		5:00 pm - 12:00 am		5:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am		5:00 pm - 12:00 am		5:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am		5:00 pm - 12:00 am	
	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	180.2	944	--	555	--	--	654	--	511	--	2345	--	845	--	69	860	--	--
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	82.2	36	--	22	--	22	22	--	18	--	54	--	22	--	69	22	--	--
2-Methyl Butane	72.2	171	--	50	--	83	83	--	62	--	--	--	127	--	236	--	--	--
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	173	--	81	--	95	95	--	78	--	--	--	109	--	190	--	--	--
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	176	--	71	--	92	92	--	78	--	--	--	120	--	222	--	--	--
Benzene	78.1	431	--	220	--	489	246	--	211	--	--	--	271	--	326	--	680	--
Carbon Disulfide	76.1	218	--	137	--	--	125	--	137	--	--	--	128	--	162	--	--	--
Carbon Monoxide	28.0	25	--	14	--	--	14	--	11	--	227	--	18	--	63	29	--	99
Carbonyl Sulfide	60.1	17	--	10	--	--	10	--	7	--	--	--	10	--	10	--	--	--
Chloromethane	50.5	306	--	240	--	--	256	--	237	--	--	--	252	--	213	--	--	--
Dimethyl sulfide	62.1	145	--	79	--	--	76	--	69	--	--	--	79	--	74	--	--	--
Ethane	30.1	140	--	61	--	--	81	--	64	--	--	--	100	--	157	--	--	--
Ethylbenzene	106.2	725	--	252	--	534	369	747	1103	304	2614	591	803	1477	847	--	3470	--
Formaldehyde	30.0	21	--	10	--	--	11	--	10	--	--	--	14	--	18	--	--	--
Hydrogen Chloride	36.5	37	--	18	--	--	22	--	16	--	--	--	25	--	33	--	--	--
Hydrogen Sulfide	34.1	6589	--	3683	--	--	3768	--	3363	--	--	--	3823	--	3912	--	--	--
iso-Butane	58.1	95	--	36	--	--	57	--	40	--	71	--	71	--	176	114	--	--
Methane	16.0	85	--	33	--	--	48	--	35	--	79	--	83	--	108	--	--	--
Methanol	32.0	14	--	8	--	--	8	--	8	--	--	--	10	--	12	--	--	--
Methyl mercaptan	48.1	234	--	132	--	--	130	--	124	--	--	--	138	--	126	--	--	--
m-Xylene	106.2	278	--	200	--	--	269	--	165	--	--	--	391	--	300	--	--	--
Naphthalene	128.2	121	--	68	--	--	79	--	63	--	--	--	131	--	131	--	--	--
n-Butane	58.1	150	--	528	52	102	88	--	55	--	109	121	121	283	140	--	--	--
n-Heptane	100.2	1963	--	594	--	--	987	--	721	--	--	--	1401	--	2471	--	--	--
n-Hexane	86.2	501	--	152	--	--	247	--	190	--	--	--	367	--	698	--	--	--
Nitric Acid	63.0	31	--	82	18	49	18	--	64	18	--	--	23	80	21	--	64	--
Nitric Oxide	30.0	529	--	313	--	--	306	--	269	--	--	--	312	--	306	--	--	--
Nitrogen Dioxide	46.0	141	--	359	79	--	77	--	68	--	--	--	77	--	73	--	--	--
Nitrous Acid	47.0	8	--	4	--	--	4	--	4	--	--	--	4	--	4	--	--	--
n-Octane	114.2	1957	--	542	--	--	1004	--	645	--	2513	1415	1415	3835	2219	--	--	--
n-Pentane	72.2	268	--	89	--	--	133	--	103	--	--	201	201	375	375	--	--	--
o-Xylene	106.2	434	--	165	--	--	208	--	182	--	--	--	699	--	621	--	--	--
Ozone	48.0	43	--	24	--	--	26	--	22	--	--	--	27	--	35	--	--	--
Propane	44.1	142	--	43	--	--	70	--	54	--	--	--	105	--	186	--	--	--
p-Xylene	106.2	612	--	282	--	--	352	--	295	--	--	--	547	--	794	--	--	--
Styrene	104.2	98	--	290	51	162	72	341	51	158	68	179	85	439	85	165	701	701
Sulfur Dioxide	64.1	252	--	141	--	--	176	--	152	--	--	--	170	--	165	--	--	--
Toluene	92.1	648	--	264	--	--	493	--	305	--	--	--	734	--	701	--	--	--

