

State of Texas Health and Human Services Commission

Capitated Managed Care Model of Dental Services Final Report

As Required By General Appropriations Act for the 2012-13 Biennium
House Bill No. 1, Article II
Health and Human Services Commission, Rider 54
Eighty-second Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2011

As prepared by Public Consulting Group, Inc. (PCG)

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Executive Summary

Under the provisions of the Texas Healthcare Transformation and Quality Improvement Program 1115 Waiver, effective March 1, 2012, the Health and Human Service Commission (HHSC) changed the service delivery model for Medicaid dental services from a fee-for-service (FFS) model to a capitated managed care model. This report, the Capitated Managed Care Model of Dental Services Report, is thereby required by HHSC Rider 54 of General Appropriations Act for the 2012-13 Biennium, 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011. Rider 54 requires that the impact of providing dental services through a capitated managed care model be evaluated based on access, quality and cost outcomes.

HHSC was required to evaluate issues including but not limited to:

- utilization trends,
- penetration rates,
- provider to client ratios,
- retention of dental providers,
- services provided, and
- premium insurance revenue and managed care premium cost growth.

Public Consulting Group, Inc. (PCG) was hired by HHSC to complete the required analysis and issue a comprehensive report that addresses the requirements of Rider 54. The following report provides an overview of each of the components outlined above that PCG analyzed to address the objectives of Rider 54. PCG evaluated dental services provided before and after the transition to a managed care delivery system, specifically from March to September 2011 and from March to September 2012, respectively. Each section of the report provides a detailed overview of the steps and processes PCG completed in order to address the requirements of Rider 54. PCG ends the report with the findings of the analysis.

Populations included in this report

In Texas, over 2.4 million Medicaid beneficiaries eligible for the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT, known in Texas as Texas Health Steps) benefits are enrolled in dental managed care organizations (DMOs). Within the first six months of the transition to DMOs, it is important to review the percent of enrolled Medicaid recipients with dental coverage, since it shows that HHSC and the DMOs worked extensively to enroll eligible recipients into the dental plan of their choice, and ensure the system transition was administratively seamless from the viewpoint of recipients. These beneficiaries covered by DMOs represent the majority of all enrolled Medicaid beneficiaries under Texas Health Steps (THSteps) and are further examined in *Section III. b. Penetration Rates*. The average monthly Medicaid enrollment of clients under 21 years of age increased from 2.5 million recipients in the sampled 2011 time period to 2.6 million recipients in the analogous 2012 time period, ninety-five (95) percent of which mandatorily transitioned to the dental managed care system in March of 2012.

It is important to note that the following Medicaid recipients are excluded from the managed care dental program and continue to receive dental services through the FFS service delivery model¹:

- Certain Medicaid recipients age 21 and over;

¹ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 8.

- All Medicaid recipients, regardless of age, residing in Medicaid-paid facilities such as nursing homes, state supported living centers, or Intermediate Care Facilities for Individuals with an Intellectual Disability or Related Condition (ICF/IID); and
- Recipients in the STAR Health Program, which is a managed health-care program for children in foster care and other forms of state care.

Also, due to the business rules associated with managed care and eligibility determination, every month a small percentage of managed care eligible members remain in FFS until they have the opportunity to select a dental plan and enroll. This can often mean that for a time period of up to 45 days, the member is accessing dental services through the FFS system.

Please note that Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) recipients were not evaluated within this report since the transition to a capitated managed care model did not affect dental services for CHIP recipients. Unless otherwise noted, Medicaid recipients under 21 years of age who mandatorily transitioned to the dental managed care system in March of 2012 are included in this analysis.

Limitations of this report

Movement from a FFS delivery system to a managed care system for children's Medicaid dental services in Texas occurred statewide on March of 2012, and the naivety of the program coupled with numerous year one changes limits comprehensive conclusions to be drawn from this analysis. In order to allow ample time to complete this report, PCG was provided with six months of data to analyze and incorporate into discussion on the topics raised in Rider 54. This limited data does not allow for exhaustive analysis of all topics raised in this report. For example, the first month of implementation of a new service delivery model is often atypical as providers and clients adapt to the changes. Also, there are seasonal aspects to access to dental care (i.e. school vacations, etc.) that cannot be trended with less than (at minimum) a full year of data. An in-depth analysis on the true impact of the effects of this transition would likely require data from 12-18 months post transition to show trends and the impact of the change.

Coverage of Services Findings & Observations

DMOs must provide the same exact medically necessary covered dental services to members as FFS dental coverage², with the exception of a few differences in how the benefit is accessed. The only actual difference in dental services covered in managed care is the value-added services that DMOs provide for their enrolled clients at no additional cost to HHSC and is further reviewed in *Section III. e. Services Provided (covered services in FFS and managed care)*.

Select dental services require prior authorization before the service is performed and deemed payable. All dental FFS prior authorizations granted before March of 2012 were required to be honored by the DMOs. Thus, *Section III. f. Medicaid Dental Services Requiring Prior Authorization* also highlights the 500,915 units of service granted FFS prior authorization between March and August 2011, most of which were for orthodontia services. Many of these authorizations were still open on March 1, 2012, and thus became the responsibility of the gaining DMO. Since the implementation of managed care, 91,522 new units of service have been granted pre-authorization by the DMOs between March and August 2012. There has

² Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5, 4.3.1.1 Medically Necessary Covered Dental Services." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 48.

been a significant decrease in the number of brand new requests for orthodontic prior authorization requests and approvals. On average, 70 percent of new requests submitted to DMOs for prior authorization between March and August 2012 were for orthodontia related services and 62 percent of submitted orthodontia service requests were approved by the DMOs. On March 1, 2012, the DMOs gained the ability to require (or not require) a prior authorization to determine medical necessity before rendering a specific service on a code-by-code basis. With this recent transition, it can be expected that utilization and the prior authorization process within the managed care delivery system will be in flux until providers and clients acclimate to the managed care delivery model. It is recommended that HHSC continues to monitor utilization and prior authorization trends and then re-assess utilization after sufficient time has passed to ensure the findings are truly reflective of the new delivery model.

Network of Enrolled Dental Providers Findings & Observations

The DMOs made efforts to ensure clients received continued care from their initial dental providers as described in *Section III. d. Retention of Dental Providers*. The DMOs' current network of 5,555 providers includes 57 percent of providers that HHSC defined as significant traditional providers (STPs) (3,820 providers) who contracted with HHSC in August 2010 to provide CHIP dental or Medicaid dental services. The current network of providers under the managed care system is less than the 6,682 total STPs contracted with HHSC in August 2010. *Section III. c. Provider to Client Ratios* evaluates the size of the overall DMOs' network of enrolled dental providers to the count of Medicaid recipients under 21 years of age who received paid dental services. For every thousand recipients receiving paid FFS dental services in the 2011 sampled six months, there were 15 FFS enrolled dental providers. In the 2012 equivalent time, there were 12 dental providers enrolled with the DMOs for every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years of age who received paid managed care dental services. Quarterly, HHSC requires the DMOs to report statistics on their provider network. If a network deficiency is identified, HHSC can require the DMO to provide ad-hoc reporting on efforts to enhance the provider network.

Utilization Trends & Penetration Rate Findings & Observations

Units of services between March and August 2011 decreased by 30 percent in the corresponding six months in 2012, yet the sampled count of recipients enrolled for the THSteps dental benefit in 2011 is relatively constant to the count of dental plan enrollees in 2012 and is further assessed in *Section III. b. Penetration Rates*. Table I below compares the average monthly penetration rate of the Medicaid dental program in the studied time periods. Please note these numbers are the monthly averages and are not reflective of the entire program annually. Again, please note that Table I, II, and III do not include data on the populations excluded from managed care that may or may not have accessed a dental service through the FFS system in the 2012 time period.

Table I: Average Monthly Penetration Rate of Dental Program,
March to August 2011 and March to August 2012

Time Period	Description of Statistic	
Average, March to August 2011	Average Monthly Count of Medicaid Clients under 21 years old Received Paid FFS Dental Service	450,076
	Average Monthly Count of Enrolled Medicaid Clients under 21 years old	2,501,659
	<i>Percentage of Average Monthly Enrolled Medicaid Clients under 21 years old who Received Paid FFS Dental Service</i>	18%



Average, March to August 2012	Average Monthly Count of Medicaid Clients under 21 years old Received Paid Managed Care Dental Service	328,381
	Average Monthly Count of Medicaid Clients under 21 years old Enrolled with DMOs	2,466,244
	<i>Percentage of Average Monthly Enrolled Medicaid Clients under 21 years old who Received Paid Managed Care Dental Service</i>	13%

The decrease in orthodontia services is the driving force behind the decrease in overall total paid units of service in the sampled six months in 2012. Orthodontia services have decreased units by 72 percent and in correlation, the payments to providers for orthodontia services have decreased by 81 percent in the two studied time periods. When utilization trends are examined by category of services as seen in *Section III. a. Utilization Trends*, preventive and diagnostic services are the least impacted.

Table II: Summary and Variances of Utilization and Payments by Service Category, March to August 2011 and March to August 2012

Category of Dental Services	2011 Utilization (Paid FFS Units of Service)	2011 FFS Payments to Providers	2012 Utilization (Paid Units of Service Reported by DMOs)	2012 Payments to Providers Reported by DMOs	Utilization Variance	Payment Variance
All Other	3,631,029	\$353,638,377	2,353,350	\$224,868,634	-35%	-36%
Diagnostic	4,351,407	\$149,137,426	3,655,625	\$127,931,719	-16%	-14%
Orthodontics	1,436,902	\$130,202,259	401,362	\$25,068,122	-72%	-81%
Preventive	4,783,464	\$137,318,468	3,570,485	\$100,775,354	-25%	-27%
Total	14,202,802	\$770,296,529	9,980,822	\$478,643,829	-30%	-38%

Within the first six months after the change to dental managed care in 2012, the Average Cost per Client decreased as compared to the corresponding six months in 2011 as seen in the Table III below. Additionally, the table indicates the Average Cost per Unit of Service decreased and the Average Count of Paid Service Units per Client decreased. These are straight-lined averages calculated only for the purpose of this report and are not weighted for varying reimbursement rates by unit nor adjusted for acuity. Please note these numbers are only for the six month studied time periods in 2011 and 2012 and are not reflective of the entire program annually.

Table III: Summary Statistics of Payments, Units of Services and Enrollment, March to August 2011 and March to August 2012

Time Period	Service Delivery Model	Total Payments to Providers	Total Paid Units of service	Avg. Monthly Enrolled Clients Age <21	Avg. Cost per Unit	Avg. Cost per Client	Avg. Count of Units per Client
March-August 2011	FFS	\$770,296,529	14,202,802	2,501,659	\$54.24	\$307.91	5.7
March-August 2012	Managed Care	\$478,643,829	9,980,822	2,466,244	\$47.96	\$194.08	4.0



Monthly Capitation Payments & Premium Tax Revenue Observations & Findings

Accordingly, capitation payments from HHSC to DMOs account for 93 percent or \$707 million of total Medicaid spending on dental services between March and August 2012 (exclusive of premium tax revenue or performance payment adjustment). The DMOs have been able to control costs in the first six months of implementation. The total FFS payments to providers between March and August 2011 were \$770.2 million, whereas in 2012 corresponding time period the capitation payments from HHSC to DMOs (\$707 million) plus the FFS payments to providers (\$56.8 million) are \$763.8 million in expenditures, which is a savings to HHSC of over \$6 million. In addition to that savings, the premium tax revenue for the 2012 corresponding time period is \$12 million. Furthermore, within the first six months of implementation, the DMOs are actively enrolling Medicaid recipients into dental plans; the number of covered recipients is not yet stable. As the enrolled members increase for DMOs, the monthly capitation payments from HHSC are also increasing. HHSC can offset some of the monthly capitation payments with the tax revenue from the DMOs, yet at this early stage, the monthly capitation payments and tax revenue are estimated and may change.

Final Conclusions

While the data suggests that the first six months of the program have decreased over-utilization and reduced costs to the Medicaid program, final conclusions on penetration rates, utilization, and provider to client ratios will require further review as more program data becomes available. The biggest decrease in utilization has been to orthodontia services, which seems appropriate given the concerns of over-utilization of these services. The DMOs are honoring orthodontia approved prior to March 2012 to ensure the continuum of care to clients. Between March and August 2011 alone, half a million units of service were authorized by Texas Medicaid and Healthcare Partnership (TMHP), the claims administrator under the Medicaid FFS model, and are still honored by the DMOs in 2012. For any new service not previously authorized by TMHP, the DMOs clearly implemented additional controls to the system of care by requiring prior authorization for an increased number of services to assess medical necessity and reduce over-utilization.

Furthermore, access to providers has slightly decreased compared to the FFS model. The number of enrolled providers decreased to 5,555 providers under the managed care model. For every thousand Medicaid recipients under the age of 21 years who received a FFS paid dental service, there were 15.1 enrolled dental providers between March and August 2011; however, there are 12.3 enrolled dental providers for every thousand DMO enrollees who received a managed care paid dental service in the 2012 studied time period.

Premium levels have remained constant and HHSC has achieved cost savings related to the implementation of a DMO service delivery model. In addition to the cost savings, the State of Texas has realized increased revenues due to the premium tax revenue collected from DMOs for the 2012 corresponding time period. The tax revenues received and cost savings achieved have made the rollout of the DMO system a success.

While this report was commissioned by HHSC, the landscape of the Texas dental program changed considerably. Within the first year of dental managed care, HHSC terminated Delta Dental as a DMO vendor and Delta members were transitioned to either MCNA or DentaQuest. By removing Delta Dental, the most costly DMO from premium payments, the actual premiums expenditures for the State is difficult to measure. With the change to the delivery system, it is highly recommended to continue to assess and



monitor the managed care delivery system as vendors and networks stabilize their roles in the Medicaid dental program.

I. Introduction

To partner with a contractor to write this report, HHSC issued a Request for Quote (RFQ) and Task Order Memorandum as an addendum to the Multiple Award Consultant Service Agreement, and Public Consulting Group, Inc. (PCG) was selected through a competitive procurement process to complete the objectives set by Rider 54. PCG implemented a methodology for completing the evaluation in a timely manner and addressing each of the key issues, using a project work plan that outlined tasks and timelines for completion which can be found in Appendix A. HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Division leadership and PCG participated in a project kick-off meeting to determine the project goals and tasks, and to identify available data sources. Following the consensus of the meeting, PCG used the following methods of data gathering:

- Initial meetings with HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Division;
- Meetings with internal stakeholders including Managed Care Operations, Dental Director, Health Plan Management, *Frew* Coordination, and Office of Inspector General; and
- Collection and analysis of available dental data and reports.

a. Background

Prior to managed care, HHSC provided Medicaid dental services in Texas for THSteps recipients under age 21 through a FFS delivery system. Under this system, the single state agency is solely responsible for directly contracting with, managing and reimbursing individual dental providers for each service they supply to recipients, as well as overseeing medical care policies, payment methods, and rates specific to the multiple types of providers participating in Medicaid statewide. Since 2006, CHIP recipients have received dental services through a capitated managed care model through a single, state-wide managed care dental plan. On March 1, 2012, children's Medicaid dental services (including orthodontic services) were transitioned into a capitated managed care delivery system as well. This is the first time Medicaid dental services would be managed and delivered by DMOs. The selected vendors would provide dental services to both CHIP and Medicaid managed care clients through licensed dental providers.

With the FFS delivery system, HHSC bore the majority of the financial risk of providing dental services, while risk for the providers was negligible, since they were paid on the basis of services provided. As Medicaid patient volume increased and/or as the intensity of service increased, the reimbursement payments provided by HHSC also increased. An essential difference between FFS and managed care is HHSC's ability to hold accountable an entire network of dental providers.

With the capitated dental managed care delivery system, the financial risk and oversight responsibility are shared among HHSC, DMOs, and dental providers. Direct oversight of contracted DMOs and payment rates are established by HHSC regardless of the volume of services or intensity of services rendered. The DMOs enact standards as dictated by HHSC for medical care and referral policies, while determining payment methods and rates for participating dental providers. For example, HHSC required DMOs to submit their prior authorization policies for review with the goal of ensuring medically necessary orthodontic service delivery³. Yet HHSC does not dictate to the DMOs any reimbursement rates paid to participating dental providers. With capitated dental managed care, the DMOs carry out administrative

³ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Chief Deputy Commissioner and Inspector General. "Presentation to House Public Health Committee on Delivery of Dental Services in Medicaid." 15 October 2012.
<http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/news/presentations/2012/101512-dental-svcs.pdf>. Page 9.

activities such as client grievances and provider appeals; however, they remain subject to HHSC as final authority for the program.

The DMOs accept risk-based contracts from HHSC and assume full financial risks for delivered dental services. HHSC defines the terms and conditions for accountability, quality improvement, and utilization review in the contracts with the DMOs regarding access and quality of care. HHSC pays each DMO a monthly capitation premium payment for each eligible and enrolled Medicaid member to provide the defined set of Medicaid-covered dental services through its network of licensed, contracted dentists. The fixed monthly premium rate consists of the following components⁴:

- 1) an amount for the dental services performed during the month;
- 2) an amount for administering the program, and
- 3) an amount for the dental contractor's risk margin.

With respect to managed care, states are required by federal statute to pay risk contractors on an "actuarially sound" basis. Even though premium rates may vary by DMO for each program, HHSC performs actuarial data analysis and calculates the premium rates for each period⁵.

HHSC applies a variety of financial and non-financial incentives and disincentives to DMOs' performance. HHSC places each DMO at risk for five percent of the premium payments for the Medicaid and CHIP Programs. HHSC pays each DMO its full monthly premium payments, before evaluating if the DMO fully met the performance expectations for which it is at risk. If the DMO falls short on its performance expectations, HHSC can deduct future premium payments to the DMO by an appropriate portion of the aggregate at-risk amount⁶. HHSC focuses on a series of performance measures that identify crucial aspects of performance to ensure the DMOs' accountability and assembles them into its Performance Indicator Dashboard.

After the first year, HHSC will collaborate with the DMOs to create an annual series of highly specified and measurable Performance Improvement Projects that present significant opportunities for performance and quality improvement. These projects will support HHSC's goals with the Dental Program, and show how HHSC and the DMOs are continuously examining, monitoring, and revising processes and systems to improve administrative and clinical functions. These projects will be incorporated into each DMOs contract⁷ as part of its annual plan for Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement (QAPI) Program once finalized and approved by HHSC.

As another mechanism for performance measurement and utilization review, HHSC is required to contract with an External Quality Review Organization (EQRO) for an impartial review of medical

⁴ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment A – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services Terms & Conditions." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 29.

⁵ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment A – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services Terms & Conditions." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 29.

⁶ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 6-5.

⁷ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 11.

decisions for Medicaid managed care dental programs. HHSC's EQRO evaluates each DMO's QAPI annual plan in accordance with the relevant Centers for Medicaid and Medicare Services (CMS) protocol.⁸ This provides an additional measure to ensure that quality care delivery is not compromised in an at-risk contractual arrangement. In addition to state-mandated efforts, some DMOs also conduct provider profiling to identify unusual service delivery trends and have special investigative units that track, trend, and report possible fraud, waste, and abuse⁹.

HHSC released a Request for Proposal to obtain services of at least two statewide DMOs to provide Medicaid and CHIP dental services. Three vendors were awarded the contract and began operations effective March 1, 2012:

- Delta Dental
- MCNA Dental
- DentaQuest

Please note that HHSC has since terminated Delta Dental's contract for Medicaid and CHIP managed care dental services. On December 1, 2012, HHSC transferred all of Delta Dental's clients to either DentaQuest or MCNA Dental. However, the termination of Delta Dental's contract occurred after the studied time period and is not evaluated within this report.

b. Frew, et al. v. Janek, et al.

Filed in 1993, *Frew et al. v. Janek, et al.* (formerly *Frew, et al. v. Hawkins, et al.* and commonly referred to as *Frew*) was brought on behalf of children birth through age 20 enrolled in Medicaid and eligible for the EPSDT benefit. The class action lawsuit alleged the Texas EPSDT program did not meet the requirements of the federal Medicaid Act. Primary allegations were related to access and knowledge of available services. The parties resolved the litigation by entering into an agreed consent decree, which the court approved in 1996.

In September 2007, the court presiding over *Frew, et al. v. Janek, et al.* approved 11 agreed corrective action orders to address Defendants' violations of the 1996 *Frew* Consent Decree. In 2007, in anticipation of the Courts approval of the corrective action orders, the 80th Legislature appropriated an estimated \$1.8 billion in all funds, including \$706.7 million in general revenue funds, for the 2008-09 biennium. The purpose of this funding was to implement required activities to comply with the consent decree and corrective action orders, to increase provider payments for certain services, and to finance strategic medical and dental initiatives.

The Corrective Action Order, "*Adequate Supply of Health Care Providers*," required an increase in reimbursement rates for dental providers and required funds be applied to strategic initiatives to improve access to services. According to a report from the U.S. Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, "[Texas] raised payment rates for dental services, and as a result, the number of dentists

⁸ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 67.