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Stewart Compressor Station (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compound	5/18/10						5/19/10						5/20/10										
	5:25 am - 12:00 pm		4:50 pm - 12:00 am		5:10 am - 12:00 pm		5:10 pm - 12:00 am		5:10 am - 12:00 pm		5:10 pm - 12:00 am		5:10 am - 12:00 pm		5:10 pm - 12:00 am		5:10 am - 12:00 pm		5:10 pm - 12:00 am				
	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	88.2	737	--	536	--	--	487	--	600	--	1416	--	1135	--	700	--	1471	--	1135	--	700	--	
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	120.2	22	--	105	--	133	18	--	72	--	220	112	--	354	1319	14271	301	--	354	1319	14271	301	
2-Methyl Butane	72.2	189	--	65	--	230	80	--	251	401	5137	215	--	3362	215	--	264	--	3362	215	--	264	
2-Methyl Pentane	86.2	162	--	88	--	201	85	--	190	204	529	539	--	907	--	358	--	907	--	358	--	2788	
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	187	--	88	--	201	85	--	190	204	529	539	--	907	--	358	--	907	--	358	--	2788	
Benzene	78.1	303	--	176	--	667	188	--	275	--	872	243	--	790	34	--	243	--	790	34	--	194	
Carbon Disulfide	76.1	153	--	184	--	475	149	--	475	18	914	47	--	56	10	--	10	--	56	10	--	10	
Carbon Monoxide	28.0	23	--	262	11	34	175	13	--	7	--	12	--	1037	--	194	--	1037	--	194	--	99	
Carbonyl Sulfide	60.1	10	--	15	--	209	161	--	206	206	640	884	--	884	--	89	--	884	--	89	--	89	
Chloromethane	50.5	200	--	209	--	76	76	--	206	206	640	884	--	884	--	89	--	884	--	89	--	89	
Dimethyl sulfide	62.1	104	--	97	--	296	81	--	162	148	556	466	--	193	--	395	--	193	--	395	--	395	
Ethane	30.1	141	--	75	--	304	382	--	964	664	2015	1624	--	48	--	18	--	48	--	18	--	18	
Ethylbenzene	106.2	808	--	304	--	10	10	--	14	--	81	--	--	81	--	36	--	81	--	36	--	36	
Formaldehyde	30.0	16	--	18	--	18	18	--	24	--	25144	--	--	25144	--	4394	--	25144	--	4394	--	4394	
Hydrogen Chloride	34.1	4650	--	4986	--	90	52	--	102	--	1481	278	--	1481	278	--	1481	278	--	1481	278	--	425
Hydrogen Sulfide	16.0	102	--	397	40	--	47	--	67	--	472	177	--	472	177	--	550	145	--	550	145	--	1611
Iso-Butane	16.0	94	--	45	--	8	7	--	9	--	45	31	--	45	31	--	71	12	--	71	12	--	28
Methanol	32.0	10	--	8	--	814	309	--	134	309	5341	543	--	5341	--	155	--	5341	--	155	--	482	
Methyl mercaptan	48.1	177	--	117	--	117	117	--	143	--	369	369	--	369	--	278	--	369	--	278	--	278	
m-Xylene	106.2	200	--	117	--	52	52	--	63	--	168	168	--	168	--	387	131	--	387	131	--	387	
Naphthalene	128.2	79	--	52	--	385	59	--	326	135	696	713	--	12925	193	--	915	--	12925	193	--	915	
n-Butane	58.1	174	--	385	59	--	801	--	1807	--	4450	--	--	4450	--	3208	--	4450	--	3208	--	3208	
n-Heptane	100.2	2213	--	680	--	183	236	--	832	606	11502	1262	--	11502	1262	--	885	--	11502	1262	--	885	
n-Hexane	86.2	557	--	183	--	36	13	--	36	18	198	198	--	198	--	15	--	198	--	15	--	15	
Nitric Acid	63.0	18	--	15	--	582	297	--	297	--	1710	1710	--	1710	--	346	--	1710	--	346	--	346	
Nitric Oxide	30.0	323	--	199	107	--	73	--	320	103	1052	1772	--	1052	1772	--	103	--	1052	1772	--	103	
Nitrogen Dioxide	46.0	98	--	10	--	4	4	--	4	--	23	23	--	23	--	4	--	23	--	4	--	4	
Nitrous Acid	47.0	4	--	10	--	1499	822	--	1499	822	6119	4433	--	6119	4433	--	2920	--	6119	4433	--	2920	
n-Octane	114.2	2172	--	589	--	115	133	--	230	--	558	558	--	558	--	460	--	558	--	460	--	460	
n-Pentane	72.2	283	--	115	--	109	191	--	239	--	400	400	--	400	--	625	--	400	--	625	--	625	
o-Xylene	106.2	491	--	109	--	43	20	--	29	--	100	100	--	100	--	33	--	100	--	33	--	33	
Ozone	48.0	31	--	20	--	256	72	--	216	94	460	6249	--	460	6249	--	242	--	460	6249	--	242	
Propane	44.1	164	--	56	--	265	226	--	300	--	703	703	--	703	--	712	--	703	--	712	--	712	
p-Xylene	106.2	382	--	265	--	170	47	--	136	64	149	226	--	149	226	--	94	--	149	226	--	94	
Styrene	104.2	64	--	199	--	162	162	--	215	--	901	901	--	901	--	157	--	901	--	157	--	157	
Sulfur Dioxide	64.1	189	--	230	--	380	380	--	380	--	757	757	--	757	--	919	--	757	--	919	--	919	
Toluene	92.1	693	--	230	--	380	380	--	380	--	757	757	--	757	--	919	--	757	--	919	--	919	

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Cross Creek Tank Farm (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compound	MW	6/8/10			6/9/10			6/10/10						
		5:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm		5:00 pm - 12:00 am				
		Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)				
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	88.2	1062	--	1676	--	580	--	516	--	1347	--	1799	--	--
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	120.2	22	--	105	18	--	25	61	195	317	--	14	--	--
2-Methyl Butane	72.2	283	--	3275	513	--	83	--	676	56	--	366	--	543
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	229	--	1026	317	--	116	--	85	--	282	--	363	--
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	286	--	744	412	--	102	--	74	--	335	--	455	--
Benzene	78.1	348	--	2421	479	--	220	--	176	--	684	--	482	--
Carbon Disulfide	76.1	262	--	--	149	--	355	--	308	--	93	--	121	--
Carbon Monoxide	28.0	37	--	--	54	--	16	--	11	--	46	--	56	--
Carbonyl Sulfide	60.1	15	--	7	--	7	--	20	--	7	--	7	--	--
Chloromethane	50.5	215	--	184	--	275	--	262	--	149	--	151	--	--
Dimethyl sulfide	62.1	127	--	86	--	196	--	170	--	64	--	58	--	--
Ethane	30.1	205	--	889	273	--	93	--	66	--	237	--	301	--
Ethylbenzene	106.2	1068	--	2358	1550	--	421	--	1099	278	--	1268	--	1533
Formaldehyde	30.0	20	--	27	--	14	--	10	--	23	--	27	--	--
Hydrogen Chloride	36.5	40	--	54	--	24	--	18	--	45	--	51	--	--
Hydrogen Sulfide	34.1	5184	--	4214	--	8487	--	7882	--	3997	--	3768	--	--
Iso-Butane	58.1	166	--	492	231	--	57	--	266	38	--	112	159	--
Methane	16.0	161	--	752	229	--	53	--	177	36	--	192	236	--
Methanol	32.0	13	--	17	--	8	--	7	--	13	--	17	--	--
Methyl mercaptan	48.1	250	--	140	--	303	415	--	352	102	--	98	--	--
m-Xylene	106.2	278	--	438	--	139	--	117	--	352	--	456	--	--
Naphthalene	128.2	121	--	199	--	63	--	58	--	162	--	210	--	--
n-Butane	58.1	250	--	5961	409	--	86	--	566	57	--	485	200	--
n-Heptane	100.2	3315	--	5663	--	1028	--	680	--	3864	--	5831	--	--
n-Hexane	86.2	842	--	12461	1523	--	243	--	2690	162	--	1079	--	1607
Nitric Acid	63.0	15	--	15	--	28	--	26	--	13	--	13	--	44
Nitric Oxide	30.0	519	--	319	--	661	--	884	--	264	--	243	--	--
Nitrogen Dioxide	46.0	166	--	1086	92	--	224	--	497	186	--	892	60	--
Nitrous Acid	47.0	4	--	4	--	4	--	6	--	4	--	2	--	--
n-Octane	114.2	3285	--	5909	--	925	--	617	--	3349	--	5549	--	--
n-Pentane	72.2	454	--	3425	788	--	136	--	805	91	--	534	--	791
o-Xylene	106.2	682	--	1190	--	195	--	126	--	834	--	1177	--	--
Ozone	48.0	37	--	49	--	24	--	20	--	39	--	51	--	--
Propane	44.1	252	--	3832	424	--	74	--	869	47	--	294	--	431
p-Xylene	106.2	621	--	1072	--	278	--	269	--	790	--	1129	--	--
Styrene	104.2	85	--	251	132	--	55	--	115	47	--	102	--	141
Sulfur Dioxide	64.1	168	--	149	--	236	--	257	--	139	--	126	--	--
Toluene	92.1	881	--	1284	--	358	--	23	--	972	--	1213	--	--



Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Energy Corp. Compressor Station (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compound	6/28/10			6/29/10			6/30/10			7/1/10		
	5:57 pm - 12:00 pm	4:30 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	
MW	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Detect. Limit (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Avg. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Max. Conc. (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	88.2	1032	516	895	25	885	1194	2585	184	25	752	148
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	120.2	36	101	58	198	316	316	3145	395	395	395	148
2-Methyl Butane	72.2	186	268	187	307	6858	307	4512	494	494	494	---
2-Methyl Pentane	86.2	204	321	208	335	335	335	415	236	236	236	---
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	222	166	457	243	352	131	252	202	202	202	---
Benzene	78.1	246	125	352	26	178	41	58	21	21	21	360
Carbon Disulfide	76.1	405	290	10	26	178	41	58	21	21	21	360
Carbon Monoxide	28.0	25	290	10	26	178	41	58	21	21	21	360
Carbonyl Sulfide	60.1	17	5	15	15	15	7	7	7	7	7	---
Chloromethane	50.5	299	153	215	173	173	173	178	167	167	167	---
Dimethyl sulfide	62.1	213	142	173	173	173	130	163	142	142	142	---
Ethane	30.1	173	1059	235	559	348	259	4166	400	400	400	855
Ethylbenzene	106.2	699	1437	512	721	1959	1051	2189	1424	764	764	---
Formaldehyde	30.0	16	14	15	15	15	25	429	26	26	26	---
Hydrogen Chloride	36.5	27	22	28	28	28	51	672	45	45	45	---
Hydrogen Sulfide	34.1	8119	5097	5641	5641	5641	4857	826	5144	5144	5144	---
iso-Butane	58.1	107	152	105	105	105	171	2978	264	264	264	---
Methane	16.0	81	235	3336	96	218	1393	11325	1968	15717	29349	22239
Methanol	32.0	9	7	9	9	9	13	16	9	9	9	62
Methyl mercaptan	48.1	401	234	551	297	242	700	301	807	293	293	624
m-Xylene	106.2	252	117	200	200	265	265	473	174	174	174	---
Naphthalene	128.2	121	58	94	94	121	121	225	79	79	79	---
n-Butane	58.1	119	395	418	188	475	240	589	537	1253	1585	1585
n-Heptane	100.2	2163	3294	2262	2262	2262	3794	36574	4858	4858	4858	---
n-Hexane	86.2	546	786	578	578	578	927	9031	1149	1149	1149	---
Nitric Acid	63.0	26	13	28	18	18	15	18	52	13	13	---
Nitric Oxide	30.0	1010	248	700	693	786	276	1135	308	308	308	2229
Nitrogen Dioxide	46.0	397	480	271	480	786	248	5056	623	623	623	---
Nitrous Acid	47.0	6	2	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	8
n-Octane	114.2	1892	2863	1967	313	313	3391	38598	4508	4508	4508	---
n-Pentane	72.2	277	363	313	313	528	528	4142	561	561	561	---
o-Xylene	106.2	321	113	369	369	512	512	912	278	278	278	---
Ozone	48.0	27	20	51	26	26	35	47	24	24	24	59
Propane	44.1	161	231	168	168	272	272	3012	346	346	346	---
p-Xylene	106.2	673	291	491	491	612	612	1203	386	386	386	---
Styrene	104.2	77	43	68	68	162	98	205	72	72	72	145
Sulfur Dioxide	64.1	265	134	189	189	157	157	173	155	155	155	---
Toluene	92.1	516	245	572	572	900	900	1152	546	546	546	---

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Yeager Impoundment (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compound	7/19/10			7/20/10			7/21/10			7/22/10		
	5:40 pm - 12:00 am	4:45 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 pm - 12:00 am	4:30 am - 12:00 pm	4:30 am - 12:00 pm	7:00 pm - 12:00 am	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	5:00 am - 12:00 pm	
MW	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)	Detect. Limit (ug/m3)	Avg. Conc. (ug/m3)	Max. Conc. (ug/m3)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	88.2	2487	--	1799	--	2359	973	--	2074	1966	--	--
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	120.2	32	--	36	--	350	76	14	47	32	--	177
2-Methyl Butane	72.2	198	--	292	--	227	153	--	236	242	--	--
2-Methyl Pentane	86.2	247	--	324	--	250	204	--	300	289	--	--
3-Methyl Pentane	86.2	250	--	328	--	257	201	--	303	296	--	--
Benzene	78.1	549	--	527	--	501	307	--	575	581	--	--
Carbon Disulfide	76.1	237	--	218	--	165	81	--	121	196	--	--
Carbon Monoxide	28.0	62	--	52	--	229	25	--	58	54	--	135
Carbonyl Sulfide	60.1	20	--	22	--	17	5	--	10	15	--	--
Chloromethane	50.5	289	--	411	--	252	134	--	159	264	--	--
Dimethyl sulfide	62.1	150	--	224	--	140	71	--	86	165	--	--
Ethane	30.1	210	--	261	--	203	168	--	247	235	--	--
Ethylbenzene	106.2	1190	--	1620	--	1173	886	--	1220	1368	--	--
Formaldehyde	30.0	29	--	31	--	28	17	--	33	31	--	--
Hydrogen Chloride	36.5	57	--	58	--	55	31	--	64	58	--	--
Hydrogen Sulfide	34.1	6283	--	7717	--	5948	3314	--	3855	6179	--	--
Iso-Butane	58.1	128	--	157	--	135	83	--	138	143	--	--
Methane	16.0	161	--	813	159	389	952	470	769	171	495	126
Methanol	32.0	17	--	18	--	17	10	--	18	18	--	--
Methyl mercaptan	48.1	232	--	1428	472	2457	1973	114	266	157	307	299
m-Xylene	106.2	638	--	577	--	590	291	--	608	495	--	1188
Naphthalene	128.2	283	--	257	--	273	126	--	257	246	--	--
n-Butane	58.1	178	--	219	--	185	143	--	223	235	--	--
n-Heptane	100.2	2381	--	3221	--	2680	1491	--	2549	2725	--	--
n-Hexane	86.2	578	--	835	--	677	441	--	680	691	--	--
Nitric Acid	63.0	28	--	33	--	23	13	--	13	23	--	--
Nitric Oxide	30.0	1039	--	836	--	830	228	--	376	788	--	--
Nitrogen Dioxide	46.0	130	--	222	--	120	66	--	83	151	--	--
Nitrous Acid	47.0	6	--	8	--	6	2	--	4	4	--	19
n-Octane	114.2	2060	--	2789	--	2326	1289	--	2195	2340	--	--
n-Pentane	72.2	392	--	531	--	460	271	--	475	443	--	--
o-Xylene	106.2	834	--	973	--	816	456	--	812	777	--	--
Ozone	48.0	49	--	98	--	39	118	33	55	63	96	63
Propane	44.1	222	--	287	--	240	144	--	307	247	--	--
p-Xylene	106.2	1776	--	1463	--	1719	747	--	1671	1441	--	--
Styrene	104.2	192	--	166	--	183	89	--	200	196	--	--
Sulfur Dioxide	64.1	204	--	246	--	194	126	--	139	183	--	--
Toluene	92.1	1160	--	1247	--	1134	682	--	1062	1088	--	--

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Appendix B: Canister Data

Canister Data All Sites (ppbv)

Compounds	MDL	Concentration (ppbv)																
		Florence 001	Florence 002	Florence 003	Stewart 001	Stewart 002	Stewart 003	CrossCreek 001	CrossCreek 002	CrossCreek 003	EnergyCorp 001	EnergyCorp 002	EnergyCorp 003	Yeager 001	Yeager 002	Yeager 003	Arendtsville	Marcus Hook
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.042	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.067	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.025	0.084	0.099	0.094	--	0.073	0.098	0.088	0.081	0.083	0.081	0.077	0.090	0.086	0.094	0.10	0.084	0.081
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.035	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.023	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.037	0.17	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.042	0.062
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.036	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.028	0.089
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.026	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	0.026	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.050	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.025	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.013	--
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.017	0.015
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.064	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.033
1,3-Butadiene	0.164	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.050	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.049	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.026
1-Bromopropane	0.021	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene	0.048	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.037	0.036
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.160	0.28	0.56	0.42	0.31	0.51	0.40	0.96	0.68	1.4	0.62	--	0.75	0.78	0.89	0.70	0.89	0.79
2-Hexanone	0.148	0.63	--	--	--	--	--	0.17	--	--	0.25	--	--	0.28	--	--	0.13	0.081
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	0.041	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.148	0.80	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Acetone	0.177	9.9	7.0	7.1	3.7	9.9	5.4	--	7.6	4.6	6.7	4.6	17	10	7.4	13	7.9	7.4
Acrolein	0.053	0.18	0.31	0.41	--	0.53	--	--	0.66	0.40	0.33	1.6	0.34	0.55	--	0.97	0.86	0.54
Benzene	0.022	0.092	0.093	0.25	0.16	0.11	0.13	0.22	0.20	0.42	0.14	0.11	0.093	0.10	0.15	0.11	0.16	0.54
Bromodichloromethane	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bromoform	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bromomethane	0.025	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.014	0.027
Carbon disulfide	0.151	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.079
Carbon tetrachloride	0.025	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.072	0.098	0.11	0.094	0.11	0.094	0.10	0.087	0.11	0.074	0.068	0.10	0.11	0.10
Chlorobenzene	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.017	0.031
Chloroethane	0.027	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.055	0.032
Chloroethene	0.025	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.016
Chloroform	0.023	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.013	0.016
Chloromethane	0.028	0.59	0.68	0.61	--	0.58	0.64	0.61	0.66	0.66	0.64	0.70	0.67	0.82	0.88	0.87	0.56	0.55
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.023	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.012	--
cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	0.040	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cyclohexane	0.026	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.31	1.0	0.14	--	--	--	--	--	0.026	0.17
Dibromochloromethane	0.024	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.026	0.55	0.65	0.62	--	0.56	0.69	0.62	0.63	0.62	0.58	0.59	0.63	0.70	0.72	0.89	0.56	0.55
Ethylbenzene	0.021	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.026	--	0.024	--	0.044	--	--	--	--	0.019	0.083
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	0.054	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.029	0.032
m&p-Xylene	0.045	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.070	--	0.12	0.062	0.14	--	--	0.060	--	0.043	0.29
Methylene chloride	0.021	0.065	0.076	0.065	0.059	0.090	--	0.054	0.058	0.069	--	0.054	0.063	--	--	0.053	0.23	0.15
n-Heptane	0.024	0.060	--	--	--	0.058	0.039	0.17	0.72	2.6	0.050	0.33	0.080	0.053	--	0.072	0.044	0.18
n-Hexane	0.021	--	0.034	0.035	--	--	--	0.53	2.5	9.0	0.12	0.42	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.16	0.053	0.44
o-Xylene	0.021	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.026	--	0.028	0.025	0.032	0.026	--	--	--	0.018	0.096
Propene	0.152	0.42	0.50	0.53	0.61	1.3	2.2	2.0	5.8	12	1.3	4.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.9	0.60	14
Styrene	0.020	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.051	0.045	0.069	0.070	0.058	0.083	0.024	0.018
Tetrachloroethene (PERC)	0.021	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.092	0.030	--	--	--	0.016	0.037
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	0.051	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.027	0.029
Toluene	0.023	0.082	0.068	0.16	0.14	0.14	0.18	0.19	0.17	0.35	0.24	0.25	0.15	0.13	0.20	0.17	0.17	1.7
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.026	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.015	--
trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	0.040	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	0.025	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.013	--
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.026	0.25	0.30	0.29	--	0.24	0.32	0.27	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.24	0.26	0.27	0.28	0.30	0.26	0.25

-- Not Detected

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Canister Data All Sites (ug/m<sup>3</sup>)