⁹ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Chief Deputy Commissioner and Inspector General. "Presentation to House Public Health Committee on Delivery of Dental Services in Medicaid." 15 October 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/news/presentations/2012/101512-dental-svcs.pdf>. Page 9.

participating in the program increased from 45.4 percent in fiscal year 2007 to 63.4 percent in fiscal year 2010.”¹⁰

The First Dental Home (FDH) program began in 2008 as a *Frew* strategic initiative and, as a covered Medicaid service, continues to provide routine parental education and preventive dental care services to children ages 6 to 35 months.¹¹ Through this initiative, dentists receive Medicaid reimbursement for providing parental education and preventive dental services to Medicaid-enrolled children ages 6 to 35 months. Below is a chart showing the number of children who received FDH services since State Fiscal Year 2008 and the related cost to the State.

Table I-b-1: Number of Children receiving First Dental Home services and Payments for First Dental Home services for State Fiscal Years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012

	State Fiscal Year 2008	State Fiscal Year 2009	State Fiscal Year 2010	State Fiscal Year 2011	State Fiscal Year 2012*
Unduplicated count of Clients	15,707	142,387	279,729	344,932	138,945
Average number of visits per client	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.0
Service payment for all visits	\$2,333,804	\$26,000,619	\$58,254,361	\$77,298,136	\$19,988,756

Source: Texas Health & Human Service Commission *Frew* Coordination. November 20, 2012.

* Paid services as of November 2011 and extracted from TMHP as of February 1, 2012.

Below in Table I-b-2, the number of unique dentists participating in the FDH program across Texas in State Fiscal Year 2012 is displayed based on paid claims and encounters as of September 2012. A count was made of unduplicated National Provider Identifier (NPI) number assigned to individual providers, aggregated from FFS and Managed Care Organizations (MCOs)'s records.

Table I-b-2: Number of Dentists who Billed Dental Procedure Code D0145 Service Under the First Dental Home Program for Dates of Services from September 1, 2011 through August 31, 2012

	General Dentists	Pediatric Dentists
Unduplicated count of Dentists	3,124	612

Source: Texas Health & Human Service Commission *Frew* Coordination. November 20, 2012.

One of the Corrective Action Orders, “*Health Outcome Measures and Dental Assessment*,” requires the State to “conduct a valid dental study that assesses *Frew* class members’ dental health ... and mandates a corrective action plan following the assessment.” Class members consist of children from birth through 20 years old enrolled, the Medicaid and eligible for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) program (THSteps). The first amended assessment of *Frew* class members’ dental health was published in April 2010 by Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) indicating that the oral health of children enrolled in Medicaid is better than the oral health of children who are not enrolled in Medicaid¹². HHSC and DSHS were required to propose a corrective action plan that was agreed upon by all parties in February 2012. The Dental Corrective Action Plan included continuation of

¹⁰ E-mail from Billy Millwee, State Medicaid Director, State of Texas, to U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Oversight and Government Reform staff (March 30, 2012).

¹¹ The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, Sherman Division, Civil Action No. 3:93CA65 – *Frew et al. v. Janek, et al.*, Defendants’ Dental Corrective Action Plan, February 26, 2012. Page 1.

¹² Texas Department of State Health Services, Division of Family and Community Health, Office of Program Decision Support. “First Amended Assessment of Child Dental Health Status As Required by *Frew et al. v. Janek, et al.*” April 2010. Report Document. 20 November 2012.

available dental services, outreach for clients, and training for providers. The plan also referenced the transition to dental managed care. A second dental assessment will be completed in the spring of 2014.

The transition from FFS service delivery to managed care still allows HHSC to continue monitoring its objectives. DMOs must report the number of performing dental providers by volume, and the DMOs must also report check-up visits as part of the dental service reporting dashboard available to HHSC. The State continues to hold quarterly meetings with dental stakeholders, including dental care providers, as required under the *Frew* consent decree¹³.

c. Orthodontia

Texas exercises the option to cover orthodontic services through its Medicaid dental program only if those services are determined as medically necessary¹⁴. In order to receive reimbursement for orthodontic services, dental providers must submit documentation to support the child's medical case and receive pre-approval from the State's agent. Under the FFS service delivery model, HHSC contracted with TMHP to provide expert dental consultants who granted pre- authorizations and conducted determination of medical necessity for the Texas Medicaid dental program. Under the managed care model, however, each DMO is responsible for these duties, though providers and clients may appeal to HHSC for secondary and final review.

In 2011, as a result of public concern about the orthodontics program, HHSC initiated a series of reforms, including hiring a new dental director, several orthodontists and 10 additional staff members. Dental providers also face more stringent requirements to gain the State's prior authorization for orthodontic services, such as submitting full-cast dental molds, along with the X-rays, photos and supporting dental documentation. The Medicaid Provider Integrity (MPI) for HHSC is conducting several active orthodontia investigations of Medicaid dental and orthodontic services which began prior to May 2011. MPI provided a statement of their efforts conducting several investigations of dental and orthodontia services newly opened in calendar year 2011 and 2012, which can be found in the Appendix. Below is a brief excerpt regarding orthodontia cases as well as cases opened prior to and post December 31, 2011.

“MPI identified the top 50 dental providers of orthodontia benefits and added subsequent orthodontia providers who came to the attention of OIG through complaints or referrals. There are at least 61 total cases identified for full scale investigations that amount to more than \$425 million in expenditures. Thirty-six (36) of these cases are now complete and have established an error rate pattern averaging 88 percent, representing a potential overpayment amount of \$303 million dollars. Additional cases (amounting to expenditures in excess of \$75 million) are nearly complete, awaiting final orthodontic consultant reviews.”

Preceding the transition to DMOs, prior authorizations for most orthodontic services were suspended by HHSC from January 1, 2012, to February 29, 2012. After March 1, 2012 for clients transitioning to dental managed care, prior authorization requests for orthodontic services are now submitted to and granted by the Medicaid client's dental plan instead of TMHP. Orthodontia authorizations that TMHP approved prior

¹³ CMS DHHS Approval letter dated December 12, 2011 to State Medicaid Director Texas Health and Human Services Commission “Texas Healthcare Transformation and Quality Improvement Program, Demonstration Approval Period: Date of approval letter through September 30, 2016”.

¹⁴ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Chief Deputy Commissioner and Inspector General. "Presentation to House Public Health Committee on Delivery of Dental Services in Medicaid." 15 October 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/news/presentations/2012/101512-dental-svcs.pdf>. Page 9.



to March 1, 2012 are the financial responsibility of the DMOs' effective March 1, 2012. For clients accessing services within the FFS service delivery system, prior authorization requests for orthodontic services continued to be reviewed by TMHP as HHSC's fiscal agent.

d. Historical Penetration Rates and Utilization

A historical comparison between the number of those eligible for EPSDT and those who actually received dental services in Texas is helpful for understanding the penetration rate of Texas' dental program. Comparing the percentage of eligible individuals who received any dental service across states helps to put Texas' dental program in national perspective. Below are charts and graphs which analyze these topics.

The tables below illustrate that both in Texas and nationally, on average, the percentage of eligible young individuals who received a dental service increased during the last four years, and is based upon the Form CMS-416 used by CMS to collect basic information on State Medicaid and CHIP programs. Form CMS-416 is the primary tool used by CMS for overseeing the provision of dental services to children in state Medicaid programs. The "Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT" is reported on Line 1a of Form CMS-416 and is defined as the total unduplicated number of individuals under the age of 21 enrolled in Medicaid or a CHIP Medicaid expansion program determined to be eligible for EPSDT services, distributed by age (based on age as of September 30) and by basis of eligibility. It includes all individuals regardless of whether the services are provided under FFS arrangements or managed care arrangements. Texas does not have a CHIP Medicaid expansion program to report. The "Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service" is reported on Line 12a of the form and is the unduplicated number of children receiving at least one dental service by or under the supervision of a dentist as defined by HCPCS codes D0100 - D9999 (CDT codes D0100 - D9999). Between 2008 and 2011 Texas had increased the number of EPSDT eligible individuals who received dental services by twelve percent. In comparison, the national average had only increased by six percent.

Table I-d-1: Comparison of Texas to National Averages - Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT and Total Receiving Any Dental Services: 2008-2011, Under 21 years old

Federal Fiscal Year	Description of Statistic	Texas	National
2008	Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service	1,428,376	11,656,763
	Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT	2,943,128	32,245,149
	<i>Percentage of Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service</i>	49%	36%
2009	Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service	1,674,912	13,402,543
	Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT	3,111,775	33,826,914
	<i>Percentage of Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service</i>	54%	40%
2010	Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service	1,955,475	14,325,989
	Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT	3,347,025	35,602,313
	<i>Percentage of Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service</i>	58%	40%
2011	Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service	2,159,539	14,256,580
	Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT	3,545,534	33,998,559
	<i>Percentage of Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Service</i>	61%	42%

Source: "Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment." Medicaid.gov. CMS, n.d. Web. 21 Dec. 2012.

A comparison of several states similar to Texas helps illuminate just how different Texas' dental program has been historically. Texas is compared to California, New York, and Florida because, according to the 2010 United States Census, these states have the four largest overall populations in the country. As the chart and graph below illustrate, Texas has been significantly outperforming these other states in penetration rate.

Table I-d-2: Percentage of Eligibles Under 21 years old Receiving Dental Services in Several States, 2011

Description	Texas	National	California	New York	Florida
Total Eligible Individuals Receiving Any Dental Services	2,159,539	14,256,580	1,700,745	816,174	447,579
Total Individuals Eligible for EPSDT	3,545,534	33,998,559	4,631,723	2,195,999	2,151,566
Percentage Receiving Dental Services	61%	42%	37%	37%	21%

Source: "Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment." Medicaid.gov. CMS, n.d. Web. 21 Dec. 2012.

Historical Utilization

Data collected from March 2007 through February 2012, illustrates a steady increase in utilization and cost statistics, with the exception of the average cost per claim. Table I-d-3 provides a five- year summary of the total FFS payments made by Medicaid and total number of enrolled clients under 21 years of age. In addition, the table calculates the straight-line average cost per client by dividing the Paid Amount by the Number of Clients.

Table I-d-3: Five Year Dental Summary, March 2007 to February 2012

Year	Paid Amounts	Number of Clients	Average Cost per Client
Mar 2007 - Feb 2008	\$ 569,802,172	1,366,709	\$ 416.92
Mar 2008 - Feb 2009	\$ 827,399,556	1,471,614	\$ 562.24
Mar 2009 - Feb 2010	\$ 1,094,334,474	1,773,855	\$ 616.92
Mar 2010 - Feb 2011	\$ 1,339,654,306	2,068,724	\$ 647.58
Mar 2011 - Feb 2012	\$ 1,444,745,585	2,214,853	\$ 652.30

Source: "12_Five Year Dental Summary by Region_Mar07_Feb12.xlsx"; Clients with dental claims: AHQP Claims Universes, TMHP; Data Quality and Dissemination, SDS, HHSC, November 2012 (gs)

The Average Cost per Client steadily increased during the five years preceding Texas' change to dental managed care. The total number of clients significantly increased over five years from approximately 1.4 million clients to 2.2 million clients. Overall, the data on record paints a picture of a rapidly-growing dental program. The penetration rate and average cost per client are both increasing, causing a two-fold dip into Texas' Medicaid resources. The reason for the increase and whether or not the increase was a reflection of preemptive or reactive implementation of policy are matters for further investigation.



II. Legislative Direction

When the service delivery model for dental services was changed from a FFS model to a capitated managed care model, Rider 54 required HHSC to evaluate the impact of providing dental services through a capitated managed care model on access, quality and cost outcomes.

As of December 12, 2011, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) approved the new Medicaid section 1115(a) Demonstration waiver, entitled “Texas Healthcare Transformation and Quality Improvement Program,” through September 30, 2016. Texas’ new section 1115 Demonstration has a two-fold purpose: to expand the existing Medicaid managed care programs, STAR and STAR+PLUS, statewide, and to establish two funding pools that will assist providers with uncompensated care costs and promote health system transformation.

In addition to these two main purposes, Medicaid beneficiaries under the age of 21 statewide receive coverage for a full array of primary and preventive dental services through contracting pre-paid dental plans via the Children’s Dental Program. Contracting DMOs developed networks of Main Dental Home providers, consisting of general dentists and pediatric dentists. The dental home framework under this statewide program is informed by the improved dental outcomes evidenced under the “First Dental Home Initiative”¹⁵.

In order to evaluate the transition to a new service delivery model, HHSC and PCG agreed to review dental payments and service utilization for two comparative time periods before and after the transition. At the time of commissioning this report, encounter data and paid claims were only available from the first six months of the DMOs’ implementation, from March to August 2012. Based on input from HHSC, comparable time periods were selected between March 1, 2011 and August 31, 2011 and between March 1, 2012 and August 31, 2012, respectively. To complete the review, HHSC provided PCG claim summaries of Medicaid Fee for Service (FFS) payments and service utilization, and encounter summaries of Medicaid dental managed care payments and services utilization. Please note that the 2012 numbers are not final due to limitations regarding the encounter data for 2012. Providers have 95 days to submit claims and 30 days from the adjudication of the claim to submit the encounter. Also, as a reminder, the 2012 utilization numbers are not inclusive of the previously mentioned populations that accessed services through the FFS model.

¹⁵ CMS DHHS Approval letter dated December 12, 2011 to State Medicaid Director Texas Health and Human Services Commission “Texas Healthcare Transformation and Quality Improvement Program, Demonstration Approval Period: Date of approval letter through September 30, 2016”.

III. Impacts

a. Utilization Trends

To assess the utilization trends of Medicaid dental services following the transition from FFS to managed care effective March 1, 2012, this report compares paid Medicaid FFS dental units of service between March and August 2011 to the paid Medicaid dental units of service as reported by the DMOs' encounters for the analogous six months in 2012. The report displays all components independently by month for the studied time periods in 2011 and 2012. Within the studied 2011 time period, Medicaid enrolled recipients under 21 years old who received dental services under the FFS delivery system, including recipients under 21 years old residing in Medicaid-paid facilities, are included in the following analysis for the 2011 time period. Recipients under 21 years old that accessed dental services through the FFS system are excluded from the following analysis for the studied 2012 time period. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- Between the 2011 and 2012 time periods, total units of services decreased by 30 percent from 14.2 million to 9.98 million. In correlation, payments to providers decreased by 38 percent from \$770 million under FFS delivery system to \$478 million under the dental managed care system.
- Among the four service categories, orthodontic services have decreased the most between 2011 and 2012 by 1.35 million units of service or 72 percent fewer units, and by \$105 million payments to providers or 81 percent less in payments.
- Approximately 65 percent of units of service between the March and August 2011 time period are diagnostic or preventive in nature, and 73 percent of units of service are diagnostic or preventive dental services in the equivalent six months in 2012.
- Among the four service categories, diagnostic services are the least impacted during the recent transition to a managed care delivery system. Diagnostic services decreased by 695 thousand units of service or 16 percent less units, and by \$21 million payments to providers or 14 percent less in payments.
- Preventive services have decreased by 1.2 million units of service or 25 percent fewer units of service, and by \$36.5 million payments to providers or 27 percent less in payments.

Please note that the service categories are grouped by ADA® CDT dental procedure codes as shown in the following crosswalk:

Table III-a-1: CDT dental procedure codes grouped into four Service Categories

Service Category	Included CDT Dental Codes
All Other	D2000-D7999, D9000-D999
Diagnostic	D0100-D0999
Orthodontics	D8000-D8999
Preventive	D1000-D1999

Table III-a-2 below is a chart comparing utilization by service category between March and August 2011 (labeled as 2011) and between March and August 2012 (labeled as 2012). The table defines utilization as Medicaid FFS paid units of service for the March through August 2011 time period and Medicaid paid units of services reported by the DMOs for the March through August 2012 period.

The majority of Medicaid dental services are diagnostic or preventive, accounting for approximately 65 percent of service units in the 2011 time period and 73 percent in the 2012 time period. Although all utilization decreased between the 2012 and 2011 time periods, diagnostic and preventive services were the least impacted during the recent transition to a managed care delivery system. Orthodontic services accounted for ten percent of service units between March and August 2011, but orthodontia utilization has greatly decreased since, and accounted for only four percent of service units in the comparative 2012 time frame.

Table III-a-2: Utilization by Service Category

Category of Dental Services	2011 Utilization (Paid FFS Units of Service)*	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Paid Units of Service Reported in DMOs' Encounters)**	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
All Other	3,631,029	26%	2,353,350	24%	-35%
Diagnostic	4,351,407	31%	3,655,625	37%	-16%
Orthodontics	1,436,902	10%	401,362	4%	-72%
Preventive	4,783,464	34%	3,570,485	36%	-25%
Total	14,202,802		9,980,822		-30%

Sources: *1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

** : 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

Table III-a-3 below is paid amounts by service category between March and August 2011 (labeled as 2011) and between March and August 2012 (labeled as 2012). Paid amounts for the 2011 time period are actual payments made by HHSC to dental providers under the FFS model, whereas in the 2012 time period, the source of payments to provider is the DMOs' encounters. Under the managed care delivery system, DMOs are responsible for rate setting and making actual payments to dental providers. HHSC does not dictate the reimbursement rates set by the DMOs for its dental providers. The paid amounts reported by the DMOs in the following tables are calculated only for the purpose of this report and may not represent actual audited payments received by dental providers from the DMOs.

Payments for diagnostic and preventive Medicaid dental services account for approximately 37 percent of dental payments in the 2011 time period, and 48 percent in the 2012 time period. In correlation with the decreased utilization between the 2012 and 2011 time periods, *total payments to providers decreased, and payments for diagnostic and preventive services were the least impacted during the recent transition to a managed care delivery system. Payments for orthodontic services decreased the most among all service categories*, from \$130 million between March and August 2011 to \$25 million in the comparative 2012 time frame.

Table III-a-3: Paid Amounts by Service Category

	2011 FFS Paid Amounts*	2011 Percent of Total FFS Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Percent of Total DMOs Reported Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
All Other	\$353,638,377	46%	\$224,868,634	47%	-36%
Diagnostic	\$149,137,426	19%	\$127,931,719	27%	-14%
Orthodontics	\$130,202,259	17%	\$25,068,122	5%	-81%
Preventive	\$137,318,468	18%	\$100,775,354	21%	-27%
Total	\$770,296,529		\$478,643,829		-38%



Sources: *1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012
**1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

b. Penetration Rates

To evaluate the penetration rate of Medicaid dental services following the transition from FFS to a managed care service delivery system effective March 1, 2012, this report section first compares coverage of dental plan enrollment to the total Medicaid enrolled clients eligible for the EPSDT benefit. Evaluating coverage during the first six months of implementation shows that HHSC and the DMOs worked extensively to enroll eligible recipients into dental plans, and ensure the system transition was administratively seamless from the viewpoint of recipients. The DMOs have taken responsibility for the dental services previously approved before March 2012, and made efforts to ensure clients received continued care from their initial dental providers as described in *Section III. c. Provider to Client Ratios*. Primarily, this section of the report evaluates the penetration rate of Medicaid dental program by comparing the count of enrolled Medicaid recipients eligible for the EPSDT benefit to those who actually received a paid dental service between March and August in 2011 and 2012. This report first displays all components by month for 2011 and 2012 separately, and then compares each individual component by month between 2011 and 2012. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- Total Medicaid enrollment for all ages is less in 2012 than in 2011 by six percent (although the 2012 numbers are not final due to retroactive eligibility).
- There are four percent more clients under 21 years old enrolled with Medicaid in 2012 (2.60 million) than 2011 (2.50 million).
- Dental plans' enrollment in 2012 (2.46 million) is slightly less than the comparable enrolled Medicaid clients eligible for the EPSDT benefit in 2011 (2.50 million).
- The count of Medicaid clients under 21 years old who received a dental service in the sampled six months is less in 2012 than in 2011 by 26.9 percent on average.
- The average monthly penetration rate decreased from 18 percent in the sampled six months in 2011 to 13 percent in the corresponding six months in 2012.

Table III-b-1 shows between March and August 2011 the total Medicaid enrollment for all ages, count of enrolled Medicaid clients under 21 years of age, and count of Medicaid clients under 21 years of age who received a paid FFS dental service. ***During the sampled six months in 2011, the penetration rate for an average month was 18 percent***, which represented the percent of recipients who received a FFS paid dental service compared to the enrolled Medicaid clients under 21 eligible for the EPSDT benefit.

Table III-b-1: Chart of Medicaid Enrollment and Recipients between March and August 2011

Month	Total Medicaid Enrollment (All Ages)*	Enrolled Medicaid Clients Age <21**	Medicaid Clients Age <21 with Paid FFS Dental Claims**	Penetration Rate
Mar-11	3,539,419	2,473,199	478,167	19%
Apr-11	3,551,604	2,464,602	415,038	17%
May-11	3,570,543	2,480,573	419,780	17%
Jun-11	3,593,507	2,537,183	446,831	18%
Jul-11	3,609,516	2,528,701	435,694	17%
Aug-11	3,653,205	2,525,698	504,947	20%
Monthly Average	3,586,299	2,501,659	450,076	18%

Sources: *"Table 1. Total Medicaid Enrollment." *Final Count — Medicaid Enrollment by Month*. Texas Health and Human Services Commission, n.d. Web. Nov. 2012. <<http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/research/MedicaidEnrollment/ME-Monthly.asp>>.

**Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Nov. 2012.

Note: Penetration Rate is defined as Medicaid Clients Age <21 with FFS Paid Dental Claims divided by Enrolled Medicaid Clients Age <21.

The following table III-b-2 shows the same information by month between March and August 2012: the total Medicaid enrollment for all ages, count of enrolled Medicaid clients under 21 years of age, total dental plans enrollment, and count of total Medicaid clients under 21 years old who received a managed care paid dental service. *During the sampled six months in 2012, the average monthly penetration rate of enrolled recipients who received a dental service is 13 percent.*

Table III-b-2: Chart of Medicaid Enrollment and Recipients between March and August 2012

Month	Total Medicaid Enrollment (All Ages)*	Enrolled Medicaid Clients Age <21**	Dental Plans Enrollment**	Medicaid Clients Age <21 with Paid Managed Care Dental Claims***	Dental Managed Care Penetration Rate
Mar-12	3,301,062	2,568,489	2,335,364	308,064	13%
Apr-12	3,350,443	2,612,226	2,461,266	311,658	13%
May-12	3,352,508	2,609,140	2,460,173	311,320	13%
Jun-12	3,353,653	2,608,853	2,503,904	327,654	13%
Jul-12	3,368,331	2,617,016	2,529,129	341,082	13%
Aug-12	3,340,890	2,593,955	2,507,626	370,509	15%
Monthly Average	3,344,481	2,601,613	2,466,244	328,381	13%

Sources: *"Table 1. Total Medicaid Enrollment." *Point in Time Count — Medicaid Enrollment by Month*. Texas Health and Human Services Commission, n.d. Web. Nov. 2012. <<http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/research/MedicaidEnrollment/PIT-Monthly.asp>>.

**Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Dec. 2012.

***Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Jan. 2013.

Notes: The early "point in time" count released by HHSC offer a preliminary look at enrollment for any given month. The numbers are not final because Medicaid offers up to three months of retroactive coverage for eligible individuals.

Managed Care Dental Penetration Rate is defined as Medicaid Clients Age <21 with Paid Managed Care Dental Claims, divided by Dental Plans Enrollment.

Table III-b-3 aggregates by month the count of enrolled Medicaid clients under 21 years of age from March through August in 2011 and in 2012 as well as the dental plans' enrollment for the period from March through August 2012. Further columns compare this data in percentage terms. Overall, *the monthly average count of enrolled Medicaid clients under 21 years of age is greater in 2012 than in 2011 by four percent, and the dental plans in 2012 are progressively enrolling recipients throughout the first months of the transition.* Between March and August 2012, the dental plans increased their enrollment by 172,262 more recipients or seven percent. Please note that some Medicaid subpopulations under 21 years of age continue to receive dental services through FFS, and are excluded from transition to a managed care dental program¹⁶. Also, note that there is a lag period of up to 45 days between the time that a client becomes eligible for Medicaid and they are enrolled into a DMO. During this time period, the client's dental services are accessed through FFS.

Table III-b-3: Chart of Enrolled Medicaid Clients under 21 years old
March to August 2011 and March to August 2012

Month	2011 Enrolled Medicaid Clients Age <21*	2012 Enrolled Medicaid Clients Age <21**	2012 Dental Plans Enrollment**	% Difference in Medicaid Clients Enrolled Age <21 from 2011 to 2012	% Difference in 2011 Medicaid Clients Enrolled Age <21 to 2012 Dental Plans Enrollment
March	2,473,199	2,568,489	2,335,364	3.9%	-5.6%
April	2,464,602	2,612,226	2,461,266	6.0%	-0.1%
May	2,480,573	2,609,140	2,460,173	5.2%	-0.8%
June	2,537,183	2,608,853	2,503,904	2.8%	-1.3%
July	2,528,701	2,617,016	2,529,129	3.5%	0.0%
August	2,525,698	2,593,955	2,507,626	2.7%	-0.7%
Monthly Average	2,501,659	2,601,613	2,466,244	4.0%	-1.4%

Sources: *Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Nov. 2012.

**Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Dec. 2012.

Table III-b-4 aggregates by month the count of Medicaid clients under 21 years of age who received a FFS paid dental service between March to August 2011, as compared to the count of Medicaid clients

¹⁶ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 8.



under 21 years of age who received a managed care paid dental service between March to August 2012. Further columns compare this data in percentage terms. ***In an average month, 26.9 percent or approximately 121,000 fewer Medicaid clients under 21 years of age received a dental service in 2012 than in 2011.***

Table III-b-4: Chart of Medicaid Clients under 21 years old who Received Paid Dental Service March to August 2011 and March to August 2012

Month	2011 Monthly Average of Medicaid Clients Age <21 Receiving Paid FFS Dental Service*	2012 Monthly Average of Medicaid Clients Age <21 Receiving Paid Managed Care Dental Service**	Percent Difference from 2011 to 2012
March	478,167	308,064	-35.6%
April	415,038	311,658	-24.9%
May	419,780	311,320	-25.8%
June	446,831	327,654	-26.7%
July	435,694	341,082	-21.7%
August	504,947	370,509	-26.6%
Monthly Average	450,076	328,381	-26.9%

Sources: *1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx. Provided by Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Nov. 2012.

**Item3_FFS_MCO_Dental Clients_Mar12_Aug12_Jan13.xlsx. Provided by Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Jan. 2013.

c. Provider to Client Ratios

To analyze provider to client ratios for Medicaid dental services following the transition from FFS to dental managed care effective March 1, 2012, this section compares total enrolled dental providers to the average monthly count of Medicaid clients under 21 years of age who received a paid dental service. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- From August 2011 to November 2012, the total enrolled providers decreased by 1,243 providers or 18 percent.
- For every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years old who received paid dental services, the number of enrolled dental providers decreased between the two studied time period under FFS and DMOs. In the 2011 sampled six months, there were 15.1 enrolled dental providers for every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years old who received paid dental services, whereas the ratio is 12.3 in the same sampled six months in 2012.

Table III-c-1 shows the ratio of enrolled dental providers compared to Medicaid recipients under 21 years of age who received any paid dental service from March to August 2011 and from March to August 2012. Enrolled providers and enrolled recipients have decreased between the studied time periods. As of August 2011, there were 6,798 dental provider enrolled with HHSC to provide FFS dental services. In November 2012, the count of dental providers enrolled with the DMOs is 5,555 which is less by 1,243 providers or 18 percent. Moreover, as a monthly average, 121,695 fewer Medicaid recipients under 21 years old received a paid dental service between the sampled six months in 2011 and 2012. As a result, for every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years old who received paid dental services in the 2011 sampled six months, there were 15 enrolled dental providers. Whereas, in the 2012 equivalent time, there were 12 dental providers enrolled with the DMOs for every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years of age who received paid managed care dental services. ***The ratio of dental providers has decreased in the 2012 studied time period for every thousand recipients receiving paid dental services.***

Table III-c-1: Chart of Enrolled Dental Providers Compared to Average Monthly Medicaid Clients Under 21 years old Receiving Paid Dental Service

Time Period	Service Delivery Model	Total Count of Enrolled Dental Providers	Average Monthly Count of Medicaid Clients Age <21 Receiving Paid Dental Service	Ratio of Enrolled Providers to Medicaid Clients Age <21 Receiving Paid Dental Service
March - August 2011	Fee-for-Service	6,798**	450,076*	15.1 : 1000
March - August 2012	Dental Managed Care	5,555****	328,381***	12.3 : 1000
Variance from 2011 to 2012		-1,243	-121,695	-2.8
Variance as a Percentage from 2011 to 2012		-18.3%	-27.0%	-18.3%

Source: *Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Nov. 2012.



** Total Enrolled Providers as of August 2011, provided by Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Nov. 2012.
 *** Data Quality and Dissemination. SDS. HHSC. Jan. 2013.
 **** DMO Enrolled Providers as of November 2012, provided by Delta Dental. DentaQuest. MCNA. Nov. 2012.

Note: Provider counts are unduplicated.

d. Retention of Dental Providers

To evaluate the retention of dental providers following the transition from FFS to dental managed care effective March 1, 2012, this report section compares the count of significant traditional providers (STPs) as of August 2010, enrolled dental providers as of August 2011, and dental providers contracted with the DMOs as of November 2012. This report first displays the total count of dental providers for each category, and then compares the count of STPs to DMO providers. STPs were defined as “dental providers who are currently contracted to provide CHIP dental services or are enrolled as a Medicaid dental provider¹⁷” as of August 2010. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- The count of dental providers contracted with the DMOs as of November 2012 is 1,127 less providers than 6,682 total STPs as of August 2010 and also is 1,243 fewer providers than the total 6,798 enrolled dental providers as of August 2011.
- The DMOs’ current network of 5,555 providers includes a majority of former STPs (3,820 providers) and includes a number of providers who were not STPs (1,735 providers).

Table III-d-1 below shows the total count of STPs as of August 2010, enrolled dental providers as of August 2011, and dental providers contracted with the DMOs as of November 2012. The count of dental providers contracted with the DMOs as of November 2012 is less than the count of STPs as of August 2010 and the enrolled dental providers as of August 2011.

Table III-d-1: Chart of Change in Dental Providers Count

Provider Category and Date	Count of Dental Providers
STP Providers, August 2010*	6,682
Total Enrolled Providers, August 2011**	6,798
DMO Providers, November 2012***	5,555

Sources: **“STP Dental Providers - Statewide.” HHSC Medicaid and CHIP Managed Care Services RFP# 529-12-0002.* Texas Health and Human Services Commission, n.d. Nov. 2012. <<http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/contract/529120002/ProcLib.shtml>>.

** Data Quality and Dissemination. Strategic Decision Support (SDS). HHSC. Nov. 2012.

*** Delta Dental. DentaQuest. MCNA. Nov. 2012.

Note: Provider count is based on unduplicated count of NPI numbers.

The DMOs were given three years following the operational start date to enroll STPs, as identified by HHSC, in their Provider Network. However, to be enrolled in the Provider Network, the STP providers must:

1. Agree to accept the Dental Contractor’s reimbursement rates; and

¹⁷ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Section 8 – Operations Phase Requirements." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 8 – 17.



2. Meet the Dental Contractor’s standard credentialing requirements, provided that lack of board certification or board eligibility is not the sole grounds for exclusion from the Provider Network.

Table III-d-2 below, therefore, has the count of dental providers that were former STPs and are now enrolled DMO providers, enrolled DMO providers that were not former STPs, and STPs that are not currently enrolled DMO providers. Overall, the majority of the former STPs are enrolled currently with the DMOs Provider Network (approximately 57 percent); whereas the remaining 2,862 former STPs or 43 percent have not yet enrolled with the DMOs. ***Within the DMOs’ network of 5,555 total enrolled providers, the vast majority are former STPs (approximately 69 percent or 3,820 providers).*** The remaining 31 percent (representing 1,735 providers) of the Provider Networks is made up of non-STP providers.

Table III-d-2: Chart Comparing STP and DMO Providers

Provider Category	Count of Dental Providers	Percent of STPs to Total STPs
STPs Enrolled with DMO(s)	3,820	57%
Non-STP Providers Enrolled with DMO(s)	1,735	N/A
STPs Not Enrolled with any DMO	2,862	43%

Note: Provider count is based on unduplicated count of NPI numbers.

e. Services Provided (covered services in FFS and managed care)

DMOs must provide the same exact medically necessary covered dental services to members as FFS dental coverage¹⁸. The only difference in services provided between FFS and managed care are the value-added benefits/services offered by each DMO at no additional cost to HHSC.

Value-Added Services Offered by DMOs

Each DMO may offer value-added services to its clients at no additional cost to HHSC. The charts below compile the value-added services offered by the three DMOs. Overall, all three of the DMOs offer a toothbrush, Delta Dental and DentaQuest offer a mouth guard, and DentaQuest and MCNA offer toothpaste and educational materials. Delta Dental is the only DMO to offer a timer, DentaQuest is the only DMO to offer a backpack and water bottle, and MCNA is the only DMO to offer floss, a toll-free 24-hour hotline, and Wal-Mart gift card for \$10.00 of dental care products.

¹⁸ Texas Health & Human Services Commission Office of General Counsel. "Attachment B-1 – HHSC Medicaid/CHIP Dental Services RFP, Sections 1-5, 4.3.1.1 Medically Necessary Covered Dental Services." 1 September 2012. <http://www.hhsc.state.tx.us/medicaid/Dental-Services-Contract-0312.pdf>. Contractual Document, Version 1.2. Page 48.

Table III-e-1: Chart of Delta Dental Value-Added Services

Delta Dental Value-added Services		
Value-added Service	Description of Value-added Services and Members Eligible to Receive the Services	Limitations or Restrictions
Dental Care Kit	<p>Delta Dental will offer each new member a dental care kit to promote oral hygiene and prevention of tooth decay and periodontal disease.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Infant Kit: (age 0-1 yr.) infant finger brush, brushing instructions, and an adult tooth brush for the caregiver. • Toddler Kit: (2-4 yrs.) toddler tooth brush, and a two-minute timer to encourage brushing. • Child Kit: (age 4-12 yrs.) child tooth brush, a two-minute timer and dental floss. • Adult Kit: (age 12-18 yrs.) Adult toothbrush, a two-minute timer, and dental floss. 	Limited to one kit per member. There are no other limitations or restrictions on eligible members for this service
Mouth Guard	<p>Delta Dental will offer a mouth guard to each new member age 6 to 18 to help prevent dental injuries while participating in sports (such as football, soccer, basketball, etc).</p>	Limited to one mouth guard per member. There are no other limitations or restrictions on eligible members for this service.

Source: "Dental Value-Added Services Template." *HHSC Uniform Managed Care Manual*. Version 2.0. 1 Sept. 2011. Nov. 2012.

Table III-e-2: Chart of DentaQuest Value-Added Services

DentaQuest Value-added Services		
Value-added Service	Description of Value-added Services and Members Eligible to Receive the Services	Limitations or Restrictions
Healthy Beginnings Toddler Pack	<p>Texas Medicaid enrollees ages 12-35 months who receive a diagnostic dental service from their First Dental Home provider will receive a Healthy Beginnings Toddler Pack. It includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reusable carrying bag • Infant toothbrush • Finger brush (for cleaning baby's gums) • Teething ring • Educational brochure on oral health topics such as caring for a baby's teeth and gums or how to prevent baby bottle tooth decay 	<p>This value-added service is limited to members ages 12-35 months who have a diagnostic dental service.</p> <p>One pack per member per lifetime.</p>
Big Kid Backpack	<p>Texas Medicaid enrollees ages 36 months - five years who receive a fluoride treatment will receive a Big Kid Backpack. It includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Backpack • Toothbrush • Toothpaste • Brushing chart • Stickers for brushing chart 	<p>Members 36 months – five years old who have a fluoride treatment.</p> <p>One pack per member, per lifetime.</p>



Sports Backpack	<p>Texas Medicaid enrollees ages six-14 who receive a sealant will receive a Sports Backpack. The backpack includes the following items to promote oral health and encourage physical activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sport’s mouth guard or water bottle • Toothbrush • Toothpaste <p>Informational sheet promoting healthy lifestyles for adolescents such as healthy eating habits, good dental habits and regular physical activity</p>	<p>Members six-14 years old who receive sealants.</p> <p>One pack per member, per lifetime.</p>
Sports Backpack	<p>Texas Medicaid enrollees ages 15-20 who receive two cleanings per year will receive a Sports Backpack. The backpack includes the following items to promote oral health and encourage physical activity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sport’s mouth guard or water bottle • Toothbrush • Toothpaste <p>Informational sheet promoting healthy lifestyles for adolescents such as healthy eating habits, good dental habits and regular physical activity</p>	<p>Members 15-20 years old who receive two cleanings per year.</p> <p>One pack per member, per lifetime.</p>

Source: "Attachment B-2.1 – Medicaid Value-Added Service." *HHSC Medicaid/Medicaid Dental Services RFP*. RFP No. 529-12-0003. Operational Start Date – 31 August 2013. Nov. 2012.

Table III-e-3: Chart of MCNA Value-Added Services

MCNA Value-added Services		
Value-added Service	Description of Value-added Services and Members Eligible to Receive the Services	Limitations or Restrictions
Bright Beginnings	Free Dental Kit including, toothbrush, toothpaste, floss, and oral health education materials for special needs members receiving case management services from MCNA Dental, and pregnant MCNA Dental Members.	MCNA Dental Members eligible for special needs case management services from MCNA Dental or prenatal health care services.
Toll Free 24 Hour Dental Hygienist Advise Hotline	An MCNA Dental Hygienist will be available through our 24 hour toll-free hotline to answer questions or concerns about oral health issues, treatment modalities and emergency care issues. The Hotline will have the following toll-free number: 855-688-MCNA (6262).	After normal business hours, our Dental Hygienist will respond to voice or email messages within one hour.
Wal-Mart Gift Card per Member household for \$10.00 worth of Dental Care Products from Wal-Mart.	Upon enrollment, each household of MCNA Dental Members will receive a Ten (\$10.00) dollar Wal-Mart Gift Card redeemable at any Wal-Mart store for the purchase of dental hygiene products such as Toothpaste, Toothbrushes, Mouthwash and Dental Floss.	Limited to one \$10.00 Wal-Mart Gift Card per MCNA Dental Member household regardless of the number of Medicaid enrollees therein; and to the purchase of dental hygiene products such as toothbrushes, toothpaste, mouthwash and dental floss. To redeem the Wal-Mart Gift Card, at least one Member from each household must present an MCNA Medicaid Membership ID Card along with the Wal-Mart Gift Card at the point of sale checkout counter located in the Wal-Mart store. Wal-Mart Gift Card cannot be combined with other gift or discount cards, assigned, or transferred. Ten (\$10.00) dollar maximum benefit per Wal-Mart Gift Card per active household. Wal-Mart Gift Card expires March 1, 2013.

Source: "Dental Value-Added Services Template." *HHSC Uniform Managed Care Manual*. Version 2.0. 1 Sept. 2011. Nov. 2012.

f. Medicaid Dental Services Requiring Prior Authorization

Select Medicaid dental services require prior authorization before the service is rendered as a provision for reimbursement. As general information provided in TMHP's Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual, the request for prior authorization must contain correct and complete information, including documentation of medical necessity. Each DMO provides an office reference manual that outlines specific information needed when prior authorizations are submitted, including pictures, x-rays, and/or a narrative explaining the medical necessity of the procedure. It is important to note that any services granted prior authorization approval before March 2012 by TMHP are honored by the DMOs after March 2012. To note, even if a procedure has been prior authorized, reimbursement can be affected for a variety of reasons, e.g., the client is ineligible on the date of service or the claim is incomplete.

An analysis of services requiring prior authorization is provided in the following section. First, from the viewpoint of coverage, the data examined includes a count of unique payable dental procedure codes that require prior authorization approvals by each Medicaid payer. The report then focuses on the units of services submitted for prior authorization to the FFS program between March and August 2011 and service requests submitted to the DMOs between March and August 2012. The information provided by the FFS program is based upon unit of services, whereas the information provided by the DMOs is based upon count of unique requests submitted by providers, and each request to pre-authorize services for a Medicaid client may represent multiple units of service. Therefore, rather than comparing units of services to requests, the focus of this section is on the percent of units or requests approved. Comparisons by month in 2011 and 2012, and then by category of service type are also made. Also, please note this analysis section is limited to the dental procedures that explicitly required prior authorization under FFS in 2011 as defined in the Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual as of January 2011 as well as under the purview of the DMOs in the 2012 time period. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- Of the three DMOs in 2012, MCNA and DentaQuest require more unique dental procedure codes to receive prior authorization than the FFS model in 2011. MCNA has the largest count of procedure codes requiring prior authorization approval (299 procedure codes), while Delta Dental has the least (99 procedure codes).
- Ninety-two (92) procedure codes which required prior authorization under FFS continue to have the same restrictions under the DMOs. There are six procedure codes that previously required authorization under FFS that no longer do so.
- On average, in the sampled six months in 2011, 93 percent of units submitted for prior authorization were approved. In the corresponding six months in 2012, on average 62 percent of submitted requests for authorization were approved by the DMOs.
- Ninety-nine (99) percent of units submitted for prior authorization between March and August 2011 are orthodontia related, while 93 percent of these units were approved. In the corresponding six months in 2012, 69.9 percent of requests are orthodontia related, while 62 percent of these requests were approved by the DMOs. The pre-authorization requests for "All Other" dental services have noticeably increased between 2011 and 2012.

Covered Medicaid Dental Services Requiring Prior Authorization

Table III-f-1 shows the count of unique dental procedures requiring prior authorization for FFS, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Delta Dental. MCNA requires prior authorization for the largest amount of unique procedure codes, while Delta Dental requires prior authorization for the least amount of procedure codes.