Compounds	MDL	Concentration (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )																	
		Florence 001	Florence 002	Florence 003	Stewart 001	Stewart 002	Stewart 003	CrossCreek 001	CrossCreek 002	CrossCreek 003	EnergyCorp 001	EnergyCorp 002	EnergyCorp 003	Yeager 001	Yeager 002	Yeager 003	Arendtsville	Marcus Hook	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.230	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.462	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	0.194	0.64	0.76	0.72	--	0.56	0.75	0.67	0.62	0.64	0.62	0.59	0.69	0.66	0.72	0.77	0.64	0.62	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.132	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.142	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.091	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.274	1.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.31	0.46	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.175	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.14	0.44	
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.198	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	0.184	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.301	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.101	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.054	--	
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.110	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.076	0.067	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.316	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.16	
1,3-Butadiene	0.362	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.302	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.297	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.15	
1-Bromopropane	0.108	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene	0.238	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.18	0.17	
2-Butanone (MEK)	0.473	0.83	1.7	1.2	0.91	1.5	1.2	2.8	2.0	4.1	1.8	--	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.1	2.6	2.3	
2-Hexanone	0.606	2.6	--	--	--	--	--	0.70	--	--	1.0	--	--	1.1	--	--	0.51	0.33	
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	0.148	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)	0.606	3.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Acetone	0.419	24	17	17	8.8	24	13	--	18	11	16	11	40	24	18	31	19	18	
Acrolein	0.122	0.41	0.71	0.94	--	1.2	--	--	1.5	0.92	0.76	3.7	0.78	1.3	--	2.2	2.0	1.2	
Benzene	0.071	0.29	0.30	0.80	0.51	0.35	0.42	0.70	0.64	1.3	0.45	0.35	0.30	0.32	0.48	0.35	0.52	1.7	
Bromodichloromethane	0.160	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Bromoform	0.253	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Bromomethane	0.098	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.053	0.11	
Carbon disulfide	0.471	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.25	
Carbon tetrachloride	0.157	0.69	0.82	0.75	0.45	0.62	0.69	0.59	0.69	0.59	0.63	0.55	0.69	0.47	0.43	0.63	0.67	0.63	
Chlorobenzene	0.112	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.077	0.14	
Chloroethane	0.072	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.14	0.084	
Chloroethene	0.065	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.041	
Chloroform	0.113	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.062	0.077	
Chloromethane	0.058	1.2	1.4	1.3	--	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.1	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.090	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.049	
cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	0.182	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Cyclohexane	0.088	--	--	--	Cyclohexane	--	--	--	1.1	3.4	0.48	--	--	--	--	--	0.090	0.57	
Dibromochloromethane	0.206	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	0.128	2.7	3.2	3.1	--	2.8	3.4	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.5	3.6	4.4	2.8	2.7	
Ethylbenzene	0.093	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.11	--	0.10	--	0.19	--	--	--	--	0.084	0.36	
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	0.575	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.31	0.34	
m&p-Xylene	0.197	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.30	--	0.52	0.27	0.61	--	--	0.26	--	0.18	1.3	
Methylene chloride	0.074	0.23	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.31	--	0.19	0.20	0.24	--	0.19	0.22	--	--	0.18	0.79	0.51	
n-Heptane	0.100	0.25	--	--	--	0.24	0.16	0.70	3.0	11	0.20	1.4	0.33	0.22	--	0.30	0.18	0.75	
n-Hexane	0.072	--	0.12	0.12	--	--	--	1.9	8.8	32	0.42	1.5	0.39	0.42	0.42	0.56	0.19	1.6	
o-Xylene	0.092	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.11	--	0.12	0.11	0.14	0.11	--	--	--	0.078	0.41	
Propene	0.263	0.72	0.86	0.91	1.1	2.2	3.8	3.4	10.0	21	2.2	7.2	2.1	2.4	2.4	3.3	1.0	2.4	
Styrene	0.084	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.22	0.19	0.29	0.30	0.25	0.35	0.10	0.079
Tetrachloroethene (PERC)	0.139	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.62	0.20	--	--	--	0.11	0.25	
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	0.150	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.080	0.085	
Toluene	0.086	0.31	0.26	0.60	0.53	0.53	0.68	0.72	0.64	1.3	0.90	0.94	0.56	0.49	0.75	0.64	0.64	6.4	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.105	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.059	--	
trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	0.182	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	0.134	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.068	--	
Trichlorofluoromethane	0.148	1.4	1.7	1.6	--	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.4	

-- Not Detected

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

***Appendix C: Reference Concentrations***

**MAU – Reference Concentrations (RfC)**

CAS#	Compound	RfC		
		REL (ug/m3)	AEGL (ug/m3)	ERPG-1 (ug/m3)
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			
1634-04-4	2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)		180000	
78-78-4	2-Methyl Butane			
73513-42-5	2-Methyl Pentane			
96-14-0	3-Methyl Pentane			
71-43-2	Benzene	1300	170000	170000
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	6200	40000	40000
630-08-0	Carbon Monoxide			
463-58-1	Carbonyl Sulfide		140000	
74-87-3	Chloromethane		1900000	
75-18-3	Dimethyl sulfide			
74-84-0	Ethane			
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		140000	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	55	1100	1100
7647-01-0	Hydrogen Chloride	2100	2700	2700
7783-06-4	Hydrogen Sulfide	42	710	710
75-28-5	iso-Butane			
74-82-8	Methane			
67-56-1	Methanol	28000	690000	690000
74-93-1	Methyl mercaptan			
1330-20-7	m-Xylene	22000		
91-20-3	Naphthalene			
106-97-8	n-Butane			
142-82-5	n-Heptane			
110-54-3	n-Hexane		1200000	
7697-37-2	Nitric Acid			
	Nitric Oxide			
10102-44-0	Nitrogen Dioxide			
7782-77-6	Nitrous Acid			
111-65-9	n-Octane			
109-66-0	n-Pentane			
95-47-6	o-Xylene			
10028-15-6	Ozone			
74-98-6	Propane			
1330-20-7	p-Xylene	22000		
100-42-5	Styrene	21000	85000	85000
7446-09-5	Sulfur Dioxide			
108-88-3	Toluene	37000	750000	750000

Sources
REL - CalEPA Recommended Exposure Limits (1-hr)
AEGL-1 - EPA Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Mild Effects (1-hr)
AEGL-2 - EPA Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Moderate Effects (1-hr)
ERPG-1 - DOE Emergency Removal Program Guidelines for Mild or Transient Effects (1-hr)