Table III-f-1: Chart of Count of Unique Dental Procedures Requiring Prior Authorization Approval by Payer

Payer	Count of Unique Dental Procedures Requiring Prior Authorization by Payer
Fee-for-Service*	121
MCNA**	299
DentaQuest***	224
Delta Dental****	99

Sources: **4. TEXAS HEALTH STEPS (THSTEPS) DENTAL." *Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual*. Volume 2. TMHP, Jan. 2011. Web. Nov. 2012. <http://www.tmhp.com/tmppm/2011/Vol2_Children%27s_Services_Handbook.pdf>.

***Covered Services, Fee Schedules, and Guidelines for Texas Medicaid and CHIP Members*. Version 1.0.21. MCNA Dental, 5 July 2012. Web. Nov. 2012. <docs.mcna.net/download.php?type=manuals&alias=texascs>.

****DentaQuest Provider Office Reference Manual*. DentaQuest, 1 March 2012. Web. Nov. 2012. <<http://dentaquestnetwork.com/texas/wp-content/uploads/2011/10/Task-22-Final-Draft-TX-HHSC-Front-end-Provider-ORM-20111012.pdf>>.

*****Delta Dental Confidential Schedule of Maximum Allowances (SMA)*. Delta Dental, 1 March 2012. Web. Nov. 2012. <<http://www.deltadentalins.com/dentists/lib/tx-medicaid-fees-2012.pdf>>.

Notes: Count of pre-authorizations required for Delta Dental includes all CDT codes with "YES" of "YES *" for "Prior Auth Required." Count of pre-authorizations required for DentaQuest includes all CDT codes with "Yes" for "Review Required." Count of pre-authorizations required for MCNA includes all CDT codes with the description "Requires Pre-Authorization." Count of pre-authorizations required for Fee-for-Service includes all CDT codes with the description "prior authorization is required," "require prior authorization," or "prior authorization," including orthodontia, implants, fixed prosthetic services, anesthesia, combination of inlays/onlays or permanent crowns, and cone beam imaging, unless stated otherwise.

Below in Table III-f-2 is the count of unique dental procedures requiring prior authorization broken out between FFS, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Delta Dental. Overall, FFS required prior authorizations for six procedure codes that are not so limited by MCNA, DentaQuest, or Delta Dental, whereas there are 92 procedure codes that explicitly required and currently still require prior authorizations by all Medicaid payers.

Table III-f-2: Count of Unique Dental Procedures Requiring Prior Authorization Across Payers

Payers	Count of Unique Dental Procedures Requiring Prior Authorization by Payer
Required Across Delta Dental, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Fee-for-Service	92
Required Across Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest Only	4
Fee-for-Service Only	8
DentaQuest Only	6
MCNA Only	73



Notes: Count of pre-authorizations required for Delta Dental includes all CDT codes with "YES" or "YES *" for "Prior Auth Required." Count of pre-authorizations required for DentaQuest includes all CDT codes with "Yes" for "Review Required." Count of pre-authorizations required for MCNA includes all CDT codes with the description "Requires Pre-Authorization." Count of pre-authorizations required for Fee-for-Service includes all CDT codes with the description "prior authorization is required," "require prior authorization," or "prior authorization," including orthodontia, implants, fixed prosthetic services, anesthesia, combination of inlays/onlays or permanent crowns, and cone beam imaging, unless stated otherwise.

Units/Requests Submitted for Prior Authorization Approval

The dental procedure codes (CDT codes) can be grouped into categories of services, as defined in Table III-a-1 of this report. These categories of service include Diagnostic, Orthodontics, Preventive, and All Other dental services. All analyses in this sub-section of the report are limited to the CDT codes that explicitly required prior authorization under FFS in 2011 as defined in the Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual as of January 2011 as well as under the purview of the DMOs in the 2012 time period. The following analysis does not include prior authorizations for Preventive services, as the CDT codes in this category of service did not require a prior authorization in 2011. Also, this limitation excludes procedure codes that newly require prior authorization in 2012 by the DMOs only.

When looking at service units submitted for FFS prior authorization from March 2011 to August 2011 by category of service, as seen below in Table III-f-3, orthodontia services represent the greatest portion (more than 99 percent) of units of service submitted, approved, and denied for prior authorization. Moreover, of the 533,464 orthodontia service units submitted for FFS prior authorization in the sampled six months in 2011, approximately 93 percent were approved.

Table III-f-3: Total Units of Services Submitted for FFS Prior Authorization by Category of Service, March to August 2011

Category of Service	2011 Units of Service Submitted for Prior Authorization	2011 Units of Service Approved for Prior Authorization	2011 Units of Service Denied for Prior Authorization	Percentage of Service Units Approved for Prior Authorization
All Other	1,161	1,086	75	94%
Diagnostic	3,058	2,823	235	92%
Orthodontics	533,464	497,006	36,458	93%
Total	537,683	500,915	36,768	93%

Source: TMHP_Dental_Auths_Mar2011-Aug2011.xlsx. Provided by TMHP. Dec. 20

A closer inspection of orthodontia service units submitted for FFS prior authorization within the 2011 time period reveals, as seen in Table III-f-4 below, that the average percentage for approved orthodontic services was 93 percent, and an average of 82,834 orthodontia units of service were approved monthly during this six month time period.



Table III-f-4: Orthodontia Units of Service Submitted for FFS Prior Authorization by Month, March to August 2011

Month	2011 Units of Orthodontia Service Submitted for Prior Authorization	2011 Units of Orthodontia Service Approved for Prior Authorization	2011 Units of Orthodontia Service Denied for Prior Authorization	Percentage of Orthodontia Service Units Approved for Prior Authorization
March	91,812	89,666	2,146	98%
April	90,817	87,902	2,915	97%
May	83,068	80,101	2,967	96%
June	87,256	80,718	6,538	93%
July	83,946	73,687	10,259	88%
August	96,565	84,932	11,633	88%
Monthly Average	88,911	82,834	6,076	93%

Source: TMHP_Dental_Auths_Mar2011-Aug2011.xlsx. Provided by TMHP. Dec. 2012.

After reviewing service units submitted for FFS prior authorization between March and August 2011, this following section of the report will now focus on service requests submitted for prior authorization by the DMOs between March and August 2012. It should be noted, however, that the data provided by the DMOs for this report are reported based upon each request for service prior authorization, which could include multiple units of service on each request. This limits the ability to compare the units of service submitted for FFS prior authorization to the service requests submitted for DMOs' prior authorization. Therefore, in order to compare services with prior authorization from 2011 to 2012, this section of the report will focus on approval percentages. Please also note that since DMOs are obligated to honor service units granted prior authorization before March 2012, there are services provided by the DMOs after March 1, 2012 for prior authorizations approved before March 1, 2012 that are not included in this analysis.

The chart below in Table III-f-5 shows service requests submitted for prior authorization by DMOs between March and August 2012 by category of service. Orthodontia service requests represent a smaller portion (between 68 and 70 percent) of service requests submitted for prior authorization by the DMOs in 2012 than under FFS in 2011. The percentage of orthodontia service requests approved for DMO prior authorization was approximately 62 percent. Considering orthodontia service requests still represent the largest portion of prior authorization requests, albeit a decreasing portion from 2011 to 2012, the decrease in the approval percentage may indicate that prior authorization process for orthodontic services is becoming more stringent following March 2012.

Table III-f-5: Total Service Requests Submitted to DMOs for Prior Authorization by Category of Service, March to August 2012

Category of Service	2012 Service Requests Submitted for Prior Authorization	2012 Service Requests Approved for Prior Authorization	2012 Service Requests Denied for Prior Authorization	Percentage of Service Requests Approved for Prior Authorization	2012 Total Units of Service Approved for Prior Authorization
All Other	24,397	14,934	9,932	61%	19,798
Diagnostic	507	207	300	41%	208
Orthodontics	57,896	36,144	22,089	62%	71,516
Total	82,800	51,285	32,321	62%	91,522

Sources: *TMC_NOAs_Authed_Denied_PCGRpt2.xlsx*. Provided by Delta Dental. Nov. 2012.
303980_1_0_DentaQuest.Prior_Auth_Count.xlsx. Provided by DentaQuest. Nov. 2012.
PCG_DentalRequest110812_IL.xlsx. Provided by MCNA. Nov. 2012.

Notes: Sum of Total Submitted Requests was provided by DMOs. Requests sometimes contain individual services which are approved and others which are denied, therefore requests may be double counted and the "Total Submitted Requests" are less than the "Approved" and "Denied." There are also some requests which are still pending, therefore the "Total" is greater than the sum of "Approved" and "Denied."

A closer look at orthodontia service requests submitted to the DMOs for prior authorization in Table III-f-6 shows that the approval percentage for orthodontics service requests started at a low of 30 percent in March 2012, rose to a high of 81 percent in June 2012, and then ended at 57 percent in August 2012. These fluctuations in the approval percentage for orthodontia services in a new service delivery model lend to a recommendation to reevaluate orthodontia approval percentages by the DMOs once the situation becomes more stable.

Table III-f-6: Orthodontia Service Requests Submitted to DMOs for Prior Authorization by Month, March to August 2012

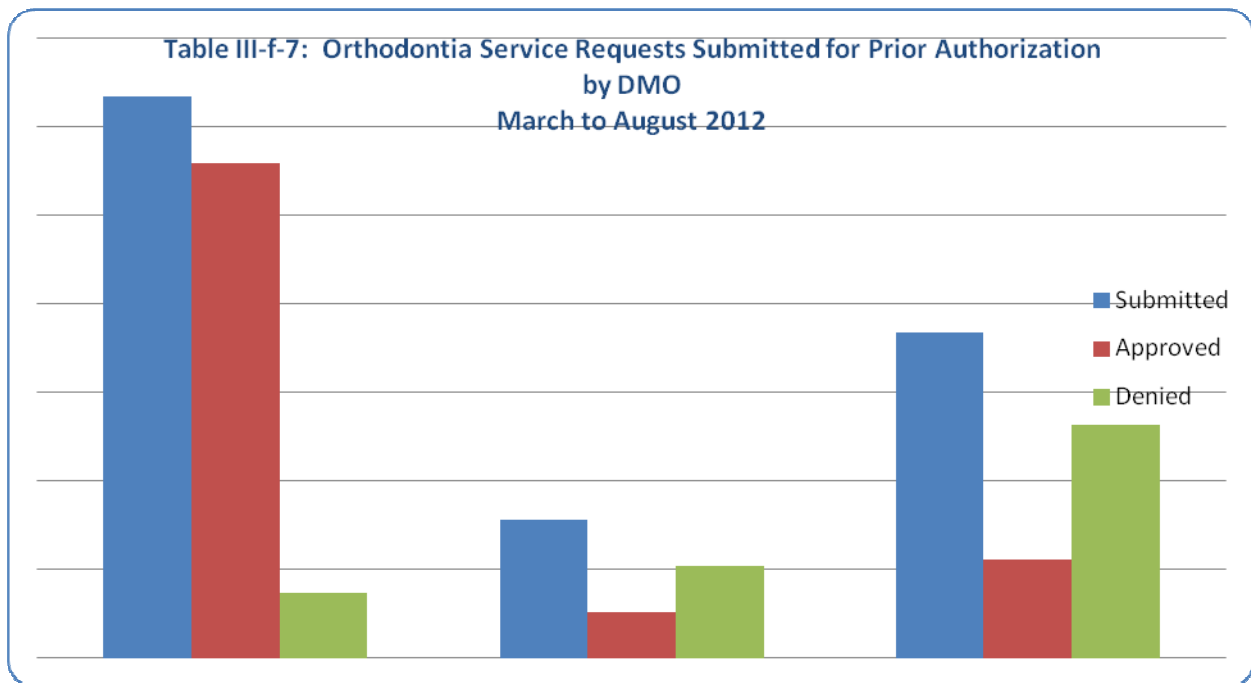
Month	2012 Orthodontia Service Requests Submitted for Prior Authorization	2012 Orthodontia Service Requests Approved for Prior Authorization	2012 Orthodontia Service Requests Denied for Prior Authorization	Percentage of Orthodontia Service Requests Approved for Prior Authorization	2012 Units of Orthodontia Service Approved for Prior Authorization
March	3,260	975	2,953	30%	4,242
April	9,851	5,547	4,214	56%	8,884
May	11,489	7,433	3,014	65%	9,371
June	16,707	13,454	3,070	81%	18,031
July	7,845	3,783	4,211	48%	12,631
August	8,744	4,952	4,627	57%	18,357
Monthly Average	9,649	6,024	3,682	62%	11,919



Sources: *TMC_NOAs_Authed_Denied_PCGRpt2.xlsx*. Provided by Delta Dental. Nov. 2012.
303980_1_0_DentaQuest.Prior_Auth_Count.xlsx. Provided by DentaQuest. Nov. 2012.
PCG_DentalRequest110812_IL.xls. Provided by MCNA. Nov. 2012.

Notes: Sum of Total Submitted Requests was provided by DMOs. Requests sometimes contain individual services which are approved and others which are denied, therefore requests may be double counted and the "Total Submitted Requests" are less than the "Approved" and "Denied." There are also some requests which are still pending, therefore the "Total" is greater than the sum of "Approved" and "Denied."

The graph below in Table III-f-7 displays the count of orthodontic service requests submitted to each DMO between March and August 2012. Delta Dental represents the greatest proportion of orthodontia service requests approved for prior authorization as compared to those denied, while MCNA and DentaQuest both denied more orthodontia service requests for prior authorization than they approved. As previously mentioned in the Executive Summary of this report, HHSC and Delta Dental agreed to end Delta Dental's contract for managed care dental services effective December 1, 2012.



g. Managed Care Premium Growth Trends

To evaluate managed care premium growth trends for Medicaid dental services following the transition from FFS to dental managed care effective March 1, 2012, this report section compares the count of members enrolled with the dental plans, monthly capitation payments from HHSC, average monthly capitation payment per member, and premium tax revenue between March and August 2012. This section first displays all components by month for each DMO and in total, and then compares each individual component between DMOs and in total by month.

For the purpose of this reporting section, the following tables calculate the straight-lined average monthly capitation payment per member. These calculations are not reflective of the actual risk-based monthly premium rates paid by HHSC to DMOs that are adjusted for risk within each DMO's specific managed care population. Please also note that the monthly capitation payments and count of members enrolled with DMOs for April to August 2012 are estimated and are not considered final by HHSC. Additionally, the premium tax revenues are estimated for all months in 2012 and are not considered final yet by HHSC. These figures are presented for the purpose of this reporting section only.

Provided below are the key observations to note:

- Of the three DMOs, DentaQuest represents the greatest portion of enrolled members, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of monthly capitation payments from HHSC, and MCNA represents the smallest portion of both categories.
- The enrolled members and average monthly capitation payments for both DentaQuest and MCNA are increasing across months, while the enrolled members and monthly capitation payments for Delta Dental is decreasing.
- Based on the relative trends in enrolled members and monthly capitation payments, Delta Dental has the greatest straight-lined average capitation payment per member, while DentaQuest has the smallest average capitation payment per member; however, the average capitation payment per member for both DentaQuest and Delta Dental is increasing across months, while the average capitation payment per member for MCNA is decreasing across months, and the overall average capitation payment per member across DMOs has been relatively constant.

The first three tables below are charts with the enrolled members, average monthly capitation payments from HHSC, average monthly capitation payment per member, and premium tax revenue incurred by month from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest. The fourth table summarizes the total enrolled members, total capitation payments from HHSC, overall average monthly capitation payment per member, and premium tax revenue by month from March through August 2012 across all three DMOs.

Table III-g-1: Chart of Delta Dental Enrolled Members, Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Premium Tax Revenue between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Delta Dental Enrolled Members	Delta Dental Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC	Delta Dental Average Cost Per Member	Delta Dental Premium Tax Revenue
March	914,162	\$45,785,926	\$50.09	\$801,254
April	937,413	\$46,754,917	\$49.88	\$818,211
May	910,330	\$45,586,265	\$50.08	\$797,760
June	884,927	\$44,512,949	\$50.30	\$778,977
July	860,265	\$43,480,179	\$50.54	\$760,903
August	845,827	\$42,798,562	\$50.60	\$748,975
Monthly Average	892,154	\$44,819,799	\$50.25	\$784,346

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Enrolled Members for March 2012 are considered final, whereas other months are estimated. Premium tax revenues are estimated for all months.

Note: This table calculates the Average Cost Per Member by dividing the Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC by the count of Enrolled Members. This straight-line average calculation is not the actual Per Member Per Month (PMPM) rate paid by HHSC, which are risk based rates.

Table III-g-2: Chart of MCNA Enrolled Members, Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Premium Tax Revenue between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	MCNA Enrolled Members	MCNA Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC	MCNA Average Cost Per Member	MCNA Premium Tax Revenue
March	594,557	\$29,103,760	\$48.95	\$509,316
April	616,051	\$30,232,505	\$49.07	\$529,069
May	628,824	\$30,663,008	\$48.76	\$536,603
June	658,563	\$31,790,674	\$48.27	\$556,337
July	681,043	\$32,672,502	\$47.97	\$571,769
August	679,531	\$32,542,092	\$47.89	\$569,487
Monthly Average	643,095	\$31,167,423	\$48.49	\$545,430

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Enrolled Members for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated. Premium tax revenues are estimated for all months.

Table III-g-3: Chart of DentaQuest Enrolled Members, Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Premium Tax Revenue between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	DentaQuest Enrolled Members	DentaQuest Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC	DentaQuest Average Cost Per Member	DentaQuest Premium Tax Revenue
March	826,851	\$36,786,031	\$44.49	\$643,756
April	909,849	\$40,514,386	\$44.53	\$709,002
May	924,533	\$41,267,381	\$44.64	\$722,179
June	965,123	\$43,203,547	\$44.76	\$756,062
July	993,168	\$44,640,854	\$44.95	\$781,215
August	987,560	\$44,675,637	\$45.24	\$781,824
Monthly Average	934,514	\$41,847,973	\$44.77	\$732,340

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Enrolled Members for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated. Premium tax revenues are estimated for all months.

Table III-g-4: Chart of Total DMO Enrolled Members, Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Premium Tax Revenue between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Total Enrolled Members	Total Monthly Capitation Payments from HHSC	Average Cost per Member	Total Premium Tax Revenue
March	2,335,570	\$111,675,717	\$47.82	\$1,954,325
April	2,463,310	\$117,501,695	\$47.70	\$2,056,282
May	2,463,680	\$117,516,320	\$47.70	\$2,056,541
June	2,508,597	\$119,506,390	\$47.64	\$2,091,375
July	2,534,452	\$120,792,372	\$47.66	\$2,113,887
August	2,512,893	\$120,015,181	\$47.76	\$2,100,285
Monthly Average	2,469,750	\$117,834,612	\$47.71	\$2,062,116

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC and Enrolled Members for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated. Premium tax revenues are estimated for all months.



Table III-g-5 is a chart of the enrolled members by month from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest, as well as the total enrolled members across all three DMOs, and the percentage of the total enrolled members represented by each DMO. This table is accompanied by two graphs. The first graph compares by month the enrolled members from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest. The second graph compares the average percentage of the total enrolled members represented by each DMO. ***Overall, DentaQuest represents the greatest portion of total enrolled members (38 percent) and MCNA represents the smallest portion (26 percent), while the enrolled members for both DentaQuest and MCNA are increasing across months and the enrolled members for Delta Dental is decreasing.***

Table III-g-5: Chart of Enrolled members Across DMOs between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Delta Dental Enrolled Members	MCNA Enrolled Members	DentaQuest Enrolled Members	Total Enrolled Members	Delta Dental % of Total Enrolled Members	MCNA % of Total Enrolled Members	DentaQuest % of Total Enrolled Members
March	914,162	594,557	826,851	2,335,570	39.1%	25.5%	35.4%
April	937,413	616,051	909,849	2,463,310	38.1%	25.0%	36.9%
May	910,330	628,824	924,533	2,463,680	37.0%	25.5%	37.5%
June	884,927	658,563	965,123	2,508,597	35.3%	26.3%	38.5%
July	860,265	681,043	993,168	2,534,452	33.9%	26.9%	39.2%
August	845,827	679,531	987,560	2,512,893	33.7%	27.0%	39.3%
Monthly Average	892,154	643,095	934,514	2,469,750	36.2%	26.0%	37.8%

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Enrolled members for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated.