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

**Canister - Reference Concentrations (RfC)**

CAS#	Preferred Compound Names	Acute RfC (ug/m3)	Source RfC
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	9000	IRIS
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		
76-13-1	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane		
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane		
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene		
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane		
76-14-2	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane		
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane		
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	231	ATSDR
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	220	ATSDR
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	12000	ATSDR
106-94-5	1-Bromopropane		
622-96-8	1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene		
78-93-3	2-Butanone (MEK)	13000	CALEPA
591-78-6	2-Hexanone		
1634-04-4	2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	7210	ATSDR
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)		
67-64-1	Acetone	61800	ATSDR
107-02-8	Acrolein	6.88	ATSDR
71-43-2	Benzene	28.8	ATSDR
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		
75-25-2	Bromoform		
74-83-9	Bromomethane	194	ATSDR
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	6200	CALEPA
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1900	CALEPA
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		
75-00-3	Chloroethane	39600	ATSDR
75-01-4	Chloroethene	1280	ATSDR
67-66-3	Chloroform	488	ATSDR
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1030	ATSDR
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene		
110-82-7	Cyclohexane		
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane		
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	43400	ATSDR
87-68-3	Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene		
108-38-3	m&p-Xylene	8680	ATSDR
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2080	ATSDR
142-82-5	n-Heptane		
110-54-3	n-Hexane		
95-47-6	o-Xylene	22000	CALEPA
115-07-1	Propene		
100-42-5	Styrene	8520	ATSDR
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene (PERC)	1360	ATSDR
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran (THF)		
108-88-3	Toluene	3770	ATSDR
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	793	ATSDR
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene		
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene (TCE)	10700	ATSDR
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane		

Sources
ATSDR - Agency for Toxics Substances and Disease Registry
CalEPA - California EPA
IRIS - EPA's Integrated Risk Information System
HEAST - EPA's Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables
NCEA - EPA's National Center for Environmental Assessment
PROV - EPA's Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Values

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Appendix D: Mobile Analytical Unit Hazard Calculations

OP-FTIR – Florence COPAMS Maximum

Compound	Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/REL)						Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/AEGL)						Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/ERPG-1)					
	4/27/10		4/28/10		4/29/10		4/27/10		4/28/10		4/29/10		4/27/10		4/28/10		4/29/10	
	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.00	0.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methyl Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methyl Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3-Methyl Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benzene	...	0.38	...	...	...	0.52	...	0.00	...	...	...	...	...	0.00	...	...	...	0.00
Carbon Disulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbon Monoxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbonyl Sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chloromethane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dimethyl sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ethane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ethylbenzene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...
Formaldehyde	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hydrogen Chloride	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hydrogen Sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
iso-Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Methane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Methanol	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Methyl mercaptan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
m-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naphthalene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Heptane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Hexane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitric Acid	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitric Oxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitrogen Dioxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitrous Acid	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Octane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
o-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ozone	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Propane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
p-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Styrene	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
Sulfur Dioxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toluene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>Hazard Index</b>	0.01	0.38	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.54	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

OP-FTIR – Stewart Compressor Station Maximum

Compound	Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/REL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/AEGL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/ERP-G-1)					
	5/18/10		5/19/10		5/18/10		5/19/10		5/18/10		5/19/10		5/20/10	
	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
2-Methyl Butane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
2-Methyl Pentane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
3-Methyl Pentane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Benzene	---	0.51	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	0.00	---	---	---	---
Carbon Disulfide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Carbon Monoxide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Carbonyl Sulfide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Chloromethane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Dimethyl sulfide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ethane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ethylbenzene	---	---	---	---	---	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	---	---	---
Formaldehyde	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hydrogen Chloride	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hydrogen Sulfide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
iso-Butane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Methane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Methanol	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Methyl mercaptan	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
m-Xylene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Naphthalene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
n-Butane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
n-Heptane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
n-Hexane	---	---	---	---	---	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	---	---	---
Nitric Acid	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Nitric Oxide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Nitrogen Dioxide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Nitrous Acid	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
n-Octane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
n-Pentane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
o-Xylene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Ozone	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Propane	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
p-Xylene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Styrene	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sulfur Dioxide	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Toluene	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
<b>Hazard Index</b>	0.01	0.52	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00



Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

OP-FTIR – Cross Creek Tank Farm Maximum

Compound	Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/REL)						Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/AEGL)						Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/ERP-1)					
	6/8/10		6/9/10		6/10/10		6/8/10		6/9/10		6/10/10		6/8/10		6/9/10		6/10/10	
	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2-Methyl Butane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2-Methyl Pentane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3-Methyl Pentane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benzene	1.86	..	..	0.51	..	..	0.01	..	..	0.00	..	..	0.01	..	..	0.00	..	..
Carbon Disulfide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Carbon Monoxide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Carbonyl Sulfide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chloromethane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dimethyl sulfide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ethane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ethylbenzene	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.02	..	..	0.01	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Formaldehyde	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hydrogen Chloride	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hydrogen Sulfide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
iso-Butane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Methane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Methanol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Methyl mercaptan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
m-Xylene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Naphthalene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
n-Butane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
n-Heptane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
n-Hexane	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nitric Acid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nitric Oxide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nitrogen Dioxide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nitrous Acid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
n-Octane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
n-Pentane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
o-Xylene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ozone	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Propane	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
p-Xylene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Styrene	0.01	..	..	0.01	..	..	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sulfur Dioxide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Toluene	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Hazard Index</b>	1.87	..	..	0.01	0.51	..	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

OP-FTIR – Energy Corp. Compressor Station Maximum

Compound	Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/REL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/AEGL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/ERP-G-1)							
	6/28/10		6/29/10		6/30/10		7/1/10		6/28/10		6/29/10		6/30/10		7/1/10	
	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methyl Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2-Methyl Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3-Methyl Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benzene	...	0.35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbon Disulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbon Monoxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carbonyl Sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chloromethane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dimethyl sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ethane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ethylbenzene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Formaldehyde	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hydrogen Chloride	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hydrogen Sulfide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
iso-Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Methane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Methanol	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.00
Methyl mercaptan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
m-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naphthalene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Butane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Heptane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Hexane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitric Acid	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitric Oxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitrogen Dioxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nitrous Acid	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Octane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
n-Pentane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
o-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ozone	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Propane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
p-Xylene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Styrene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sulfur Dioxide	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toluene	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>Hazard Index</b>	...	0.35	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

OP-FTIR – Yeager Impoundment Maximum

Compound	Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/REL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/AEGL)				Hazard Quotient (Highest Conc/ERP-G-1)					
	7/20/10		7/22/10		7/20/10		7/21/10		7/20/10		7/21/10		7/22/10	
	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening	Morning	Evening
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2-Methyl Butane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2-Methyl Pentane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3-Methyl Pentane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Benzene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Carbon Disulfide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Carbon Monoxide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Carbonyl Sulfide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chloromethane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Dimethyl sulfide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ethane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ethylbenzene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Formaldehyde	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hydrogen Chloride	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
iso-Butane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Methane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Methanol	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Methyl mercaptan	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
m-Xylene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Naphthalene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Butane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Heptane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Hexane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nitric Acid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nitric Oxide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nitrogen Dioxide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nitrous Acid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Octane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Pentane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
o-Xylene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ozone	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Propane	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
p-Xylene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Styrene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sulfur Dioxide	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Toluene	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>Hazard Index</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010**