Table III-g-6 are the monthly capitation payments from HHSC by month from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest, as well as the total monthly capitation payments across all three DMOs, and the percentage of the total capitation payments represented by each DMO. **Overall, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of monthly capitation payments (\$268 million, or 38 percent) and MCNA represents the smallest portion (\$187 million, or 26 percent), while the monthly capitation payments for both DentaQuest and MCNA are increasing across months and the monthly capitation payments for Delta Dental is decreasing.**

Table III-g-6: Chart of Monthly Capitation Payment from HHSC Across DMOs between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Delta Dental Monthly Capitation Payment	Delta Dental % of Total	MCNA Monthly Capitation Payment	MCNA % of Total	DentaQuest Monthly Capitation Payment	DentaQuest % of Total	Total Monthly Capitation Payments from HHSC
March	\$45,785,926	41.0%	\$29,103,760	26.1%	\$36,786,031	32.9%	\$111,675,717
April	\$46,754,917	39.8%	\$30,232,505	25.7%	\$40,514,386	34.5%	\$117,501,695
May	\$45,586,265	38.8%	\$30,663,008	26.1%	\$41,267,381	35.1%	\$117,516,320
June	\$44,512,949	37.2%	\$31,790,674	26.6%	\$43,203,547	36.2%	\$119,506,390
July	\$43,480,179	36.0%	\$32,672,502	27.0%	\$44,640,854	37.0%	\$120,792,372
August	\$42,798,562	35.7%	\$32,542,092	27.1%	\$44,675,637	37.2%	\$120,015,181
Total	\$268,918,798	38.0%	\$187,004,541	26.5%	\$251,087,836	35.5%	\$707,007,675
Monthly Average	\$44,819,799	38.1%	\$31,167,423	26.4%	\$41,847,973	35.5%	\$117,834,612

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payments from HHSC for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated.



Table III-g-7 are the monthly capitation payment per enrolled member by month from March through August 2012 calculated for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest, as well as the average cost per member across all three DMOs. **Overall, Delta Dental has the greatest overall average cost per member (\$50.25) and DentaQuest has the smallest (\$44.77)**; however, based on the relative trends in enrolled members and monthly capitation payments from HHSC, the average cost per member for both DentaQuest and Delta Dental is increasing across months, while the average cost per member for MCNA is decreasing across months, and the **total cost per member across DMOs has been relatively constant around \$47.71**. Please note these calculations are not reflective of the actual risk-based monthly premium rates paid by HHSC to DMOs that are adjusted for risk within each DMO’s specific managed care population.

Table III-g-7: Chart of Average Monthly Capitation Payment per Enrolled Member Across DMOs between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Delta Dental Monthly Capitation Payment per Enrolled Member	MCNA Monthly Capitation Payment per Enrolled Member	DentaQuest Monthly Capitation Payment per Enrolled Member	Average Monthly Capitation Payment per Enrolled Member
March	\$50.09	\$48.95	\$44.49	\$47.82
April	\$49.88	\$49.07	\$44.53	\$47.70
May	\$50.08	\$48.76	\$44.64	\$47.70
June	\$50.30	\$48.27	\$44.76	\$47.64
July	\$50.54	\$47.97	\$44.95	\$47.66
August	\$50.60	\$47.89	\$45.24	\$47.76
Monthly Average	\$50.25	\$48.49	\$44.77	\$47.71

Source: HHS System Forecasting. Nov. 2012.

Note: Monthly Capitation Payments from HHSC and enrolled members for March are considered final, whereas other months are estimated.

h. Premium (Tax) Insurance Revenue

To evaluate premium (tax) insurance revenue for Medicaid dental services following the transition from FFS to dental managed care effective March 1, 2012, this report section compares the premium tax revenue incurred by each DMO and in total from March through August 2012. Please note that the premium tax revenues are estimated for all months in 2012 and are not considered final yet by HHSC. These figures are presented for the purpose of this reporting section only. Provided below are the key observations to note:

- Of the three DMOs, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of premium tax revenue to HHSC, while MCNA represents the smallest portion.
- The percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by DentaQuest and MCNA is increasing across months, while the percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by Delta Dental is decreasing across months.

Table III-h-1 below is a chart of the premium tax revenue by month from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest, as well as the total premium tax revenue across all three DMOs, and the percentage of the total premium tax revenue represented by each DMO. Also included is a graph comparing by month the premium tax revenue from March through August 2012 for Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest. A second graph compares the average percentage of the total premium tax revenue represented by each DMO.

Overall, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of premium tax revenue (\$4.7 million, or 38 percent) and MCNA represents the smallest portion (\$3.3 million, or 26 percent), but the percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by DentaQuest and MCNA is increasing across months, while the percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by Delta Dental is decreasing across months.

Table III-h-1: Chart of Premium Tax Revenue Across DMOs between March and August 2012

Month in 2012	Delta Dental Premium Tax Revenue	Delta Dental % of Total Tax Revenue	MCNA Premium Tax Revenue	MCNA % of Total Premium Tax Revenue	DentaQuest Premium Tax Revenue	DentaQuest % of Total Premium Tax Revenue	Total Premium Tax Revenue
March	\$801,254	41.0%	\$509,316	26.1%	\$643,756	32.9%	\$1,954,325
April	\$818,211	39.8%	\$529,069	25.7%	\$709,002	34.5%	\$2,056,282
May	\$797,760	38.8%	\$536,603	26.1%	\$722,179	35.1%	\$2,056,541
June	\$778,977	37.2%	\$556,337	26.6%	\$756,062	36.2%	\$2,091,375
July	\$760,903	36.0%	\$571,769	27.0%	\$781,215	37.0%	\$2,113,887
August	\$748,975	35.7%	\$569,487	27.1%	\$781,824	37.2%	\$2,100,285
Total	\$4,706,080	38.0%	\$3,272,581	26.5%	\$4,394,038	35.5%	\$12,372,695
Monthly Average	\$784,346	38.1%	\$545,430	26.4%	\$732,340	35.5%	\$2,062,116

Source: HHS Systems Forecasting. Nov. 2012.



Note: Premium tax revenues are estimated for all months.

IV. Summary Conclusions

Provided below are the key observations from each section of the report.

a. Utilization Trends

- Between the 2011 and 2012 time periods, total units of services decreased by 30 percent from 14.2 million to 9.98 million. In correlation, payments to providers decreased by 38 percent from \$770 million under FFS delivery system to \$478 million under the dental managed care system.
- Among the four service categories, orthodontic services have decreased the most between 2011 and 2012 by 1.35 million units of service or 72 percent fewer units, and by \$105 million payments to providers or 81 percent less in payments.
- Approximately 65 percent of units of service between March and August 2011 time period are diagnostic or preventive in nature, and 73 percent of units of service are diagnostic or preventive dental services in the equivalent six months in 2012.
- Among the four service categories, diagnostic services are the least impacted during the recent transition to a managed care delivery system. Diagnostic services decreased by 695 thousand units of service or 16 percent less units, and by \$21 million payments to providers or 14 percent less in payments.
- Preventive services have decreased by 1.2 million units of service or 25 percent fewer units of service, and by \$36.5 million payments to providers or 27 percent less in payments.

b. Penetration Rates

- Total Medicaid enrollment for all ages is less in 2012 than in 2011 by six percent (although the 2012 numbers are not final due to retroactive eligibility).
- There are four percent more clients under 21 years old enrolled with Medicaid in 2012 (2.60 million) than 2011 (2.50 million).
- Dental plans' enrollment in 2012 (2.46 million) is slightly less than the comparable enrolled Medicaid clients eligible for the EPSDT benefit in 2011 (2.50 million).
- The count of Medicaid clients under 21 years old who received a dental service is less in 2012 than in 2011 by 26.9 percent on average.
- The average monthly penetration rate decreased from 18 percent in the sampled six months in 2011 to 13 percent in the corresponding six months in 2012.

c. Provider to Client Ratio

- From August 2011 to November 2012, the total enrolled providers decreased by 1,243 providers or 18 percent.
- For every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years old who received paid dental services, the number of enrolled dental providers decreased between the two studied time period under FFS and DMOs. In the 2011 sampled six months, there were 15.1 enrolled dental providers for every thousand Medicaid recipients under 21 years old who received paid dental services, whereas the ratio is 12.3 in the same sampled six months in 2012.

d. Retention of Dental Providers

- The count of dental providers contracted with the DMOs as of November 2012 is 1,127 less providers than 6,682 total STPs as of August 2010 and also is 1,243 fewer providers than the total 6,798 enrolled dental providers as of August 2011.
- The DMOs' current network of 5,555 providers includes a majority of former STPs (3,820 providers) and includes a number of providers who were not STPs (1,735 providers).

e. Services Provided (covered services in FFS and managed care)

- Examining value-added services, all three of the DMOs offer a toothbrush; Delta Dental and DentaQuest offer a mouth guard, and DentaQuest and MCNA offer toothpaste and educational materials. Delta Dental is the only DMO to offer a timer, DentaQuest is the only DMO to offer a backpack and water bottle, and MCNA is the only DMO to offer floss, a toll-free 24-hour dental hygienist hotline, and gift card for dental care products.

f. Medicaid Dental Services Requiring Prior Authorization

- Any service granted FFS prior authorization before March 2012 by TMHP is still honored by the DMOs after March 2012.
 - On average, in the sampled six months in 2011, 93 percent of service units submitted for FFS prior authorization were approved.
 - Ninety-nine (99) percent of units submitted for prior authorization between March and August 2011 are orthodontia related, while 93 percent of these units were approved.
- For any new service performed after March 1, 2012 and not already previously authorized by FFS, the DMOs have implemented different reimbursement conditions.
 - In the corresponding six months in 2012, on average 70 percent of requests are orthodontia related, while 62 percent of these requests were approved by the DMOs. The prior authorization requests for "All Other" dental services have noticeably increased between 2011 and 2012.

g. Managed Care Premium Growth Trends

- Of the three DMOs, DentaQuest represents the greatest portion of enrolled members, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of monthly capitation payments from HHSC, and MCNA represents the smallest portion of both categories.
- The enrolled members and average monthly capitation payments for both DentaQuest and MCNA are increasing across months, while the enrolled members and monthly capitation payments for Delta Dental is decreasing.
- Based on the relative trends in enrolled members and monthly capitation payments, Delta Dental has the greatest straight-lined average capitation payment per member, while DentaQuest has the smallest average capitation payment per member; however, the average capitation payment per member for both DentaQuest and Delta Dental is increasing across months, while the average capitation payment per member for MCNA is decreasing across months, and the overall average capitation payment per member across DMOs has been relatively constant.



h. Premium (Tax) Insurance Revenue

- Of the three DMOs, Delta Dental represents the greatest portion of premium tax revenue to HHSC, while MCNA represents the smallest portion.
- The percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by DentaQuest and MCNA is increasing across months, while the percentage of total premium tax revenue represented by Delta Dental is decreasing across months.



State of Texas The Health and Human Services Commission

Capitated Managed Care Model of Dental Services Report Appendix

As Required By General Appropriations Act for the 2012-13 Biennium
House Bill No. 1, Article II
Health and Human Services Commission, Rider 54
Eighty-second Texas Legislature, Regular Session, 2011

As Prepared by Public Consulting Group, Inc. (PCG)

February 15, 2013





Appendices

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V. Appendices:

A. Project Work Plan

Provided on the following page is the work plan used by Public Consulting Group, Inc. (PCG) and the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to track and monitor the progress of this report.



 Capitated Managed Care Model of Dental Services The Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) PCG Project Work Plan						
ID	% Complete	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Resource Names
1	100%	Project kick-off meetings	6 days	Wed 10/31/12	Wed 11/7/12	PCG & HHSC
2	100%	Verify project goals and objectives	2 days	Wed 10/31/12	Thu 11/1/12	PCG & HHSC
3	100%	Develop and confirm project timeline	1 day	Wed 10/31/12	Thu 11/1/12	PCG & HHSC
4	100%	Complete analysis and identify data needs	2 days	Wed 10/31/12	Thu 11/1/12	PCG & HHSC
5	100%	Develop and submit data request to HHSC	5 days	Thu 11/1/12	Wed 11/7/12	PCG
6	100%	Conduct interviews with relevant program staff and compile data	48 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG & HHSC
7	100%	HHSC Managed Care Operations	17 days	Wed 11/7/12	Fri 11/30/12	PCG & HHSC
8	100%	DSHS	17 days	Wed 11/7/12	Fri 11/30/12	PCG & HHSC
9	100%	Office of the Medical Director	17 days	Wed 11/7/12	Fri 11/30/12	PCG & HHSC
10	100%	Financial Services	17 days	Wed 11/7/12	Fri 11/30/12	PCG & HHSC
11	100%	Systems Forecasting	17 days	Wed 11/7/12	Fri 11/30/12	PCG & HHSC
12	100%	Submit data to PCG (timelines dependant on receipt of data)	48 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	HHSC
13	100%	Perform data analysis	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
14	100%	Calculate penetration rates	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
15	100%	Analyze and determine utilization trends	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
16	100%	Evaluate retention of dental providers	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
17	100%	Determine client/provider ratios	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
18	100%	Outline services provided and offered	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
19	100%	Examine premium insurance trends	49 days	Wed 11/7/12	Mon 1/14/13	PCG
20	100%	Develop and submit draft report	9 days	Tue 1/15/13	Fri 1/25/13	PCG
21	100%	Revise and submit final report	23 days	Mon 1/28/13	Wed 2/27/13	PCG
22	100%	Review and revise report based on feedback	23 days	Mon 1/28/13	Wed 2/27/13	PCG & HHSC
23	100%	Submit report to communications	1 day	Thu 2/28/13	Thu 2/28/13	HHSC



B. Medicaid Provider Integrity (MPI) efforts in Calendar Year 2011 and 2012

The efforts conducting several audit investigations of Medicaid dental and orthodontia services in calendar year 2011 and 2012 are summarized below in statements provided by the Office of the Inspector General (OIG) for Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC). Please note that several audit investigations were opened prior to 2011 but this summary is limited to only investigations opened in 2011 and 2012.

Calendar Year 2011

“In calendar year 2011, Medicaid Provider Integrity (MPI) opened a total of 209 cases on dental providers. These cases consist of dentists who are enrolled as individual providers or group practices and primarily practice in the area of general dentistry, pediatric dentistry or orthodontia. The vast majority of dental cases are opened based on referrals received through our 1-800 Hotline or through our on-line fraud, waste and abuse reporting system (available through the HHSC website). The primary sources for these complaints are Medicaid recipients (or their parents/guardians), providers, other state agencies and members of the general public. MPI does self-general cases when information comes to our attention from other sources such as on-going investigations, data mining, referrals from other OIG department, etc.

The 209 cases opened in calendar year 2011 are currently in various stages of the investigative process.

- 39 cases are in a preliminary investigative status – this status is used when MPI is still gathering the necessary information to determine next steps. Preliminary investigations will normally result in one or more of the follow dispositions:
 - Elevated to Full Scale Investigation
 - Referral to the Attorney General’s Medicaid Fraud Control Unit (AGMFCU)
 - Provider Education (in which case the investigation is normally closed following the education)
 - Closed with no additional action
- 48 cases are in a full scale investigation status – this status means MPI is collecting records and gathering other documentary and testimonial evidence to determine whether program violations occurred. If the investigations show evidence of program violations, a potential overpayment amount will be assigned to the case and upon completion, the case will be sent to our Sanctions unit for administrative enforcement (e.g., recovery of overpayments, assessment of penalties and other similar enforcement actions)
- 14 cases are assigned to our Sanctions unit pending various administrative enforcement remedies.
- 75 cases are closed which means one or more of the following occurred:
 - The complaint did not have merit or not enough information was provided so it was closed with no further action.
 - Provider education was conducted and the case was subsequently closed.
 - An existing full scale investigation was in progress and the new preliminary investigation on the same provider/same provider number (opened base a new complaint/referral) was closed to transfer the information to the current full scale investigation.
 - The issues were related to a matter that would be best handled by the Texas State Board of Dental Examiners, so the case was referred and closed.

- 29 cases are in a D1 status which is used to show related cases that are part of the primary case. e.g., MPI has an existing full scale case on ABC Medicaid Clinic and we subsequently receive a complaint on XYZ Medicaid Clinic. Research and investigation shows a common ownership link between the two clinics even though they have separate Medicaid provider numbers. Instead of working multiple independent cases, all of the case information (for both cases) is captured under one primary case. The D1 status allows us to cross-reference these situations in our case management system.
- 4 cases are in a referred status to the AGMFCU and OIG has pended investigative efforts at MFCU's request.

Dental Cases with Potential Identified Overpayments – Opened in Calendar Year 2011

- 14 cases opened in calendar year 2011 on orthodontia related services are pending administrative enforcement action. These cases have a cumulative identified potential overpayment of 97 million dollars.
- 1 case opened in calendar year 2011 for general dentistry related services was recently completed and will be transferred to our Sanctions unit for administrative enforcement action. This case has a potential identified overpayment of 3.1 million dollars.

Please note that other dental investigations (with case open dates prior to 2011) have also been completed with potential identified overpayments. These cases are also pending administrative enforcement action or set to be transferred to Sanctions soon. ...”

Calendar Year 2012

“In calendar year 2012 (as of December 3, 2012), Medicaid Provider Integrity (MPI) opened a total of 229 cases on dental providers. 151 of the 229 were opened after February 29, 2012 (Managed Care Expansion). These cases consist of dentists who are enrolled as individual providers or group practices and primarily practice in the area of general dentistry, pediatric dentistry or orthodontia. The vast majority of dental cases are opened based on referrals received through our 1-800 Hotline or through our on-line fraud, waste and abuse reporting system (available through the HHSC website). The primary sources for these complaints are Medicaid recipients (or their parents/guardians), providers, other state agencies, members of the general public and Dental Maintenance Organizations (DMO's). MPI does self-general cases when information comes to our attention from other sources such as on-going investigations, data mining, referrals from other OIG departments, etc.

The 229 cases opened in calendar year 2012 are currently in various stages of the investigative process.

- 87 cases are in a preliminary investigative status – this status is used when MPI is still gathering the necessary information to determine next steps. Preliminary investigations will normally result in one or more of the follow dispositions:
 - Elevated to Full Scale Investigation
 - Referral to the Attorney General's Medicaid Fraud Control Unit (AGMFCU)
 - Provider Education (in which case the investigation is normally closed following the education)
 - Closed with no additional action
- 51 cases are in a full scale investigation status – this status means MPI is collecting records and gathering other documentary and testimonial evidence to determine whether program violations

occurred. If the investigations show evidence of program violations, a potential overpayment amount will be assigned to the case and upon completion, the case will be sent to our Sanctions unit for administrative enforcement (e.g., recovery of overpayments, assessment of penalties and other similar enforcement actions)

- 4 cases are assigned to our Sanctions unit pending various administrative enforcement remedies.
- 70 cases are closed which means one or more of the following occurred:
 - The complaint did not have merit or not enough information was provided so it was closed with no further action.
 - Provider education was conducted and the case was subsequently closed.
 - An existing full scale investigation was in progress and the new preliminary investigation (opened base a new complaint/referral) was closed to transfer the information to the current full scale investigation.
 - The issues were related to a matter that would be best handled by the Texas State Board of Dental Examiners so the case is referred and closed.
- 17 cases are in a D1 status which is used to show related cases that are part of the primary case. e.g., MPI has an existing full scale case on ABC Medicaid Clinic and we subsequently receive a complaint on XYZ Medicaid Clinic. Research and investigation shows a common ownership link between the two clinics even though they have separate Medicaid provider numbers. Instead of working multiple independent cases, all of the case information (for both cases) is captured under one primary case number. The D1 status allows us to cross-reference these situations in our case management system.

Dental Cases with Potential Identified Overpayments – Opened in Calendar Year 2012

- 3 cases opened in calendar year 2012 on orthodontia related services are pending administrative enforcement action. These cases have a cumulative identified potential overpayment of \$9.9 million dollars.
- 1 case opened in calendar year 2012 on general dentistry related services is pending administrative enforcement action. This case has a potential identified overpayment of \$19.3 million dollars
- 3 cases opened in calendar year 2012 for orthodontia related services were recently completed and will be transferred to our Sanctions unit for administrative enforcement action. These cases have a cumulative potential identified overpayment of \$7.4 million dollars.
- 1 case opened in calendar year 2012 for general dentistry related services was recently completed and will be transferred to our Sanctions unit for administrative enforcement action. This case has a potential identified overpayment of \$16.2 million dollars.

Please note that other dental investigations (with case open dates prior to 2012) have also been completed with potential identified overpayments. These cases are also pending administrative enforcement action or set to be transferred to Sanctions soon. The request from PCG was specific to investigations opened in 2011 and 2012, so I have limited the response to those cases.



Additional Information on Orthodontic Investigations

The following information is supplemental and would include orthodontia cases discussed above as well as cases opened prior to and post December 31, 2011.

MPI had several active orthodontia investigations prior to the WFAA news stories that came out in May 2011. MPI identified the top 50 dental providers of orthodontia benefits and added subsequent orthodontia providers who came to the attention of OIG through complaints or referrals. There are at least 61 total cases identified for full scale investigations that amount to more than \$425 million in expenditures. Thirty-six (36) of these cases are now complete and have established an error rate pattern averaging 88 percent, representing a potential overpayment amount of \$303 million dollars. Additional cases (amounting to expenditures in excess of \$75 million) are nearly complete, awaiting final orthodontic consultant reviews.”

C. Paid Units of Service and Payments made to Providers by Dental Service Category

Tables V-1 through V-8 are graphs comparing the total paid units of service or payments made to providers by service category for March through August 2011 (2011) and March through August 2012 (2012). The service categories are determined by ADA® CDT dental procedure codes and include: Diagnostic, Orthodontics, Preventive, and All Other dental services.

The data for 2011 represents Medicaid Fee-for-Service (FFS) paid units of service and payments made to providers, whereas the data presented below for 2012 represents exclusively managed care paid units of service and payments made to providers as reported by Dental Maintenance Organizations' (DMOs) encounters. Within the studied 2011 time period, Medicaid enrolled recipients under 21 years old who received dental services under the FFS delivery system, including recipients under 21 years old residing in Medicaid-paid facilities, are included in the following analysis for the 2011 time period. The 2012 time period presented below is exclusive dental managed care service units and payments. Recipients under 21 years old residing in Medicaid-paid facilities are not covered by the transition to a managed care dental program and are excluded from the following analysis for the studied 2012 time period.

Table V-1 is a graph comparing the paid units of service for the All Other service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

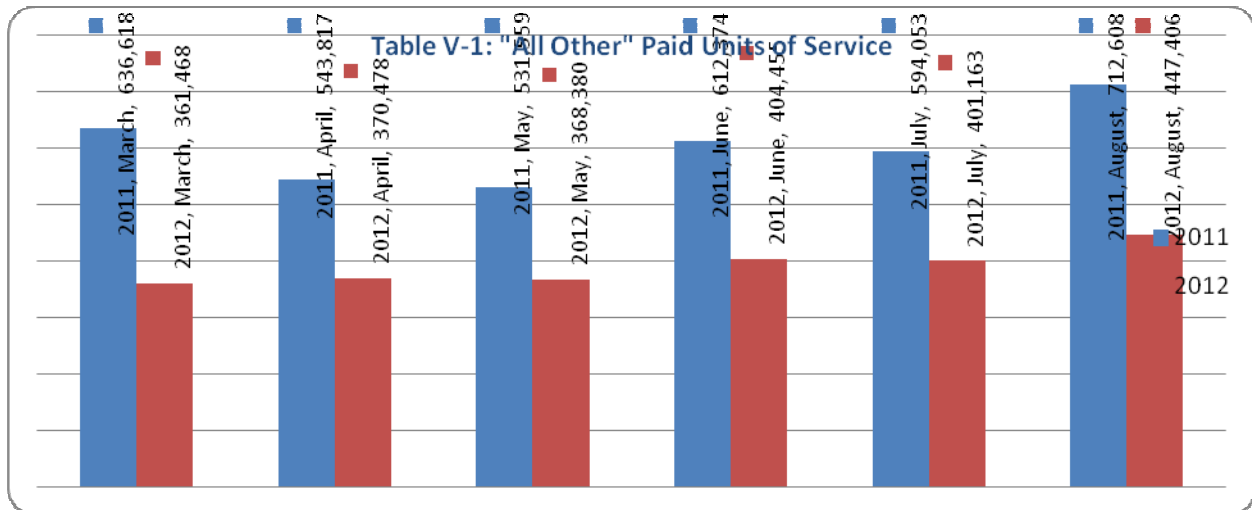


Table V-2 is a graph comparing the payments made to providers for the All Other service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

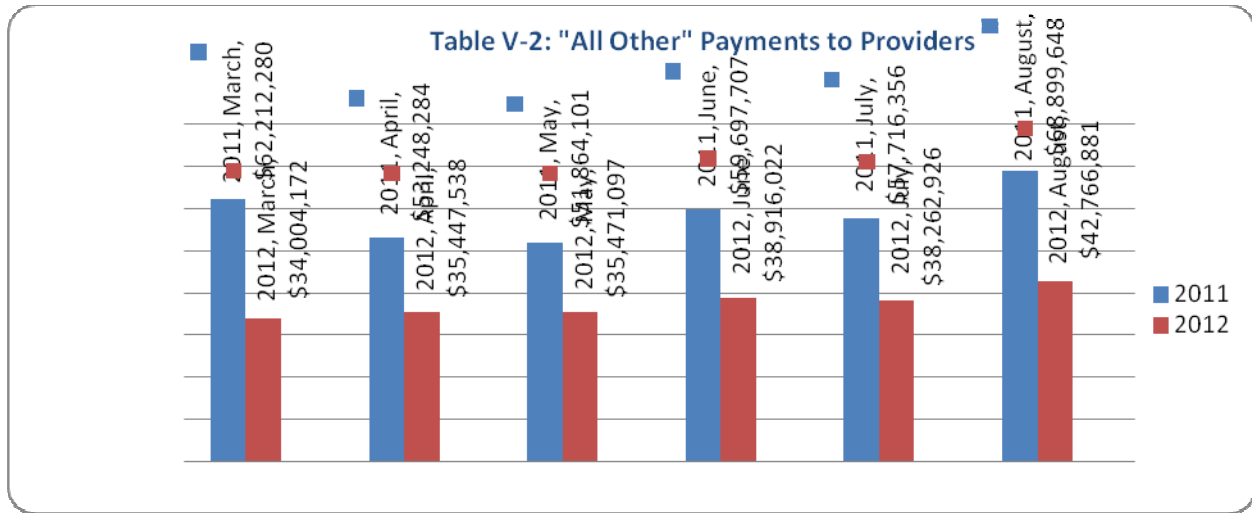


Table V-3 is a graph comparing the paid units of service for the Diagnostic service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

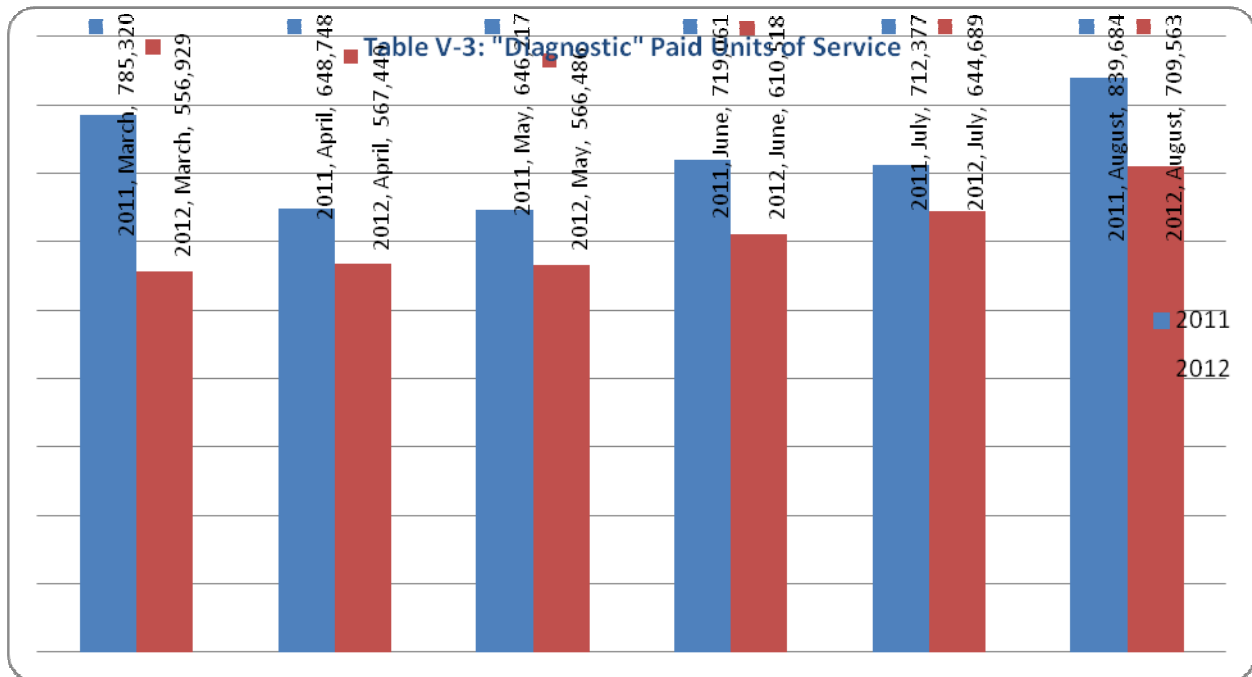


Table V-4 is a graph comparing the payments made to providers for the Diagnostic service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

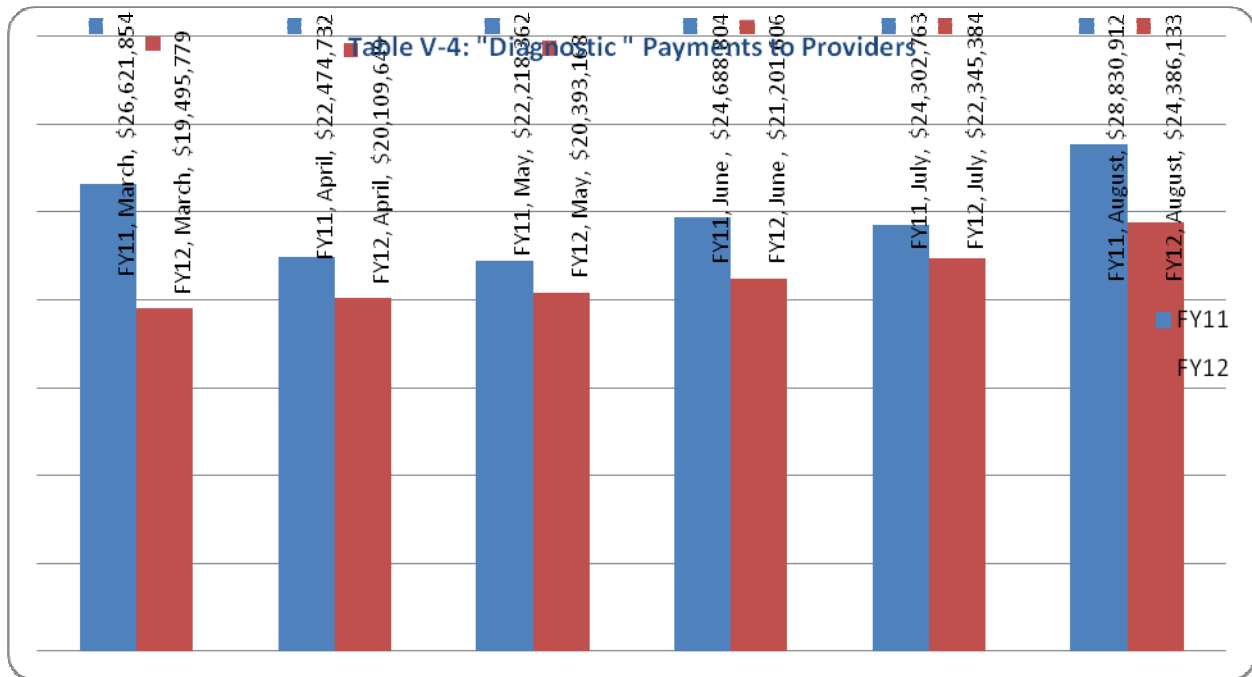


Table V-5 is a graph comparing the paid units of service for the Orthodontics service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

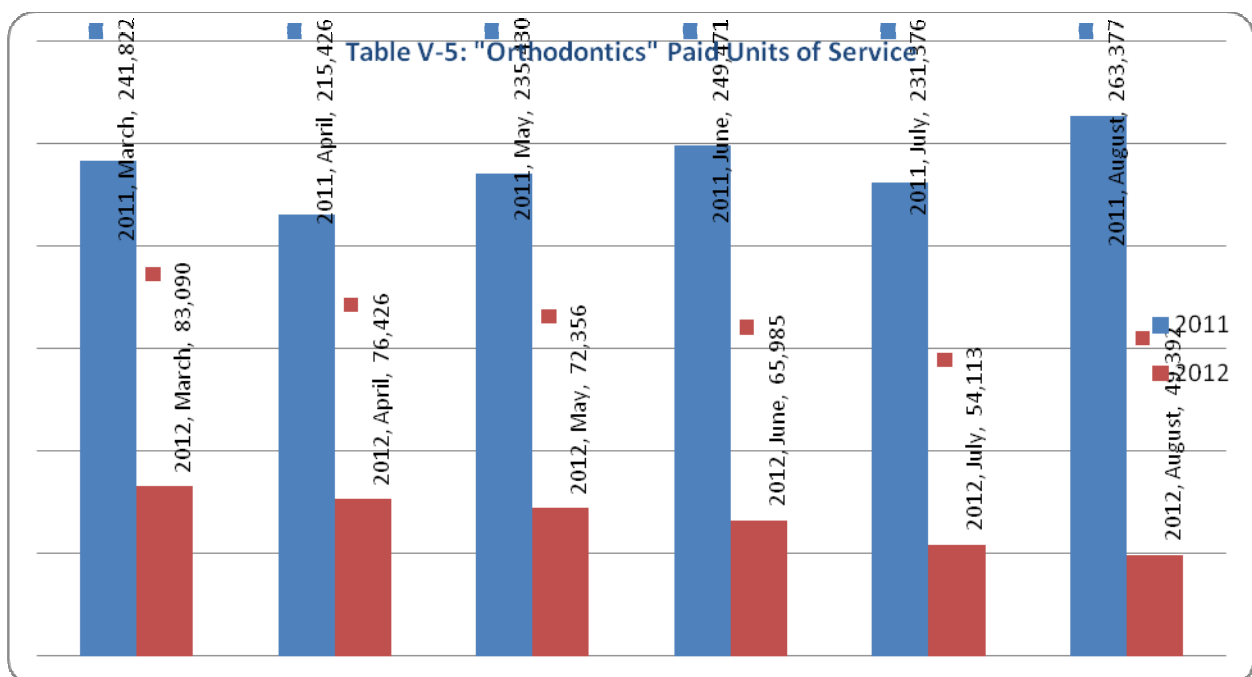


Table V-6 is a graph comparing the payments made to providers for the Orthodontics service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

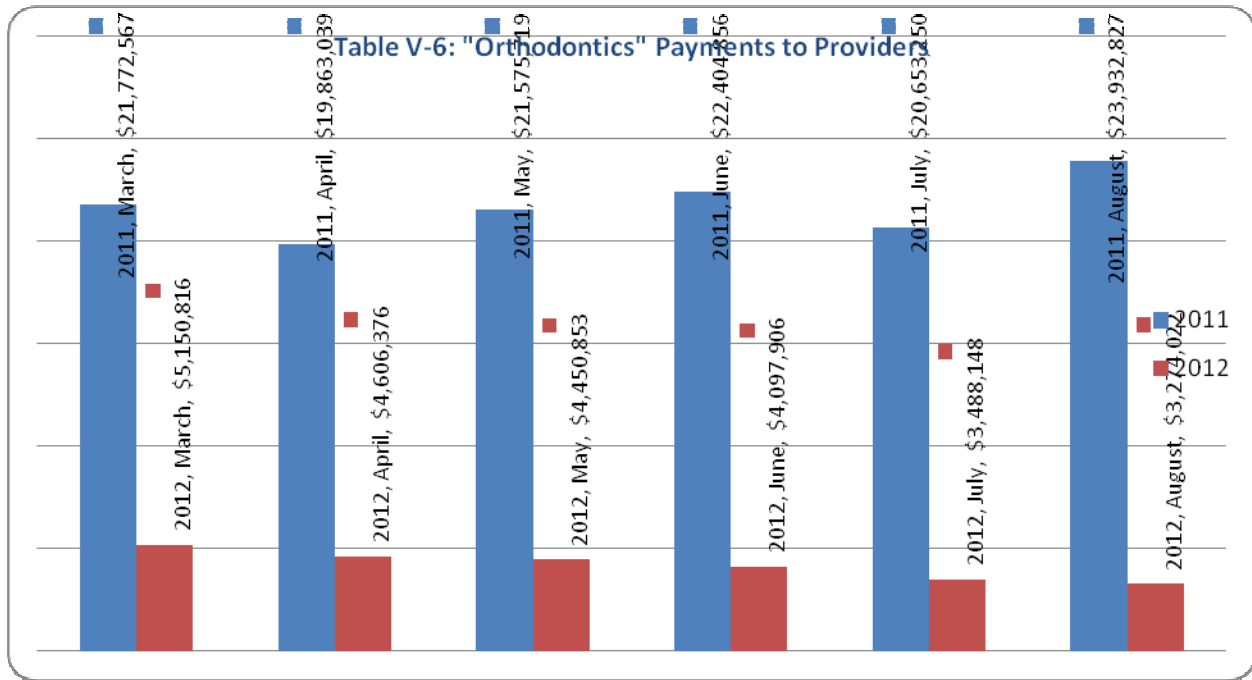


Table V-7 is a graph comparing the paid units of service for the Preventive service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:

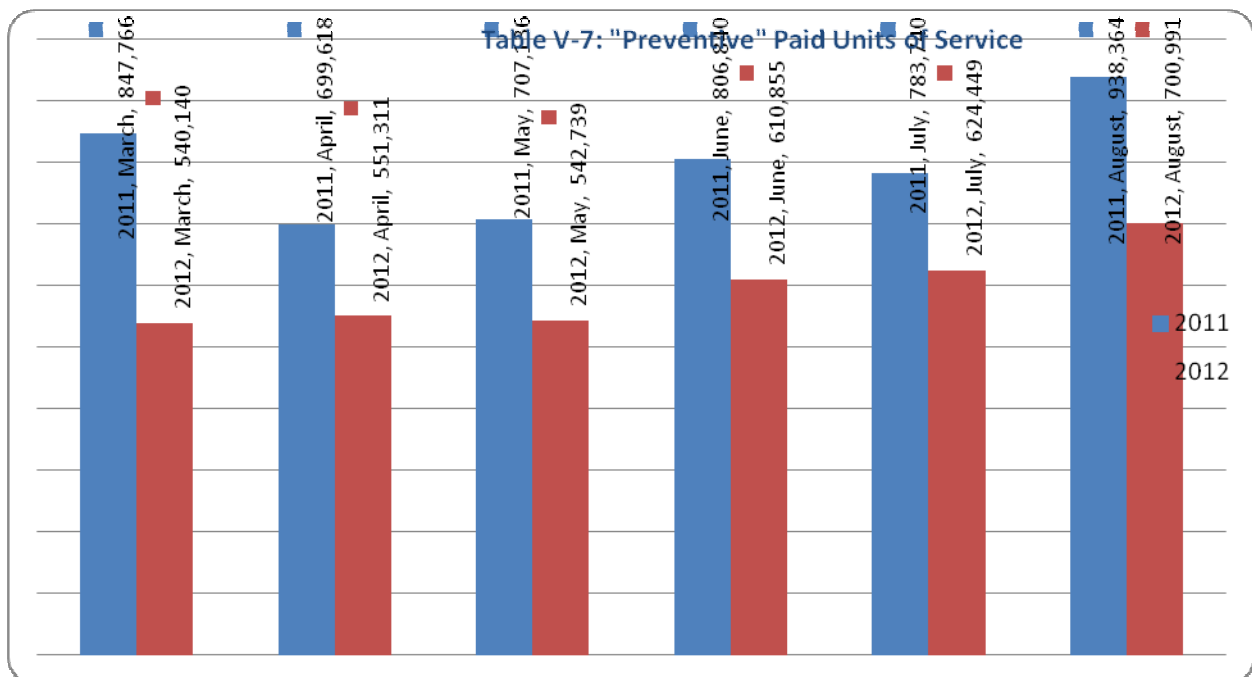
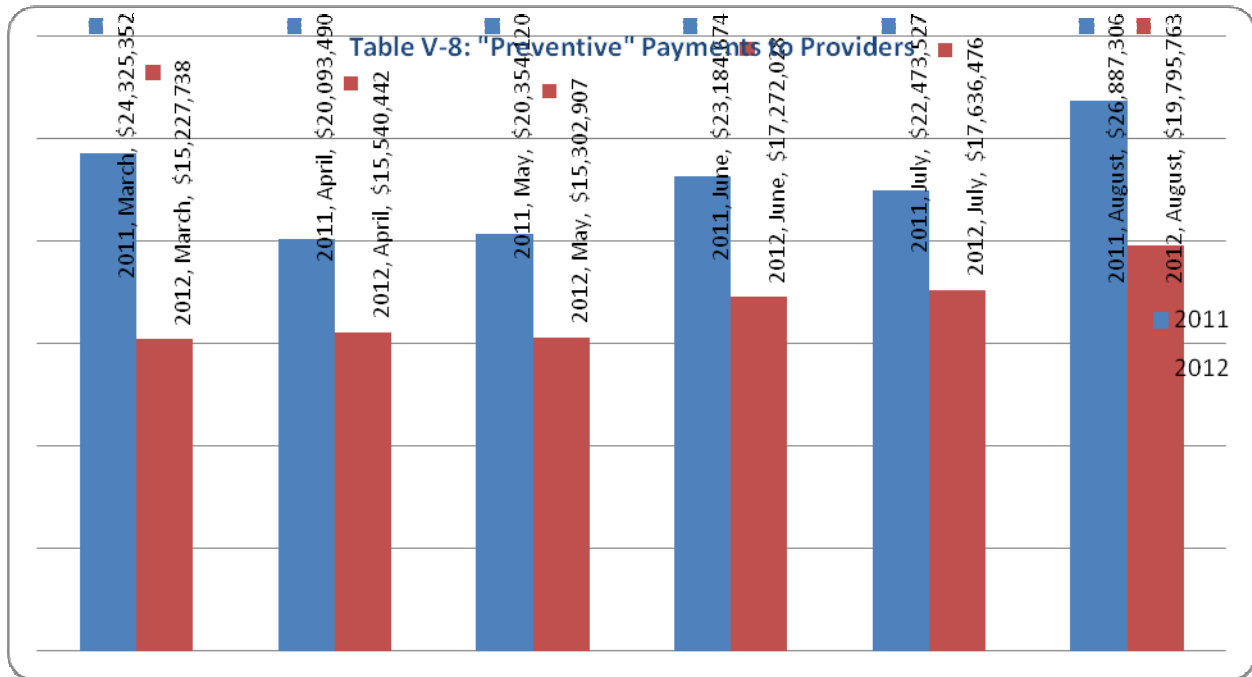


Table V-8 is a graph comparing the payments made to providers for the Preventive service category between FFS in 2011 and DMOs in 2012:



D. Top 5 CDT Codes by Dental Service Category based on Paid Units of Service and Payments made to Providers

Tables V-9 through V-16 are charts with a list of the top 5 dental procedure codes (CDT codes) by services category. The top 5 CDT codes are determined by the proportion of paid units of service or payments made to providers for each CDT code, as it relates total paid units of service or total payments made to providers from March 2011 to August 2011.