GC/MS – All Sites

Site	Date	Time	Compound	Conc. (ppbv)	MW	Conc. (ug/m3)	Hazard Quotient (HQ)		
							Conc/ REL	Conc/ AEGL	Conc/ ERPG-1
Florence COPAMS	4/29/10	9:05	Benzene	0.50	78.1	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
		9:48	Benzene	0.98	78.1	3.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
		10:30	Benzene	0.70	78.1	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
Stewart Compressor Stn.	5/18/10	8:54	Toluene	0.62	92.1	2.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5/19/10	9:30	Benzene	0.77	78.1	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
			Toluene	1.10	92.1	4.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5/19/10	21:01	Benzene	0.64	78.1	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5/20/10	4:47	Benzene	0.50	78.1	1.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
	5/20/10	19:30	Benzene	0.99	78.1	3.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
Toluene			0.58	92.1	2.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Cross Creek Tank Farm	6/8/10	6:22	Benzene	0.69	78.1	2.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
			Toluene	0.79	92.1	2.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
	6/8/10	7:10	Benzene	0.49	78.1	1.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
Energy Corp. Compressor Stn.	6/30/10	21:28	Toluene	0.56	92.1	2.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
Yeager Impoundment	7/19/10	19:11	Toluene	0.64	92.1	2.41	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
November 1, 2010**

*Appendix E: Canister Hazard Calculations*

Canister- All Sites

Compounds	RAIS 7/15 RfC Acute (ug/m3)	Source RfC	Hazard Quotient (HQ) Acute																
			Florence 001	Florence 002	Florence 003	Stewart 001	Stewart 002	Stewart 003	CrossCreek 001	CrossCreek 002	CrossCreek 003	EnergyCorp 001	EnergyCorp 002	EnergyCorp 003	Yeager 001	Yeager 002	Yeager 003	Arendtsville	Marcus Hook
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	9000	IRIS																	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane																			
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane																			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane																			
1,1-Dichloroethane																			
1,1-Dichloroethene																			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene																			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene																			
1,2-Dibromoethane																			
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane																			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene																			
1,2-Dichloroethane																			
1,2-Dichloropropane	231	ATSDR																	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene																			
1,3-Butadiene	220	ATSDR																	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene																			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	12000	ATSDR																	
1-Bromopropane																			
1-Ethyl-4-methylbenzene																			
2-Butanone (MEK)	13000	CALEPA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2-Hexanone																			
2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane (MTBE)	7210	ATSDR																	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)																			
Acetone	61800	ATSDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Acrolein	6.88	ATSDR	0.06	0.10	0.14		0.18			0.22	0.13	0.11	0.53	0.11	0.18		0.32	0.29	0.18
Benzene	28.8	ATSDR	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.06
Bromodichloromethane																			
Bromoform																			
Bromomethane	194	ATSDR																	
Carbon disulfide	6200	CALEPA																	
Carbon tetrachloride	1900	CALEPA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Chlorobenzene																			
Chloroethane	39600	ATSDR																0.00	0.00
Chloroethene	1280	ATSDR																	
Chloroform	488	ATSDR																	0.00
Chloromethane	1030	ATSDR	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene																			
cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene																			
Cyclohexane																			
Dibromochloromethane																			
Dichlorodifluoromethane																			
Ethylbenzene	43400	ATSDR							0.00		0.00		0.00					0.00	0.00
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene																			
m&p-Xylene	8680	ATSDR							0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00			0.00		0.00	0.00
Methylene chloride	2080	ATSDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00
n-Heptane																			
n-Hexane																			
o-Xylene	22000	CALEPA							0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00
Propene																			
Styrene	8520	ATSDR										0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Tetrachloroethene (PERC)	1360	ATSDR											0.00	0.00				0.00	0.00
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)																			
Toluene	3770	ATSDR	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	793	ATSDR																	
trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene																			
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	10700	ATSDR																	
Trichlorofluoromethane																			
Hazard Index (HI) Acute			0.07	0.12	0.17	0.02	0.19	0.02	0.03	0.24	0.18	0.13	0.55	0.13	0.20	0.02	0.34	0.31	0.24

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Appendix F: Mobile Analytical Unit Meteorological Data

Florence COPAMS Background

Stewart Compressor Station

4/27/10				4/28/10				4/29/10			
Morning		Evening		Morning		Evening		Morning		Evening	
Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)
7:15 AM	40	4	300	5:42 PM	75	7	310	4:50 AM	30	0	190
7:45 AM	44	6	350	6:30 PM	68	4	350	5:45 AM	28	0	80
8:00 AM	46	8	50	7:00 PM	62	6	0	6:10 AM	28	0	100
8:30 AM	48	6	330	7:30 PM	56	3	0	6:30 AM	28	1	130
9:00 AM	50	5	340	8:00 PM	46	3	30	7:05 AM	29	2	300
9:40 AM	52	6	320	8:30 PM	44	1	350	7:30 AM	32	4	280
10:00 AM	51	8	340	9:00 PM	42	3	330	8:00 AM	43	1	280
10:30 AM	50	12	40	9:30 PM	41	2	310	8:30 AM	56	1	220
11:00 AM	53	8	20	10:00 PM	41	2	320	9:00 AM	53	0	230
11:35 AM	53	6	20	10:30 PM	40	3	310	9:30 AM	50	0	240
12:00 PM	54	8	0	11:00 PM	38	2	320	10:00 AM	48	0	220
				11:30 PM	38	2	310	10:30 AM	61	6	280
				12:00 AM	38	2	320	11:00 AM	62	3	190
								11:30 PM	60	3	280
								12:00 PM	43	0	200

5/18/10				5/19/10				5/20/10			
Morning		Evening		Morning		Evening		Morning		Evening	
Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)
5:30 AM	53	0	0	4:32 PM	61	0	123	5:00 AM	50	0	278
6:00 AM	52	0	0	5:00 PM	61	0	21	5:30 AM	50	0	270
6:30 AM	52	0	102	5:33 PM	61	1	26	6:00 AM	50	0	272
7:00 AM	52	0	101	5:59 PM	60	0	61	6:30 AM	48	0	278
7:30 AM	52	0	101	6:30 PM	59	0	67	7:00 AM	40	0	277
8:00 AM	52	2	38	7:05 PM	59	0	65	7:30 AM	48	0	270
8:15 AM	Lightning/ Heavy Rain			7:36 PM	59	0	71	8:00 AM	49	0	270
9:20 AM	54	0	105	8:00 PM	58	0	28	8:30 AM	50	0	280
10:00 AM	54	2	105	8:30 PM	57	0	71	9:00 AM	53	0	250
10:30 AM	55	0	102	9:00 PM	56	0	59	9:30 AM	54	3	209
11:00 AM	57	0	107	9:30 PM	55	0	5	10:00 AM	57	7	211
11:30 AM	57	0	200	10:00 PM	55	0	53	10:30 AM	58	7	213
12:00 PM	57	0	200	10:30 PM	55	0	53	11:00 AM	61	2	211
				11:00 PM	53	0	38	11:30 AM	64	2	283
				11:30 PM	53	0	47	12:00 PM	65	2	57