Table V-9 is a chart comparing the top 5 CDT codes based on paid units of service for the All Other service category:

Table V-9: Top 5 CDT Codes for "All Other" Services by Paid Units of Service

CDT Code	Description	2011 Utilization (Paid Units of Service)*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Encounter Units of Service)**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
D2391	POST 1 SRFC RESINBASED CMPST	1,217,198	1	33.52%	623,924	2	23.89%	-49%
D2392	POST 2 SRFC RESINBASED CMPST	459,750	2	12.66%	633,542	1	24.26%	38%
D2930	PREFAB STNLSS STEEL CRWN PRI	354,651	3	9.77%	271,670	3	10.40%	-23%
D9230	ANALGESIA	306,052	4	8.43%	267,946	4	10.26%	-12%
D7140	EXTRACTION ERUPTED TOOTH/EXR	251,801	5	6.93%	173,193	5	6.63%	-31%
	Total	2,589,452		71.31%	1,970,275		75.45%	-24%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012



Table V-10 compares the top 5 CDT codes based on payments made to providers for the All Other service category:

Table V-10: Top 5 CDT Codes for “All Other” Services by Payments to Providers

CDT Code	Description	2011 Paid Amounts*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
D2391	POST 1 SRFC RESINBASED CMPST	\$97,310,357	1	27.52%	\$50,150,886	2	20.08%	-48%
D2930	PREFAB STNLSS STEEL CRWN PRI	\$54,047,746	2	15.28%	\$41,329,864	3	16.55%	-24%
D2392	POST 2 SRFC RESINBASED CMPST	\$47,182,245	3	13.34%	\$65,045,839	1	26.05%	38%
D7240	IMPACT TOOTH REMOV COMP BONY	\$20,941,064	4	5.92%	\$6,562,719	8	2.63%	-69%
D1740	EXTRACTION ERUPTED TOOTH/EXR	\$16,610,234	5	4.70%	\$11,276,749	5	4.52%	-32%
Total				66.76%	\$174,366,057		69.83%	-26%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

Table V-11 is a chart comparing the top 5 CDT codes based on paid units of service for the Diagnostic service category:

Table V-11: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Diagnostic” Services by Paid Units of Service

CDT Code	Description	2011 Utilization (Paid Units of Service)*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Encounter Units of Services)**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
D0120	PERIODIC ORAL EVALUATION	876,750	1	20.15%	816,168	1	20.78%	-7%
D0230	INTRAORAL PERIAPICAL EA ADD	676,369	2	15.54%	629,803	2	16.03%	-7%



CDT Code	Description	2011 Utilization (Paid Units of Service)*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Encounter Units of Services)**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
D0220	INTRAORAL PERIAPICAL FIRST F	643,913	3	14.80%	559,897	3	14.26%	-13%
D0272	DENTAL BITEWINGS TWO FILMS	581,291	4	13.36%	490,162	4	12.48%	-16%
D0150	COMPREHENSVE ORAL EVALUATION	444,964	5	10.23%	389,911	5	9.93%	-12%
	Total:	3,223,287		74.07%	2,885,941		73.48%	-10%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

Table V-12 compares the top 5 CDT codes based on payments made to providers for the Diagnostic service category:

Table V-12: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Diagnostic” Services by Payments to Providers

CDT Code	Description	2011 Paid Amounts*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
D0145	ORAL EVALUATION, PT < 3YRS	\$41,659,740	1	27.93%	\$41,647,440	1	30.04%	0%
D0120	PERIODIC ORAL EVALUATION	\$27,270,948	2	18.29%	\$23,424,332	2	17.10%	-14%
D0150	COMPREHENSVE ORAL EVALUATION	\$16,513,293	3	11.07%	\$13,723,190	4	10.02%	-17%
D0272	DENTAL BITEWINGS TWO FILMS	\$13,329,238	4	8.94%	\$11,360,732	5	8.29%	-15%
D0274	DENTAL BITEWINGS FOUR FILMS	\$10,975,699	5	7.36%	\$10,158,110	6	7.41%	-7%
	Total:	\$109,748,918		73.59%	\$100,313,805		73.21%	-9%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012



Table V-13 compares the top 5 CDT codes based on paid units of service for the Orthodontics service category:

Table V-13: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Orthodontics” Services by Paid Units of Service

CDT Code	Description	2011 Utilization (Paid Units of Service)*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Encounter Units of Service)**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
D8670	PERIODIC ORTHODONTIC TX VISIT	790,620	1	55.02%	455,228	1	74.04%	-42%
D8690	ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT	294,645	2	20.51%	105,025	2	17.08%	-64%
D8080	COMPRE DENTAL TX ADOLESCENT	148,583	3	10.34%	1,420	7	0.23%	-99%
D8220	APPLIANCE FOR HORIZONTAL PROJECTIONS	68,053	4	4.74%	4,388	5	0.71%	-94%
D8210	BITE PLATE/ BITE PLANE	58,353	5	4.07%	8,596	4	1.40%	-85%
Total		1,360,436		94.68%	574,657		93.47%	-58%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

Table V-14 is a chart comparing payments made to providers for the top 5 CDT codes within the Orthodontics service category:

Table V-14: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Orthodontics” Services by Payments to Providers

CDT Code	Description	2011 Paid Amounts*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
D8670	PERIODIC ORTHODONTIC TX VISIT	\$52,940,459	1	40.66%	\$30,314,044	1	78.14%	-43%
D8080	COMPRE DENTAL TX ADOLESCENT	\$37,203,777	2	28.57%	\$538,080	6	1.39%	-99%



CDT Code	Description	2011 Paid Amounts*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
D8220	APPLIANCE FOR HORIZONTAL PROJECTIONS	\$18,797,173	3	14.44%	\$1,010,425	5	2.60%	-95%
D8210	BITE PLATE/ BITE PLANE	\$10,297,282	4	7.91%	\$1,146,884	4	2.96%	-89%
D8690	ORTHODONTIC TREATMENT	\$5,844,667	5	4.49%	\$1,921,357	3	4.95%	-67%
	Total	\$125,083,358		96.07%	\$34,930,789		90.04%	-72%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

Table V-15 compares paid units of service for the top 5 CDT codes within the Preventive service category:

Table V-15: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Preventive” Services by Paid Units of Service

CDT Code	Description	2011 Utilization (Paid Units of Service)*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Utilization	2012 DMO Utilization (Encounter Units of Service)**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Utilization	Utilization Variance
D1351	DENTAL SEALANT PER TOOTH	2,309,420	1	48.28%	1,654,253	1	42.53%	-28%
D1120	DENTAL PROPHYLAXIS CHILD	963,467	2	20.14%	865,388	2	22.25%	-10%
D1203	TOPICAL APP FLUORIDE CHILD	893,416	3	18.68%	794,810	3	20.43%	-11%
D1110	DENTAL PROPHYLAXIS ADULT	246,441	4	5.15%	246,775	4	6.34%	0%
D1204	TOPICAL APP FLUORIDE ADULT	227,954	5	4.77%	224,545	5	5.77%	-1%
	Total	4,640,698		97.02%	3,785,771		97.32%	-18%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012



Lastly, Table V-16 compares the top 5 CDT codes based on payments made to providers for the Preventive service category:

Table V-16: Top 5 CDT Codes for “Preventive” Services by Payments to Providers

CDT Code	Description	2011 Paid Amounts*	2011 Rank	2011 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	2012 DMOs Reported Paid Amounts**	2012 Rank	2012 Percent of Total Paid Amounts	Paid Amounts Variance between 2012 and 2011
D1351	DENTAL SEALANT PER TOOTH	\$66,040,259	1	48.09%	\$46,463,014	1	42.26%	-30%
D1120	DENTAL PROPHYLAXIS CHILD	\$36,077,261	2	26.27%	\$31,611,699	2	28.75%	-12%
D1110	DENTAL PROPHYLAXIS ADULT	\$13,765,745	3	10.02%	\$13,418,918	3	12.21%	-3%
D1203	TOPICAL APP FLUORIDE CHILD	\$13,217,507	4	9.63%	\$11,629,853	4	10.58%	-12%
D1204	TOPICAL APP FLUORIDE ADULT	\$3,367,340	5	2.45%	\$3,285,859	5	2.99%	-2%
	Total	\$132,468,113		96.47%	\$106,409,342		96.79%	-20%

Source*: 1_FFS Dental Claims_Mar11_Aug11.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received November 2012

Source**: 1_ENC Dental Claims_Mar12_Aug12_revised.xlsx, HHS Forecasting System, Received December 2012

E. Dental Procedure Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by Delta Dental, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Fee-for-Service

Table V-17 is a list of the unique payable dental procedure codes (ADACDT codes) that require a prior authorization under Fee-for-Service in 2011 and require a prior authorization by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest in 2012:

Table V-17: CDT Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization across Delta Dental, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Fee-for-Service

CDT Code	Service Description
D0360	Cone beam CT
D0362	Cone beam, two dimensional
D0363	Cone beam, three dimensional
D2510	Inlay - metallic - one surface
D2520	Inlay - metallic - two surfaces
D2530	Inlay - metallic - three or more surfaces
D2542	Onlay - metallic - two surfaces
D2543	Onlay - metallic - three surfaces
D2544	Onlay - metallic - four or more surfaces
D2610	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - one surface
D2620	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces
D2630	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - three or more surfaces
D2642	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces
D2644	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - four or more surfaces
D2650	Inlay - resin-based composite - one surface
D2651	Inlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces
D2652	Inlay - resin-based composite - three surfaces
D2662	Onlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces
D2663	Onlay - resin-based composite - three surfaces
D2664	Onlay - resin-based composite - four or more surfaces
D2710	Crown - resin-based composite (indirect)
D2720	Crown - resin with high noble metal
D2721	Crown - resin with predominantly base metal
D2722	Crown - resin with noble metal
D2740	Crown - porcelain/ceramic substrate
D2750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal
D2751	Crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D2752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal
D2780	Crown - 3/4 cast high noble
D2781	Crown - 3/4 cast predominantly base metal
D2782	Crown - 3/4 cast noble metal
D2783	Crown - 3/4 porcelain/ceramic
D2790	Crown - full cast high noble metal



CDT Code	Service Description
D2791	Crown - full cast predominantly base metal
D2792	Crown - full cast noble metal
D2794	Crown - titanium
D3460	Endodontic endosseous implant
D4276	Combined connective tissue and double pedicle graft, per tooth
D5951	Feeding aid
D5952	Speech aid prosthesis, pediatric
D5953	Speech aid prosthesis, adult
D5954	Palatal augmentation prosthesis
D5955	Palatal lift prosthesis, definitive
D5958	Palatal lift prosthesis, interim
D5959	Palatal lift prosthesis, modification
D5960	Speech aid prosthesis, modification
D6010	Surgical placement of implant body - endosteal implant
D6040	Surgical placement - eposteal implant
D6050	Surgical placement - transosteal implant
D6055	Connecting bar - dental implant supported or abutment supported
D6080	Implant maintenance procedures including removal of prosthesis, cleansing of prosthesis and abutment and reinsertion of prosthesis
D6090	Repair implant supported prosthesis, by report
D6095	Repair implant abutment, by report
D6100	Implant removal, by report
D6199	Unspecified implant procedure, by report
D6210	Pontic - cast high noble metal
D6211	Pontic - cast predominantly base metal
D6212	Pontic - cast noble metal
D6240	Pontic - porcelain fused to high noble metal
D6241	Pontic - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D6242	Pontic - porcelain/fused to noble metal
D6245	Pontic - porcelain/ceramic
D6250	Pontic - resin with high noble metal
D6251	Pontic - resin with predominantly base metal
D6252	Pontic - resin with noble metal
D6545	Retainer - cast metal for resin bonded fixed prosthesis
D6548	Retainer - porcelain/ceramic for resin bonded fixed prosthesis
D6720	Crown - resin with high noble metal
D6721	Crown - resin with predominantly base metal
D6722	Crown - resin with noble metal
D6740	Crown - porcelain/ceramic
D6750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal
D6751	Crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D6752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal



CDT Code	Service Description
D6780	Crown - 3/4 cast high noble metal
D6781	Crown - 3/4 cast predominantly base metal
D6782	Crown - 3/4 cast noble metal
D6783	Crown - 3/4 porcelain/ceramic
D6790	Crown - full cast high noble metal
D6791	Crown - full cast predominantly base metal
D6792	Crown - full cast noble metal
D7260	Oroantral fistula closure
D7272	Tooth transplantation (includes reimplantation from one site to another and splinting and/or stabilization)
D7472	Removal of torus palatinus
D7997	Appliance removal (not by dentist who placed appliance) includes removal of archbar
D8050	Interceptive orthodontic treatment primary dentition
D8060	Interceptive orthodontic treatment transition dentition
D8080	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the adolescent dentition (1 of D8070, D8080, D8090 per lifetime)
D8210	Orthodontic REM appliance treatment
D8220	Fixed appliance therapy habit
D8670	Periodic orthodontic treatment visit -the number of monthly adjustments will vary based on which level was approved
D8693	Rebonding or reconting; and/or repair, as required, of fixed retainers -Documentation of medical necessity needed.



F. Dental Procedure Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by the DMOs Only

Table V-18 is a list of the unique dental procedure codes (CDT codes) that require a prior authorization by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest in 2012, but do not explicitly require a prior authorization under Fee-for-Service in 2011.

Table V-18: CDT Codes Prior Authorizations Required Across Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D8070	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the transitional dentition (1 of D8070, D8080, D8090 per lifetime)
D8090	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the adult dentition (1 of D8070, D8080 or D8090 per lifetime)
D8691	Repair of orthodontic appliance - 1 per arch per lifetime
D8692	Replacement of lost or broken retainer - 1 per arch per lifetime



G. Dental Procedure Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by Individual Payers

Tables V-19 through V-21 are charts with a list of the unique dental procedure codes (CDT codes) that require a prior authorization by individual payers only.

Table V-19 is a list of the unique CDT codes that only require a prior authorization under Fee-for-Service in 2011, but do not explicitly require a prior authorization by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest in 2012:

Table V-19: CDT Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by Fee-for-Service Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D9210	Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures
D9211	Regional block anesthesia
D9212	Trigeminal division block anesthesia
D9215	Local anesthesia
D9220	Deep sedation/general anesthesia - first 30 minutes
D9230	Analgesia, anxiolysis, inhalation of nitrous oxide
D9248	Non-intravenous conscious sedation
D8999	Orthodontic procedure

Table V-20 is a list of the unique CDT codes that only require a prior authorization by DentaQuest in 2012, but do not explicitly require a prior authorization by Delta Dental or MCNA in 2012, nor do they explicitly require a prior authorization under Fee-for-Service in 2011:

Table V-20: CDT Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by DentaQuest Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D7261	Primary closure sinus perforation
D9610	Dental therapeutic drug injection
D9612	Therapeutic PAR drugs 2 or more admin
D9630	Other drug/medicaments
D9920	Behavior management
D9940	Occlusal guard, by report

Table V-21 is a list of the unique CDT codes that only require a prior authorization by MCNA in 2012, but do not explicitly require a prior authorization by Delta Dental or DentaQuest in 2012, nor do they explicitly require a prior authorization under Fee-for-Service in 2011:

Table V-21: Codes Requiring a Prior Authorization by MCNA Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D0470	Diagnostic casts
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins
D2980	Crown repair, by report



CDT Code	Service Description
D3351	Apexification/recalification - initial visit (apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)
D3352	Apexification/recalification - interim medication replacement (apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc)
D3353	Apexification/recalification - final visit (includes completed root canal therapy, apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)
D3430	Retrograde filling - per root
D3450	Root amputation - per root
D3470	Intentional reimplantation (including necessary splinting)
D3910	Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth with rubber dam
D3920	Hemisection (including any root removal), not including root canal therapy
D3950	Canal preparation and fitting of preformed dowel or post
D4920	Unscheduled dressing change (by someone other than treating dentist)
D5410	Adjust complete denture - maxillary
D5411	Adjust complete denture - mandibular
D5421	Adjust partial denture - maxillary
D5422	Adjust partial denture - mandibular
D5510	Repair broken complete denture base
D5610	Repair resin denture base
D5620	Repair cast framework
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp
D5640	Replace broken teeth - per tooth
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture
D5670	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast meta framework (maxillary)
D5671	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (mandibular)
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture (chairside)
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside)
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside)
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside)
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (laboratory)
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (laboratory)
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (laboratory)
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (laboratory)



CDT Code	Service Description
D5850	Tissue conditioning - maxillary
D5851	Tissue conditioning - mandibular
D5862	Precision attachment, by report
D6092	Recement implant/abutment supported crown
D6093	Recement implant/abutment supported fixed partial denture
D7270	Tooth reimplantation and/or stabilization of accidentally evulsed or displaced tooth
D7282	Mobilization of erupted or malpositioned tooth to aid eruption
D7285	Biopsy of oral tissue - hard (bone, tooth)
D7286	Biopsy of oral tissue - soft
D7290	Surgical repositioning of teeth
D7291	Transseptal fiberotomy/supra crestal fiberotomy, by report
D7410	Excision of benign lesion - up to 1.25 cm
D7411	Excision of benign lesion - greater than 1.25 cm
D7440	Excision of malignant tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7441	Excision of malignant tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7450	Removal of benign odontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7451	Removal of benign odontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7460	Removal of benign nonodontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7461	Removal of benign nonodontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7465	Destruction of lesion(s) by physical or chemical method, by report
D7530	Removal of foreign body from mucosa, skin, or subcutaneous alveolar tissue
D7540	Removal of reaction producing foreign bodies, musculoskeletal system
D7550	Partial ostectomy/sequestrectomy for removal of non-vital bone
D7560	Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body
D7670	Alveolus closed reduction may include stabilization of teeth
D7820	Closed reduction of dislocation (TMP manipulation)
D7910	Suture of recent small wounds - up to 5 cm
D7971	Excision of pericoronary gingiva
D7972	Surgical reduction of fibrous tuberosity
D7980	Sialolithotomy
D7983	Closure of salivary fistula
D9952	Occlusal adjustment - complete
D9970	Enamel microabrasion
D9974	Internal bleaching - per tooth
D9999	Unspecified adjunctive procedure, by report



H. Dental Procedure Codes Payable by Delta Dental, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Fee-for-Service

Table V-22 is a list of the unique dental procedure codes (CDT codes) that were payable by Fee-for-Service in 2011 and are payable by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest in 2012:

Table V-22: Dental Procedure Codes Payable by Delta Dental, MCNA, DentaQuest, and Fee-for-Service

CDT Code	Service Description
D0120	Periodic oral evaluation
D0140	Limited oral evaluation - problem focused
D0145	Oral evaluation for patients under 3 years and counseling with primary caregiver
D0150	Comprehensive oral evaluation (initial)
D0160	Detailed and extensive oral evaluation - problem focused, by report
D0170	Re-evaluation - limited, problem focused (established patient, not post-operative visit)
D0180	Comprehensive periodontal evaluation - new or established patient
D0210	Intraoral - complete series (including bitewings) (Limited to one per 36 months)
D0220	Intraoral - periapical first film
D0230	Intraoral - periapical each additional film
D0240	Intraoral - occlusal film
D0250	Extraoral - first film
D0260	Extraoral - each additional film
D0270	Bitewing - single film
D0272	Bitewings - two films
D0273	Bitewings - three films
D0274	Bitewings - four films
D0277	Vertical bitewings - 7 to 8 films
D0290	Posterior - anterior or lateral skull and facial bone survey film
D0310	Sialography
D0320	Temporomandibular joint arthrogram, including injection
D0321	Other temporomandibular joint films, by report
D0322	Tomographic survey
D0330	Panoramic film
D0340	Cephalometric film
D0350	Oral/facial photographic images
D0360	Cone beam CT
D0362	Cone beam, two dimensional
D0363	Cone beam, three dimensional
D0415	Collection of microorganisms for culture and sensitivity
D0460	Pulp vitality tests
D0470	Diagnostic casts