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection  
 Southwest Pa. Marcellus Shale Short-Term Air Sampling Report  
 November 1, 2010

Cross Creek Tank Farm

Energy Corp. Compressor Station

6/8/10						6/9/10						6/10/10							
Morning			Evening			Morning			Evening			Morning			Evening				
Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)
5:00 AM	57	4	180	5:00 PM	71	0	275	5:00 AM	59	5	175	5:00 PM	67	3	190	4:55 PM	76	6	296
5:30 AM	49	2	180	5:30 PM	69	3	313	5:30 AM	56	4	131	5:30 PM	68	5	195	5:30 AM	63	6	203
6:00 AM	48	3	180	6:00 PM	70	0	348	6:00 AM	57	0	93	6:00 PM	68	5	213	5:54 PM	77	5	304
6:30 AM	49	3	198	6:30 PM	70	0	348	6:30 AM	56	4	178	6:30 PM	69	1	204	6:30 AM	63	5	205
7:00 AM	49	2	190	7:00 PM	69	0	13	7:00 AM	56	4	188	7:01 PM	69	7	188	7:00 AM	63	4	219
7:30 AM	51	2	213	7:30 PM	68	0	13	7:30 AM	57	5	182	7:32 PM	70	4	188	7:30 AM	64	7	195
8:00 AM	52	4	204	8:00 PM	68	0	13	8:00 AM	58	4	202	8:03 PM	70	5	175	8:00 AM	65	6	218
8:30 AM	55	2	213	8:30 PM	68	0	63	8:30 AM	59	9	208	8:38 PM	70	6	145	8:30 AM	66	7	227
9:00 AM	58	2	215	9:00 PM	66	0	63	9:00 AM	60	13	191	9:01 PM	70	4	165	9:00 AM	67	6	233
9:30 AM	61	3	261	9:30 PM	65	0	99	9:30 AM	61	11	221	9:31 PM	69	7	157	9:30 AM	68	6	248
10:00 AM	63	5	280	10:00 PM	64	0	28	10:00 AM	62	13	215	10:01 PM	69	7	269	10:00 AM	69	6	178
10:30 AM	64	4	314	10:30 PM	65	0	38	10:30 AM	63	12	213	10:28 PM	69	5	219	10:30 AM	70	7	216
11:00 AM	64	3	225	11:00 PM	64	0	71	11:00 AM	63	17	198	11:07 PM	69	4	267	11:00 AM	67	5	242
11:30 AM	65	9	355	11:30 PM	63	1	113	11:30 AM	64	13	242	11:30 PM	69	3	244	11:30 AM	73	9	234
				11:58 PM	63	0	73	12:00 PM	65	13	233					12:00 PM	74	8	210

6/28/10						6/29/10						6/30/10						7/1/10					
Evening			Morning			Evening			Morning			Evening			Morning			Evening			Morning		
Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)	Time	Temp (°F)	Wind Speed (mph)	Wind Dir. (Deg.)
5:45 PM	77	2	251	4:30 AM	66	0	288	5:00 PM	73	7	345	4:30 AM	56	3	306	5:00 PM	72	6	263	4:45 AM	50	2	310
6:15 PM	78	6	221	5:00 AM	66	0	253	5:30 PM	73	5	306	5:00 AM	52	3	304	5:30 PM	72	4	339	5:00 AM	50	4	302
7:00 PM	79	8	187	5:30 AM	65	0	279	6:02 PM	73	4	345	5:30 AM	52	1	307	6:04 PM	72	2	286	5:30 AM	49	2	307
7:37 PM	79	5	244	6:00 AM	65	0	310	6:30 PM	73	4	32	6:00 AM	60	0	307	6:32 PM	72	7	256	6:00 AM	48	2	313
8:02 PM	78	6	212	6:30 AM	65	2	259	7:00 PM	73	4	349	6:30 AM	51	0	307	7:00 PM	72	5	332	6:30 AM	49	2	318
8:35 PM	77	5	219	7:00 AM	64	2	273	7:30 PM	71	7	15	7:00 AM	53	0	309	7:30 PM	70	4	287	7:00 AM	49	0	303
9:12 PM	70	3	282	7:30 AM	65	2	273	8:00 PM	71	5	355	7:30 AM	53	3	315	8:05 PM	69	3	322	7:30 AM	52	0	203
9:35 PM	70	5	292	8:00 AM	67	3	282	8:25 PM	70	4	341	8:00 AM	59	0	290	8:30 PM	68	6	342	8:00 AM	54	1	198
10:02 PM	69	0	198	8:30 AM	68	4	281	9:00 PM	68	4	345	8:30 AM	60	1	190	9:00 PM	66	6	355	8:30 AM	57	1	179
10:32 PM	70	1	234	9:00 AM	68	5	250	9:30 PM	67	2	340	9:00 AM	63	2	213	9:30 PM	65	4	360	9:00 AM	61	0	150
11:02 PM	68	4	276	9:30 AM	69	4	269	10:00 PM	66	6	349	9:30 AM	64	1	304	10:00 PM	64	2	350	9:30 AM	64	3	265
11:28 PM	68	0	191	10:00 AM	70	5	298	10:32 PM	64	5	355	10:00 AM	65	2	289	10:30 PM	63	6	351	10:00 AM	66	4	65
				10:30 AM	71	2	272	11:00 PM	64	6	342	10:30 AM	66	3	341	11:00 PM	62	6	344	10:30 AM	65	6	44
				11:00 AM	72	4	265	11:30 PM	63	4	355	11:00 AM	67	2	306	11:30 PM	61	2	15	11:00 AM	65	4	30
				11:30 AM	73	4	269	11:58 PM	62	6	341	11:30 AM	67	3	299	11:58 PM	60	2	347	11:30 AM	67	2	346
				12:00 PM	73	6	13					12:00 PM	67	4	277					12:00 PM	65	4	289