CDT Code	Service Description
D0502	Other oral pathology procedures, by report
D0999	Unspecified diagnostic procedure
D1110	Prophylaxis (cleaning) - age 13 and above
D1120	Prophylaxis (cleaning) - age six-months through 12
D1203	Topical application of fluoride - child
D1204	Topical application of fluoride - adult
D1206	Topical fluoride varnish; therapeutic application for moderate to high caries risk patients
D1330	Oral hygiene instruction
D1351	Sealant - per tooth (limited to one per tooth, limited to every three years)
D1510	Space maintainer - fixed, unilateral
D1515	Space maintainer - fixed bilateral
D1520	Space maintainer - removable unilateral
D1525	Space maintainer - removable bilateral
D1550	Recementation of space maintainer
D1555	Removal of space maintainer (not by dentist who placed appliance)
D2140	Amalgam - one surface, permanent
D2150	Amalgam - two surfaces, permanent
D2160	Amalgam - three surfaces, permanent
D2161	Amalgam - four or more surfaces, permanent
D2330	Resin-based composite - one surface, anterior
D2331	Resin-based composite - two surfaces, anterior
D2332	Resin-based composite - three surfaces, anterior
D2335	Resin-based composite - four or more surfaces or involving incisal angle
D2390	Resin-based composite - crown, anterior - permanent
D2391	Resin-based composite - one surface, posterior permanent
D2392	Resin-based composite - two surfaces, posterior permanent
D2393	Resin-based composite - three or more surfaces, posterior permanent
D2394	Resin-based composite - four or more surfaces, posterior permanent
D2410	Gold foil - one surface
D2420	Gold foil - two surfaces
D2430	Gold foil - three surfaces
D2510	Inlay - metallic - one surface
D2520	Inlay - metallic - two surfaces
D2530	Inlay - metallic - three or more surfaces
D2542	Onlay - metallic - two surfaces
D2543	Onlay - metallic - three surfaces
D2544	Onlay - metallic - four or more surfaces



CDT Code	Service Description
D2610	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - one surface
D2620	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces
D2630	Inlay - porcelain/ceramic - three or more surfaces
D2642	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - two surfaces
D2643	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - three surfaces
D2644	Onlay - porcelain/ceramic - four or more surfaces
D2650	Inlay - resin-based composite - one surface
D2651	Inlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces
D2652	Inlay - resin-based composite - three surfaces
D2662	Onlay - resin-based composite - two surfaces
D2663	Onlay - resin-based composite - three surfaces
D2664	Onlay - resin-based composite - four or more surfaces
D2710	Crown - resin-based composite (indirect)
D2720	Crown - resin with high noble metal
D2721	Crown - resin with predominantly base metal
D2722	Crown - resin with noble metal
D2740	Crown - porcelain/ceramic substrate
D2750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal
D2751	Crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D2752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal
D2780	Crown - 3/4 cast high noble
D2781	Crown - 3/4 cast predominantly base metal
D2782	Crown - 3/4 cast noble metal
D2783	Crown - 3/4 porcelain/ceramic
D2790	Crown - full cast high noble metal
D2791	Crown - full cast predominantly base metal
D2792	Crown - full cast noble metal
D2794	Crown - titanium
D2910	Recement inlay, onlay, or partial coverage restoration
D2915	Recement indirectly fabricated or prefabricated post and core
D2920	Recement crown
D2930	Prefabricated stainless steel crown - primary tooth (birth through age twenty)
D2931	Prefabricated stainless steel crown - permanent tooth (age one through twenty)
D2932	Prefabricated resin crown
D2933	Prefabricated stainless steel crown with resin window
D2934	Prefabricated esthetic coated stainless steel crown - primary tooth
D2940	Protective restoration (sedative filling)
D2950	Core buildup, including any pins



CDT Code	Service Description
D2951	Pin retention - per tooth, in addition to restoration
D2952	Post and core in addition to crown - indirectly fabricated
D2953	Each additional indirectly fabricated post - same tooth
D2954	Prefabricated post and core in addition to crown
D2955	Post removal (not in conjunction with endodontic therapy)
D2957	Each additional indirectly fabricated post - same tooth
D2960	Labial veneer (resin laminate) - chairside
D2961	Labial veneer (resin laminate) - laboratory
D2962	Labial veneer (porcelain laminate) - laboratory
D2970	Temporary crown (fractured tooth)
D2971	Additional procedures to construct new crown under existing partial denture framework
D2980	Crown repair, by report
D2999	Unspecified restorative procedure, by report
D3110	Pulp cap - direct (excluding final restoration)
D3120	Pulp cap - indirect (excluding final restoration)
D3220	Therapeutic pulpotomy (excluding final restoration)
D3230	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) - anterior, primary tooth (excluding final restoration)
D3240	Pulpal therapy (resorbable filling) - (excluding final restoration, posterior first and second molars)
D3310	Endodontic therapy - anterior tooth (excluding final restoration)
D3320	Endodontic therapy - bicuspid tooth (excluding final restoration)
D3330	Endodontic therapy - molar (excluding final restoration)
D3346	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - anterior
D3347	Retreatment of previous root canal therapy - bicuspid
D3348	Retreatment of previous root canal treatment - molar
D3351	Apexification/recalification - initial visit (apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)
D3352	Apexification/recalification - interim medication replacement (apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc)
D3353	Apexification/recalification - final visit (includes completed root canal therapy, apical closure/calcific repair of perforations, root resorption, etc.)
D3410	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery - anterior
D3421	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery - bicuspid (first root)
D3425	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery - molar (first root)
D3426	Apicoectomy/periradicular surgery - (each additional root)
D3430	Retrograde filling - per root
D3450	Root amputation - per root



CDT Code	Service Description
D3460	Endodontic endosseous implant
D3470	Intentional reimplantation (including necessary splinting)
D3910	Surgical procedure for isolation of tooth with rubber dam
D3920	Hemisection (including any root removal), not including root canal therapy
D3950	Canal preparation and fitting of preformed dowel or post
D3999	Unspecified endodontic procedure, by report
D4210	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty - four or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4211	Gingivectomy or gingivoplasty - one to three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4230	Anatomical crown exposure - four or more contiguous teeth per quadrant
D4231	Anatomical crown exposure - one to three contiguous teeth per quadrant
D4240	Gingival flap procedure, including root planing - four or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4241	Gingival flap procedure, including root planing - one to three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4245	Apically positioned flap
D4249	Clinical crown lengthening - hard tissue
D4260	Osseous surgery (including flap entry and closure) - four or more contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4261	Osseous surgery (including flap entry and closure) - one to three contiguous teeth or tooth bounded spaces per quadrant
D4266	Guided tissue regeneration - resorbable barrier, per site
D4267	Guided tissue regeneration - nonresorbable barrier, per site (includes membrane removal)
D4270	Pedicle soft tissue graft procedure
D4271	Free soft tissue graft procedure (including donor site surgery)
D4273	Subepithelial connective tissue graft procedures, per tooth
D4274	Distal or proximal wedge procedure (when not performed in conjunction with surgical procedures in the same anatomical area)
D4275	Soft tissue allograft
D4276	Combined connective tissue and double pedicle graft, per tooth
D4320	Provisional splinting - intracoronal
D4321	Provisional splinting - extracoronal
D4341	Periodontal scaling and root planing - four or more teeth per quadrant
D4342	Periodontal scaling and root planing - one to three teeth per quadrant
D4355	Full mouth debridement to enable comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis



CDT Code	Service Description
D4381	Localized delivery of antimicrobial agent via a controlled release vehicle into diseased crevicular tissue, per tooth, by report
D4910	Periodontal maintenance
D4920	Unscheduled dressing change (by someone other than treating dentist)
D4999	Unspecified periodontal procedure, by report
D5110	Complete denture - maxillary (upper)
D5120	Complete denture - mandibular (lower)
D5130	Immediate denture - maxillary
D5140	Immediate denture - mandibular
D5211	Maxillary partial denture - resin base (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)
D5212	Mandibular partial denture - resin base (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)
D5213	Maxillary partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)
D5214	Mandibular partial denture - cast metal framework with resin denture bases (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)
D5281	Removable unilateral partial denture - one piece cast metal (including clasps and teeth)
D5410	Adjust complete denture - maxillary
D5411	Adjust complete denture - mandibular
D5421	Adjust partial denture - maxillary
D5422	Adjust partial denture - mandibular
D5510	Repair broken complete denture base
D5520	Replace missing or broken teeth - complete denture (each tooth)
D5610	Repair resin denture base
D5620	Repair cast framework
D5630	Repair or replace broken clasp
D5640	Replace broken teeth - per tooth
D5650	Add tooth to existing partial denture
D5660	Add clasp to existing partial denture
D5670	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast meta framework (maxillary)
D5671	Replace all teeth and acrylic on cast metal framework (mandibular)
D5710	Rebase complete maxillary denture
D5711	Rebase complete mandibular denture
D5720	Rebase maxillary partial denture
D5721	Rebase mandibular partial denture
D5730	Reline complete maxillary denture (chairside)
D5731	Reline complete mandibular denture (chairside)



CDT Code	Service Description
D5740	Reline maxillary partial denture (chairside)
D5741	Reline mandibular partial denture (chairside)
D5750	Reline complete maxillary denture (laboratory)
D5751	Reline complete mandibular denture (laboratory)
D5760	Reline maxillary partial denture (laboratory)
D5761	Reline mandibular partial denture (laboratory)
D5810	Interim complete denture - maxillary
D5811	Interim complete denture - mandibular
D5820	Interim partial denture - maxillary
D5821	Interim partial denture - mandibular
D5850	Tissue conditioning - maxillary
D5851	Tissue conditioning - mandibular
D5860	Overdenture - complete, by report
D5861	Overdenture - partial, by report
D5862	Precision attachment, by report
D5899	Unspecified removable prosthodontic procedure, by report
D5911	Facial moulage (sectional)
D5912	Facial moulage (complete)
D5913	Nasal prosthesis
D5914	Auricular prosthesis
D5915	Orbital prosthesis
D5916	Ocular prosthesis
D5919	Facial prosthesis
D5922	Nasal septal prosthesis
D5923	Ocular prosthesis, interim
D5924	Cranial prosthesis
D5925	Facial augmentation implant prosthesis
D5926	Nasal prosthesis, replacement
D5927	Auricular prosthesis, replacement
D5928	Orbital prosthesis, replacement
D5929	Facial prosthesis, replacement
D5931	Obturator prosthesis, surgical
D5932	Obturator prosthesis, definitive
D5933	Obturator prosthesis, modification
D5934	Mandibular resection prosthesis with guide flange
D5935	Mandibular resection prosthesis without guide flange
D5936	Obturator prosthesis, interim
D5937	Trismus appliance (not for TMD treatment)



CDT Code	Service Description
D5951	Feeding aid
D5952	Speech aid prosthesis, pediatric
D5953	Speech aid prosthesis, adult
D5954	Palatal augmentation prosthesis
D5955	Palatal lift prosthesis, definitive
D5958	Palatal lift prosthesis, interim
D5959	Palatal lift prosthesis, modification
D5960	Speech aid prosthesis, modification
D5982	Surgical stent
D5983	Radiation carrier
D5984	Radiation shield
D5985	Radiation cone locator
D5986	Fluoride gel carrier
D5987	Commissure splint
D5988	Surgical splint
D5999	Unspecified maxillofacial prosthesis, by report
D6010	Surgical placement of implant body - endosteal implant
D6040	Surgical placement - eposteal implant
D6050	Surgical placement - transosteal implant
D6055	Connecting bar - dental implant supported or abutment supported
D6056	Prefabricated abutment - includes placement
D6057	Custom abutment - includes placement
D6080	Implant maintenance procedures including removal of prosthesis, cleansing of prosthesis and abutment and reinsertion of prosthesis
D6090	Repair implant supported prosthesis, by report
D6092	Recement implant/abutment supported crown
D6093	Recement implant/abutment supported fixed partial denture
D6095	Repair implant abutment, by report
D6100	Implant removal, by report
D6199	Unspecified implant procedure, by report
D6210	Pontic - cast high noble metal
D6211	Pontic - cast predominantly base metal
D6212	Pontic - cast noble metal
D6240	Pontic - procelain fused to high noble metal
D6241	Pontic - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D6242	Pontic - porcelain/fused to noble metal
D6245	Pontic - porcelain/ceramic
D6250	Pontic - resin with high noble metal



CDT Code	Service Description
D6251	Pontic - resin with predominantly base metal
D6252	Pontic - resin with noble metal
D6545	Retainer - cast metal for resin bonded fixed prosthesis
D6548	Retainer - porcelain/ceramic for resin bonded fixed prosthesis
D6720	Crown - resin with high noble metal
D6721	Crown - resin with predominantly base metal
D6722	Crown - resin with noble metal
D6740	Crown - porcelain/ceramic
D6750	Crown - porcelain fused to high noble metal
D6751	Crown - porcelain fused to predominantly base metal
D6752	Crown - porcelain fused to noble metal
D6780	Crown - 3/4 cast high noble metal
D6781	Crown - 3/4 cast predominantly base metal
D6782	Crown - 3/4 cast noble metal
D6783	Crown - 3/4 porcelain/ceramic
D6790	Crown - full cast high noble metal
D6791	Crown - full cast predominantly base metal
D6792	Crown - full cast noble metal
D6920	Connector bar
D6930	Recement fixed partial denture
D6940	Stress breaker
D6950	Precision attachment
D6970	Cast post and core in addition to fixed partial denture retainer
D6972	Prefabricated post and core in addition to fixed partial denture retainer
D6973	Core build up for retainer, including any pins
D6975	Coping - metal
D6976	Each additional indirectly fabricated post - same tooth
D6977	Each additional fabricated post - same tooth
D6980	Fixed partial denture repair, by report
D6999	Unspecified fixed prosthodontic procedure, by report
D7111	Extraction, coronal remnants - deciduous tooth
D7140	Extraction - erupted tooth or exposed root (elevation and/or forceps removal)
D7210	Surgical removal of erupted tooth requiring removal of bone and/or sectioning of tooth, and including elevation of mucoperiosteal flap if indicated
D7220	Removal of impacted tooth - soft tissue
D7230	Removal of impacted tooth - partially bony
D7240	Removal of impacted tooth - completely bony
D7241	Removal of impacted tooth - completely bony with unusual surgical complications



CDT Code	Service Description
D7250	Surgical removal of residual tooth roots (cutting procedure)
D7260	Oroantral fistula closure
D7261	Primary closure sinus perforation
D7270	Tooth reimplantation and/or stabilization of accidentally evulsed or displaced tooth
D7272	Tooth transplantation (includes reimplantation from one site to another and splinting and/or stabilization)
D7280	Surgical access of an unerupted tooth
D7282	Mobilization of erupted or malpositioned tooth to aid eruption
D7283	Placement of device to facilitate eruption of impacted tooth
D7285	Biopsy of oral tissue - hard (bone, tooth)
D7286	Biopsy of oral tissue - soft
D7290	Surgical repositioning of teeth
D7291	Transseptal fiberotomy/supra crestal fiberotomy, by report
D7310	Alveoplasty in conjunction with extractions - four or more teeth or tooth spaces per quadrant
D7320	Alveoplasty not in conjunction with extractions - four or more teeth or tooth spaces per quadrant
D7340	Vestibuloplasty - ridge extension (secondary epithelialization)
D7350	Vestibuloplasty - ridge extension (including soft tissue grafts, muscle reattachment, revision of soft tissue attachment and management of hypertrophied and hyperplastic tissue)
D7410	Excision of benign lesion - up to 1.25 cm
D7411	Excision of benign lesion - greater than 1.25 cm
D7413	Excision of malignant lesion - up to 1.25 cm
D7414	Excision of malignant lesion - greater than 1.25 cm
D7440	Excision of malignant tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7441	Excision of malignant tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7450	Removal of benign odontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7451	Removal of benign odontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7460	Removal of benign nonodontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter up to 1.25 cm
D7461	Removal of benign nonodontogenic cyst or tumor - lesion diameter greater than 1.25 cm
D7465	Destruction of lesion(s) by physical or chemical method, by report
D7472	Removal of torus palatinus
D7510	Incision and drainage of abscess - intraoral soft tissue
D7520	Incision and drainage of abscess - extraoral soft tissue
D7530	Removal of foreign body from mucosa, skin, or subcutaneous alveolar tissue
D7540	Removal of reaction producing foreign bodies, musculoskeletal system



CDT Code	Service Description
D7550	Partial ostectomy/sequestrectomy for removal of non-vital bone
D7560	Maxillary sinusotomy for removal of tooth fragment or foreign body
D7670	Alveolus closed reduction may include stabilization of teeth
D7820	Closed reduction of dislocation (TMP manipulation)
D7880	Occlusal orthodontic appliance
D7899	Unspecified TMJ therapy
D7910	Suture of recent small wounds - up to 5 cm
D7911	Complicated suture - up to 5 cm
D7912	Complicated suture - greater than 5 cm
D7955	Repair maxillofacial defects
D7960	Frenulectomy (frenectomy or frenotomy) - separate procedure
D7970	Excision of hyperplastic tissue - per arch
D7971	Excision of pericoronary gingiva
D7972	Surgical reduction of fibrous tuberosity
D7980	Sialolithotomy
D7983	Closure of salivary fistula
D7997	Appliance removal (not by dentist who placed appliance) includes removal of archbar
D7999	Unspecified oral surgery procedure, by report
D8050	Interceptive orthodontic treatment primary dentition
D8060	Interceptive orthodontic treatment transition dentition
D8080	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the adolescent dentition (1 of D8070, D8080, D8090 per lifetime)
D8210	Orthodontic REM appliance treatment
D8220	Fixed appliance therapy habit
D8670	Periodic orthodontic treatment visit -the number of monthly adjustments will vary based on which level was approved
D8680	Orthodontic retention (removal of appliances, construction and placement of retainers)
D8693	Rebonding or re cementing; and/or repair, as required, of fixed retainers - Documentation of medical necessity needed.
D9110	Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain - minor procedure
D9120	Fixed partial denture sectioning
D9210	Local anesthesia not in conjunction with operative or surgical procedures
D9211	Regional block anesthesia
D9212	Trigeminal division block anesthesia
D9215	Local anesthesia
D9220	Deep sedation/general anesthesia - first 30 minutes
D9221	Deep sedation/general anesthesia - each additional 15 minutes
D9230	Analgesia, anxiolysis, inhalation of nitrous oxide



CDT Code	Service Description
D9241	Intravenous conscious sedation/analgesia - first 30 minutes
D9242	Intravenous conscious sedation/analgesia - each addition 30 minutes
D9248	Non-intravenous conscious sedation
D9310	Consultation (diagnostic service provided by dentist or physician other than requesting dentist or physician)
D9410	Dental house/extended care facility call
D9420	Hospital call
D9430	Office visit for observation (during regularly scheduled hours) - no other services performed
D9440	Office visit - after regularly scheduled hours
D9610	Dental therapeutic drug injection
D9612	Therapeutic PAR drugs 2 or more admin
D9630	Other drug/medicaments
D9910	Dental app desensitizing medicament
D9920	Behavior management
D9940	Occlusal guard, by report
D9950	Occlusion analysis - mounted case
D9951	Occlusal adjustment - limited
D9952	Occlusal adjustment - complete
D9970	Enamel microabrasion
D9974	Internal bleaching - per tooth
D9999	Unspecified adjunctive procedure, by report



I. Dental Procedure Codes Payable by Fee-for-Service Only

Table V-23 is a list of the unique dental procedure codes (CDT codes) that were only payable by Fee-for-Service:

Table V-23: Dental Procedure Codes Payable by Fee-for-Service Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D1352	Preventive resin restoration
D3354	Pulpal regeneration
D5992	Adjust maxillofacial prosthetic appliance
D5993	Maintenance and cleaning of maxillofacial prosthesis
D8660	Reorthodontic TX visit
D8999	Orthodontic procedure



J. Dental Procedure Codes Payable by the DMOs Only

Table V-24 is a list of the unique dental procedure codes (CDT codes) that are only payable by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest:

Table V-24: Dental Procedure Codes Payable by Delta Dental, MCNA, and DentaQuest Only

CDT Code	Service Description
D8070	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the transitional dentition (1 of D8070, D8080, D8090 per lifetime)
D8090	Comprehensive orthodontic treatment of the adult dentition (1 of D8070, D8080 or D8090 per lifetime)
D8691	Repair of orthodontic appliance - 1 per arch per lifetime
D8692	Replacement of lost or broken retainer - 1 per arch per lifetime

